

Utilities for Windows NVIDIA nTune Generation 5.0 User's Guide

Version 1.1

NVIDIA Corporation May 2, 2006 Published by NVIDIA Corporation 2701 San Tomas Expressway Santa Clara, CA 95050

Notice

ALL NVIDIA DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, REFERENCE BOARDS, FILES, DRAWINGS, DIAGNOSTICS, LISTS, AND OTHER DOCUMENTS (TOGETHER AND SEPARATELY, "MATERIALS") ARE BEING PROVIDED "AS IS." NVIDIA MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED, IMPLIED, STATUTORY, OR OTHERWISE WITH RESPECT TO THE MATERIALS, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NONINFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NVIDIA Corporation assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information or for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of NVIDIA Corporation. Specifications mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. NVIDIA Corporation products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without express written approval of NVIDIA Corporation.

Trademarks

NVIDIA, the NVIDIA logo, NVIDIA nForce, NVIDIA nTune, GeForce, NVIDIA Quadro, NVDVD, NVIDIA Personal Cinema, NVIDIA Soundstorm, Vanta, TNT2, TNT, RIVA, RIVA TNT, VOODOO, VOODOO GRAPHICS, WAVEBAY, Accuview Antialiasing, the Audio & Nth Superscript Design Logo, CineFX, the Communications & Nth Superscript Design Logo, Detonator, Digital Vibrance Control, DualNet, FlowFX, ForceWare, GIGADUDE, Gide, GOFORCE, the Graphics & Nth Superscript Design Logo, Intellisample, M-BUFFER, nfiniteFX, NV, NVChess, NView, NVKeystone, NVOptimizer, NVPinball, NVRotate, NVSensor, NVSync, the Platform & Nth Superscript Design Logo, PowerMizer, Quincunx Antialiasing, Sceneshare, See What You've Been Missing, StreamThru, SuperStability, T-BUFFER, The Way It's Meant to be Played Logo, TwinBank, TwinView and the Video & Nth Superscript Design Logo are registered trademarks or trademarks of NVIDIA Corporation in the United States and/or other countries. Other company and product names may be trademarks or registered trademarks of the respective owners with which they are associated.

Intel, Indeo, and Pentium are registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, Direct3D, DirectDraw, and DirectX are trademarks or registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. OpenGL is a registered trademark of Silicon Graphics Inc.

Other company and product names may be trademarks or registered trademarks of the respective owners with which they are associated.

Copyright

© 2006 by NVIDIA Corporation. All rights reserved.





Table of Contents

1.About NVIDIA nTune Generation System Requirements	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · ·	 	· · · · · ·	2 3 3
2.Using NVIDIA nTune Generation Starting NVIDIA nTune	ont		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6 7 8 9 9 10 12
3.Automatically Tune Performanc Tuning Your System Automatically Automatic Tuning Understanding the Tuning Options Adjusting and Creating Custom Rules Custom Rules	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	16 16 17 20 20
4.Monitoring and Logging System About NVIDIA Monitor. Adjusting NVIDIA Monitor Settings NVIDIA Monitor Appearance. Logging Events Adjusting Event Logging Settings Launching the Event Logger.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24 26 27 28 28
5.Supplemental Information for the System Clocks Group	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · ·	 	· · · · · ·	31 31 31

CHAPTER

ABOUT NVIDIA NTUNE GENERATION 5.0

NVIDIA nTuneTM Generation 5.0 is a full-featured application that lets you easily modify system settings and test them without having to reboot your system.

With NVIDIA nTune, you can

- Modify system performance settings, such as bus speeds, CPU voltages, fan speed, and other system performance options that are supported by the BIOS
- Save the modifications to a profile so that you can quickly apply settings to suit specific application environments
- Monitor hardware temperature, voltage, timing, and fan speed
- View other information about your system, such as hardware and software revisions and other capabilities

The following sections in this chapter introduce NVIDIA nTune Generation 5.0:

- "System Requirements" on page 2
- "Installing NVIDIA nTune" on page 3

System Requirements

- Supported operating systems:
 - Microsoft Windows[®] XP (32-bit and 64-bit)
 - Microsoft Windows[®] VistaTM
- Supported NVIDIA processors: All versions of the nForce products except:
 - nForce1
 - nForce mobile edition processors
 - nForce server class processors
- Supported Processors
 - All AMD K7 (except Duron) processors
 - AMD Athlon 64 FX processors
 - AMD Opteron processors
 - AMD Sempron processors
 - Intel[®] Pentium[®] 4 processor with Hyperthreading support

Note: nTune does not support overclocking, underclocking, or performance autotuning on multi-processor systems.

Installing NVIDIA nTune

Before You Begin

- Make sure your hardware meets the "System Requirements" on page 2. The installer will not install NVIDIA nTune on non-supported systems, including non-supported nForce systems.
- Uninstall any previous versions of NVIDIA nTune or NVIDIA System Utility before installing the latest version.

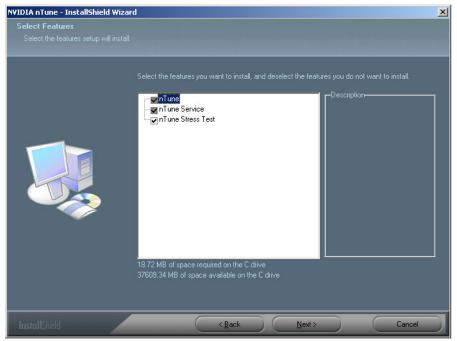
Installation Instructions

- **1** Download the zip file, then unzip to a temporary folder.
- **2** Double-click **Setup** from your temporary folder. The InstallShield Wizard starts, and directs you through the rest of the installation process as described below.



- 3 At the Welcome window, click Next.
- 4 Read the license agreement, then click Yes if you agree to the terms.

5 At the Select Features screen, select all the nTune features and then click **Next**.



6 At the Choose Destination Location window, browse to locate the folder where you want the NVIDIA nTune files installed, or just use the default location and click **Next**.

Setup proceeds to install the files.

7 At the InstallShield Wizard Complete window, click Finish.

CHAPTER

USING NVIDIA NTUNE GENERATION 5.0

This chapter provides basic instructions for starting and using nTune 5.0. It contains the following sections:

- "Starting NVIDIA nTune" on page 6
- "Quick Start/Reference Guide to Using nTune" on page 9
- "Overview of Other Menu Options" on page 13

Starting NVIDIA nTune

You can start NVIDIA nTune in several ways:

- From the Windows desktop, click **Start**, then click **All Programs->NVIDIA Corporation->NVIDIA Control Panel-> Performance**, or
- Right-click the Windows desktop, click NVIDIA Control Panel from the pop-up menu, then from the **Select a Category** page, click **Performance**, or
- From the Windows Control Panel, double-click the NVIDIA Control Panel icon, then from the **Select a Category** page, click **Performance**.

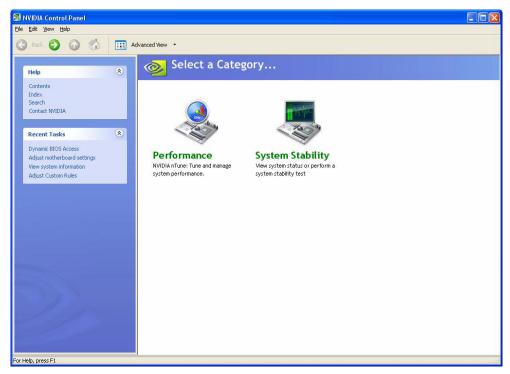


Figure 2.1 nTune Performance Icon in the NVIDIA Control Panel

IMPORTANT!

Depending on your motherboard settings, the following warning message may appear when nTune starts:

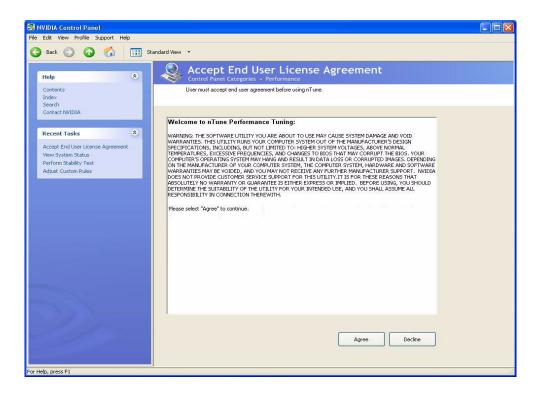
Warning: Your PCI clock is currently set to track the HT bus. If you adjust the clock for the HT bus, the PCI bus clock will change as well. Please consult your motherboard manual to determine how to disable this behavior before proceeding.

If this warning appears, follow the directions from the motherboard manufacturer to enter the BIOS Setup and disable the Spread Spectrum features.

NVIDIA is not responsible for data loss or hardware damage resulting from ignoring this warning message.

Accepting the End User License Agreement

After selecting the Performance icon, the user must select "Accept End User License Agreement" link and agree to the EULA to begin using nTune.



About the nTune Performance Page

nTune Generation 5.0 is incorporated into the new intuitive NVIDIA Control Panel design. Explanations of the various pages are provided within the page, so this manual focuses on providing an overview of the functions available with nTune 5.0.

Figure 2.2 shows the nTune Advanced View.

🕄 NVIDIA Control Panel				
<u>Eile E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Profile Support <u>H</u> elp				
🚱 Back 💿 🕢 🚮 🎹 Sta	andard View 👻			
Help 🛞	Control Panel Categories			
Contents Index Search Contact NVIDIA	Manual Tuning			۲
CONTACT INVIDIA	Adjust Motherboard Settings	Adjust GPU Settings	Dynamic BIOS Access	
Recent Tasks 🔹	Automatic Tuning			8
Dynamic BIOS Access Adjust Motherboard Settings View System Information View System Status	Tune System			
	Wanagement			۲
	View System Information	Adjust Custom Rules		
For Help, press F1				

Figure 2.2 nTune Advanced View

Quick Start/Reference Guide to Using nTune

This section provides a quick reference for accomplishing the following nTune tasks:

- Tuning Your System for Optimum Performance
- Monitoring Your System Performance
- Overclocking Your System and Adjusting Voltage and Fan Speed
- Dynamic BIOS Access

Tuning Your System for Optimum Performance

You can use the NVIDIA developed tuning engine to automatically overclock and increase the performance level of the system.

1. Automatic Tuning

The nTune tuning engine runs internal benchmark tests on your system and creates performance profiles. Use the profiles to actually adjust your system performance.

• From the Automatic Tuning section of the Control Panel Performance page, click **Tune System.**

See "Tuning Your System Automatically" on page 16 for detailed information about automatically tuning the system.

2. Specify how to use the profiles

Create Rules for how the profiles are used-

• From the System Performance section of the Control Panel Performance page, click Adjust Custom Rules.

Monitoring Your System Performance

NVIDIA Monitor is an application that displays dynamic graphs that track the CPU and system temperatures, and the voltages and speeds for various hardware components.

• To start NVIDIA Monitor and manage various NVIDIA Monitor settings, from the Windows desktop, click **Start**, then click **All Programs->NVIDIA Corporation**-and then click **NVIDIA Monitor**.

See Chapter 4, "Monitoring and Logging System Events" on page 23 for more information about NVIDIA Monitor.

Overclocking Your System and Adjusting Voltage and Fan Speed

Overclocking Your System

To overclock you system, click **Adjust Motherboard Settings** from the Manual Tuning section of the Control Panel Performance page.

See Chapter 5, "Supplemental Information for the Adjust Motherboard Settings Page" on page 29 for more information.

Changing System Component Voltages

To change the voltages of specific system components, click **Adjust Motherboard settings** from the Manual Tuning section of the Control Panel Performance page.

Access to these adjustments requires BIOS support from the motherboard manufacturer.

Note: For nTune Generation 2.0 and higher, the maximum CPU voltage level is limited to 2.0 volts.

• Hints:

When overclocking the system, it may be desirable to increase the voltage level of the components to provide more operating margin.

• Cautions:

Increasing the voltage or the clock speed of a component may void its warranty due to exceeding recommended specifications. NVIDIA and the board manufacturer are **not** responsible for damage that may occur when component tolerances are exceeded.

All changes made to the **Adjust Motherboard Settings** page take effect immediately after selecting **Apply** or **OK**; however, these setting will only remain active for the current Windows session. This will allow a user to safely return to Windows in the event of a crash, without any possibility of boot issues since the changes are not made directly to the BIOS settings.

Changing Fan Speeds

To control the CPU fan speed as well as the speed of auxiliary fans, click **Adjust Motherboard Settings** from the Manual Tuning section of the Control Panel Performance page.

Access to these adjustments requires BIOS support from the motherboard manufacturer.

- Range: "Off" to "Max", with incremental steps defined by the specific fan.
- Caution:

It is not recommended that these fans be disabled or slowed down, unless adequate cooling measures are in place. NVIDIA and the board manufacturer are **not** responsible for thermal overload damage resulting from manipulation of the fan speed.

All changes made on the **Adjust Motherboard Settings** page take effect immediately after selecting **Apply** or **OK**; however, these setting will only remain active for the current Windows session. This will allow a user to safely return to Windows in the event of a crash, without any possibility of boot issues since the changes are not made directly to the BIOS settings.

Dynamic BIOS Access

This feature is available only with BIOS support from the motherboard manufacturer. To manage system BIOS settings,

- **1** Click **Dynamic BIOS Access** from the Manual Tuning section of the Control Panel Performance page.
- **2** In the **Dynamic BIOS Access** page, click the **Available BIOS Pages** list arrow and click the BIOS page that you want to edit.

The BIOS page chosen determines which items on the page are available for changing.

- **3** To edit an item, click the corresponding list arrow and then click one of the values from the list.
- **4** When finished making your changes, click the **OK** or **Apply**.

The changes do not go into effect until after you reboot your system.

Since these changes are made to actual BIOS settings in the CMOS, the settings remain active until you change them again or restore the CMOS to the default settings.

Overview of Other Menu Options

Save Profiles

From the NVIDIA Control Panel main menu, click **Profile** -> **Save** to save the current changes to a new profile.

Choose or name the .nsu file from the Save As dialog box, then click Save.

Load Profiles

From the NVIDIA Control Panel main menu, click **Profile** -> **Load** to load nTune settings from a profile (.nsu file) directly.

Get Technical Support

From the NVIDIA Control Panel main menu, click **Support** -> **Support** website to open the NVIDIA technical support web site in your browser.

CHAPTER 2 Using NVIDIA nTune Generation 5.0

CHAPTER

3

AUTOMATICALLY TUNE PERFORMANCE AND ADJUST CUSTOM RULES

This chapter describes the various options available when performing the following tasks:

- "Tuning Your System Automatically" on page 16
- "Adjusting and Creating Custom Rules" on page 20

Tuning Your System Automatically

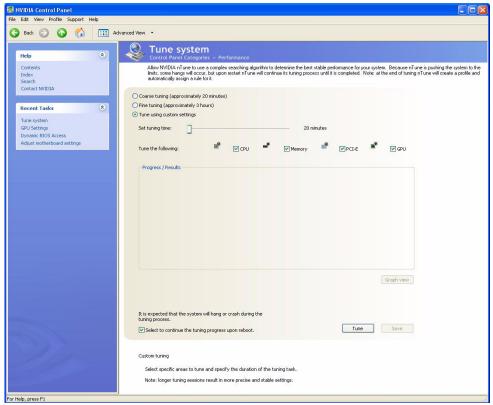
The NVIDIA tuning engine lets you tune the system using NVIDIA developed benchmarks to determine the current performance level of the system. You can also tune the system to various performance criteria. The tuning takes effect during the current Windows session only. To use the tuned settings in future Windows sessions, you can create a profile.

Close all applications and save all work before performing any benchmarking tests or tuning processes.

Automatic Tuning

1 From the nTune Performance page, click **Tune System**.

The Tune System page appears.



2 Select a tuning type.

3 Select Tune.

During the course of tuning, the system may stop responding or reboot. NVIDIA recommends checking **Automatically continue at reboot** ... to disable prompts on reboot during the tuning process.

- A progress bar shows the tuning progress.
- You can cancel at any time by clicking Stop.
- The tuning results appear in the Results box as a text description of the number of passes and adjustments made. To view a graph of the results, click **Graph View**.

The effects of the tuning apply to the current Windows session only.

- 4 To use the tuned settings in another Windows session,
 - **a** Click **Save** to save the tuned settings in a profile (.npe)
 - **b** When needed, click **Load** to load the tuned settings.

Understanding the Tuning Options

This section explains the tuning process for each of the tuning options.

Quick

The Quick tuning option tunes your system automatically and takes approximately 20 minutes.

The process involves adjusting (where applicable) the FSB, Memory bus, AGP bus, PCI-E bus, GPU Core clock, and GPU Memory bus.

Two profiles are generated as follows:

- Default.npe The current bus speeds are saved in this profile.
- Bestsystem.npe nTune increases the bus speeds and runs the micro-benchmark until the highest passing settings are reached. The resulting settings are saved in this profile.

Complete

The Complete tuning option tunes your system automatically and takes approximately 3 hours.

The process involves adjusting (where applicable) the FSB, Memory bus, AGP bus, PCI-E bus, GPU Core clock, GPU Memory bus, memory timing registers, and hardware-specific performance tuning registers.

The Complete process creates the same default and best system files as does the Quick process, but the process is more complex so it may require additional cycles.

Custom

The Custom option lets you control the tuning process.

Running the Tune Process

Important: All dynamic overclocking features in the BIOS must be disabled before tuning.

- **1** Select the method you want to run.
 - CPU Only

This method uses the CPU benchmark to perform an iterative process to determine which settings provide the best CPU performance. This is done without consideration of the other performance areas.

Memory Only

This method uses the memory benchmark to perform an iterative process to determine which settings provide the best memory performance. This is done without consideration of the other performance areas.

• PCI-E Only

This method uses the graphics benchmark to perform an iterative process to determine which settings provide the best PCI-E performance. This is done without consideration of the other performance areas.

Graphics Only

This method uses the graphics benchmark to perform an iterative process to determine which settings provide the best graphics performance. This is done without consideration of the other performance areas.

Graphics tuning requires NVIDIA GeForce FX or better to execute.

- **2** During the course of tuning, the system may stop responding or reboot. If you want the tuning process to restart when the system is restarted and continue from the last good test, then check **Automatically continue at reboot**.
- **3** Select a **Tuning time**.

Adjusting and Creating Custom Rules

NVIDIA nTune allows you to create rules for how the system uses nTune profiles (.nsu files or .npe files). After you create the rule, the system will select an enabled profile automatically according to the criteria set up within the rule(s).

1 To create rules from the nTune Performance page, click **Adjust Custom Rules**.

🕄 NVIDIA Control Panel
File Edit View Profile Support Help
S Back S Advanced View +
Help Adjust Custom Rules Contents Control Panel Categories - Performance After creating a profile from a manual or automatic tuning session, you may create a rule to define when the system should use that profile. After creating a profile from a manual or automatic tuning session, you may create a rule to define when the system should use that profile. Make the system faster when playing games, or save horsepower when reading e-mail.
Contact NVIDIA Take this action:
Recent Tasks Image: Control of the second secon
When the following condition(s) is/are met: The system first starts Windows Game is stopped Which Temperature is lower than xx degrees Cet Which Temperature is higher than xx degrees Cet Which Temperature is higher than xx degrees Cet Rules
Description:
For Help, press F1

2 From the **Take this action** section, select an action from the list provided.

Note: Blue underlined text may be selected to set parameters.

- Load this <u>Profile</u>: Select to load a specific profile. When the "Profile" link is selected, an Explorer window will be opened to allow for the search of nTune profiles that have been created previously.
- **Pop-up a warning message**: Select to display a default NVIDIA warning message.
- **Signal a warning** <u>tone</u>: Select to play a specific .WAV file as a warning. When the "tone" link is selected, an Explorer window will be opened to allow for the search of .WAV files.
- **Launch an** <u>Application</u>: Select to launch a specific application. When the "Application" link is selected, an Explorer window will be opened to allow for the search of application files.
- **3** From the **When the following condition(s) is/are met** section, select a condition from the list provided.

When this condition or conditions are met, the action selected will take effect.

Note: Blue underlined text may be selected to set parameters.

- <u>Game</u> is loaded / stopped: When the specified game is loaded or stopped, the previously defined action will occur. The "Game" selection will open a game list and allow the searching for new games not listed.
- <u>Which</u> **temperature is lower/higher than** <u>xx</u> **degrees Celsius**: When the specific temperature is reached, the previously defined action will occur. The "Which" selection allows the source or the temperature to be defined as CPU, system, or GPU. The "xx" selection allows the input of the actual trigger temperature.
- **Any Direct 3D application loads**: When any 3D application loads, the previously defined action will occur.
- **Any OpenGL application loads**: When any OpenGL application loads, the previously defined action will occur.
- **Any DVD is playing**: When any DVD is playing, the previously defined action will occur.
- **CPU is idle (power savings)**: When the CPU is idle for more than 30 seconds, the previously defined action will occur.
- **CPU is active (performance)**: When the CPU is active for more than 30 seconds, the previously defined action will occur.
- **4** Use the following buttons and controls as needed:
 - Click "->" to add conditions to the rule.

- Use the "**AND**" and "**OR**" buttons to make more complex rules by logically grouping conditions together.
- Use **Clear** to remove a rule in process of being created.
- Use **Accept** to accept a newly created rule and begin using it. The newly accepted rule will appear in the "Rules" list.
- The **Rules** box shows a list of rules defined. If selected, a rule is being used for system operation. To disable, uncheck the rule. The rules may be deleted using the **<Delete>** key.

CHAPTER

MONITORING AND LOGGING SYSTEM EVENTS

This chapter describes how to set up and use the NVIDIA Monitor application for monitoring and logging system events.

It contains the following sections:

- "About NVIDIA Monitor" on page 24 describes the NVIDIA Monitor application features.
- "Adjusting NVIDIA Monitor Settings" on page 26 explains how to specify various NVIDIA Monitor options.
- "Logging Events" on page 28 explains how to use NVIDIA Monitor to log events to a log file.

About NVIDIA Monitor

NVIDIA Monitor can display dynamic graphs that track various performance usage and temperatures, and the voltages, fan speeds, and bus speeds for various hardware components.

To open NVIDIA Monitor,

• From the Windows desktop, click **Start**, then click **All Programs->NVIDIA Corporation**-then select **NVIDIA Monitor**



Expand/Collapse the NVIDIA Monitor



Temperatures

The temperature graphs reflect the temperature level reported by the BIOS. Right click to select settings to make adjustments to

- Specify the temperature units-either degrees Celsius or Fahrenheit.
- Pick a method for alerting when the temperature reaches the overtemp limit—either using flashing text or by outputting an audible warning tone.
- Specify which component temperatures to track and display.

See "Adjusting NVIDIA Monitor Settings" on page 26.

Voltages

The voltages are displayed as set or measured voltage levels depending on the BIOS implementation. If the BIOS does not support reporting the voltages, "Not reported" appears to the right of the "**Voltages (in volts):**" text.

The colored boxes indicate the level of safety at which each component is operating, and are defined as follows:

- Green: Safe operating level
- Yellow: Warning May result in system instability
- Red: Danger Will likely result in system instability or component damage.

Speeds

The operating speed for various components is indicated by bar graph.

The colored boxes indicate the level of safety at which each component is operating, and are defined as follows:

- Green: Safe operating level
- Yellow: Warning May result in system instability
- Red: Danger Will likely result in system instability.

Current Profile

Displays the name of the nTune or Performance Examiner profile currently in use by the system.

Adjusting NVIDIA Monitor Settings

To customize various NVIDIA Monitor settings, right-click the NVIDIA Monitor and select **Settings**.

Monitor Settings Appearance	Update monitor display every:	4 💉 second(s)	Always show on top
 Temperature System Event Log 	Transparency level: 0%	° –]–	14 %
	Display temperatures using:	 Celsius 	O Fahrenheit
	Select messages to report:	S.M.A.R.T. status	Profiles loaded
ОК]		
Monitor Settings	Track:	Set alert type:	Set alert threshold (° C):
← Appearance	CPU	Visual	40
	System	None	55
Litere Log		None	59
			59
OK			59
OK Monitor Settings Appearance			59 Do not prompt to start next log file
OK Monitor Settings Appearance Temperature System	Chipset	None	Do not prompt to
OK Monitor Settings Appearance Temperature	Chipset	None Second(s)	Do not prompt to
OK Monitor Settings Appearance Temperature System	Update log file every: 3 Set maximum file size to: 3	None Second(s)	Do not prompt to

Figure 4.2 Adjust NVIDIA Monitor Settings Page

NVIDIA Monitor Appearance

Specifying the Temperature Reading Interval

To specify how often to update the temperature values, click the **Update** list arrow and then click one of the polling intervals from the list.

Note: Because of SMI traffic and CPU utilization, faster polling times may impact performance. This may be particularly noticeable when playing WAV files.

Specifying a Viewing Option

To always display the NVIDIA Monitor application in the foreground while running other tasks, select the **Always on top** check box.

Because this can hide items in the background, you can adjust the transparency of NVIDIA Monitor up to 80% by moving the **Transparency Level** slider.

The greater the percentage, the more transparent the NVIDIA Monitor appearance

Tracking Temperatures

• Specifying the temperatures to track

Select the check boxes of the components that you want to track – CPU, System, GPU, GPU2, and CPU2 temperatures. If unavailable, the check box is grayed-out.

Note: GPU temperature tracking requires ForceWare Release 55 or later graphics drivers and GeForce FX or greater graphics cards.

• Specifying the Temperature Scale to Use

Choose which temperature scale to use-Celsius or Fahrenheit.

• Specifying the Overtemp Alert Method

You can specify how the system alerts you when a measured temperature exceeds the limit specified in the BIOS–either with a visual or audio alert.

Logging Events

Adjusting Event Logging Settings

1 Specify how often to track the selections.

Under **Log file settings**, either leave the default setting or click the **Update timer** list arrow and click the time interval—in seconds—that you want.

2 Specify the maximum file length.

Under **Log file settings**, either leave the default setting or click the **Max length** list arrow and click from the file lengths—in kilobytes—that you want.

NVMonitor starts a new log file when the maximum file length of the current log file is reached.

3 Under **Log these events**, check one or more of the items that you want to track — profile changes, bus speeds, and temperature.

Launching the Event Logger

- To start logging, click Launch NVIDIA Monitor and then right click and select Start event logging.
- To view a log file, right click and select **View event log** to open Windows Explorer where you can locate the log file that you want to view.



SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR THE ADJUST MOTHERBOARD SETTINGS PAGE

This chapter provides supplemental information to keep in mind when adjusting system timings using the **Adjust Motherboard Settings** page.

All changes made on this page take effect immediately after selecting **Apply** or **OK**; however, these setting will remain active only for the current Windows session. Because the changes are not made directly to the BIOS, you can safely return to Windows in the event of a crash, without any possibility of boot issues.

🕮 NVIDIA Control Panel				
Eile Edit Yiew Profile Su	upport Help			- Second de la companya de
G Back 🕤 🕢	🚮 🔝 Standard View 🔹			
Help 🛞	Control Panel Categories	A REPORTED AND A REPORT OF A		
Contents Index Search Contact NVI	Note: all the changes on this p	age will be dynamic when applied, and you may save the	memory controller timings, and system fars (not all selections may be as ese settings as a profile for use later by using the Profile menu item. In the BIOS or from the Dynamic BIOS Access page (if available).	aliable).
	System Clocks		System Voltages	System Fans
Recent T 📚 Adjust Moth Dynamic BIO	Reference 100 - clock (HTT): MHz	500 201 MHz MHz	Caution: Overvolkaging components may result in damage.	Control temperature Direct fan control
View System View System	CPU multiplier: 12.0x	CPU core frequency: 2,412 MHz	Memory 1.900v	NA NA NA NA NA NA
Related 📚	HT multiplier: 5x 💌	HT bus frequency: 1,005 MHz	HT CPU <-> nForce SPP Image: Image	
	Memory clock: 800 (DDR) MHz	Memory bus frequency: 804 (DDR) MHz	HT nForce SPP <-> MCP N/A	
	Reference 100 clock (PCI-E): MHz	200 3,000 MHz	1.500v 1.200v 1.200v	CPU System nForce Aux 1 Aux 2
	Reference 100	200 2,750 MHz	Auxiliary 1.600v	Show in degrees Celsius
	Memory Timings			
	Row Address Strobe	RAS to CAS access Memory	y bank switch Row Cycle Time	CAS Latency Command Per Clock
	tRAS: 18 💌	tRCD: 5 v tRP:	5 🗸 tRC: 23 🗸	tCL: 5 💌 tCPC: 2 💌
	Write Recovery Time	RAS to RAS Delay R to W	Turnaround W to R Command Delay	Clock Drive Strength: Async Latency:
	tWR: 6	tRRD: 3 V tRWT:	4 VWTR: 3 V	0.75x ¥ 5 ¥
	W to R Termination Turnaround tWRRD: 0	Refresh Rate R tr tREF: 3.9 us V tRDRD:	c R Timing W to W Timing 2 V tWRWR: 1 V	View SPD
	RAS to RAS Delay The amount of cycles that it tak	es to activate the next bank of memory. It is the oppos	ite of IRAS. The lower the timing, the better the performance, but it c	an cause instability.
	<			>
For Help, press F1				

Figure 5.1 nTune Adjust Motherboard Settings Page

System Clocks Group

The System Clocks section provides clocking control of the reference clock for the Hypertransport Technology bus (HTT) or the front side bus (FSB), HT multiplier, memory bus, and the reference clock for the AGP or PCI-Express bus.

Hints and Cautions

- Hints:
 - When overclocking the system, it may be advantageous to increase the voltage level of the components to provide more operating margin.
 - For higher front side bus and memory bus adjustments, NVIDIA recommends increasing (relaxing) the memory timings to improve stability.
 - For higher front side bus and memory bus adjustments, NVIDIA recommends decreasing the CPU multiplier to improve stability.
- Caution:

Increasing the voltage or the clock speed of a component may void its warranty due to exceeding recommended specifications. NVIDIA and the board manufacturer are **not** responsible for damage that may occur when component tolerances are exceeded.

System Clock Settings

Reference Clock (HTT) or (FSB)

Use this slider to control the reference clock rate of the HTT bus or FSB, which will also change the CPU core and memory bus frequencies. The "actual frequency" (shown at the right of the slider) will change as the slider is moved.

CPU Multiplier

The two values that determine the speed of the processor are the HTT bus (or FSB in some cases) frequency and CPU multiplier. The CPU multiplier is not a dynamic setting. The current multiplier setting is shown and may be changed in the BIOS setup or from the Dynamic BIOS Access page (if available).

HT Multiplier

Use in combination with the reference clock (HTT) to define the FSB speed, in most cases.

Reference Clock (AGP or PCI-Express)

• Reference clock (AGP)

Use this slider to control the AGP bus speed. Higher frequencies create higher performance, but may not be as stable. This selection is not available on PCI-E configurations.

• SPP Reference clock (PCI-E)

Use this slider to control the SPP PCI-Express bus speed for the x16 slot. Higher frequencies create higher performance, but may not be as stable. This option may not be available on all configurations.

• MCP Reference clock (PCI-E)

Use this slider to control the SPP PCI-Express bus speed for the x16 slot. Higher frequencies create higher performance, but may not be as stable.

Memory Controller Timing Group

The memory controller timing section lets you control essential timings in order to maintain stability when overclocking the front side bus and memory bus. Increasing (relaxing) these parameters should allow for increased margins when performing overclocking functions.

• Row Address Strobe (tRAS)

This is the amount of time between a row being activated by precharge and then deactivated. The shorter the time, the faster the performance, but if it is set too low, it can cause data corruption.

• RAS to CAS Access (tRCD)

This is the amount of time, in cycles, between issuing an active command and then issuing the read/write commands.

• Memory Bank Switch (tRP)

This is the minimum time between active commands and the read/writes of the next bank on the memory module.

• Row Cycle Time (tRC)

This is the minimum time, in cycles, that it takes a row to complete a full cycle. This can be determined by tRC = tRAS + tRP. If this is set too low it can cause corruption of data. If it is too high, it will increase stability but cause a loss in performance.

• Write Recovery Time (tWR)

This is the memory timing that determines the delay between a write command and a precharge command sent to the same bank of memory.

• RAS to RAS Delay (tRRD)

This is the amount of cycles that it takes to activate the next bank of memory. It is the opposite of tRAS. The lower the timing, the better the performance, but it can cause instability.

• Read to Write Delay (tRWT)

When a write command is received, this is the amount of cycles for the command to be executed.

• Write to Read Delay (tWTR)

This is the amount of cycles required between a valid write command and the next read command. Lower values result in better performance, but can cause instability.

• Write to Read Time (tWRRD)

This is the number of clock cycles between the last write data pair and the subsequent READ command to the same physical bank.

• Write to Write Time (tWRWR)

This is the number of clock cycles between the last write and the subsequent WRITE command to the same physical bank.

• Read to Read Time (tRDRD)

This is the number of clock cycles between the last read and the subsequent READ command to the same physical bank.

• Refresh Timing (tREF)

This is the amount of time, in microseconds(μ s), it takes before a charge is refreshed so it does not lose its charge and become corrupted.

The following settings require a reboot and must be set in the BIOS Setup or using the Dynamic BIOS Access page if available.

• Command Per Clock (tCPC)

This is the amount of time in cycles between when the chip select is executed and when the commands can be issued. A lower value (1T) results in faster performance, but 2T is used to maintain system stability.

• Column Address Strobe (tCAS)

This controls the amount of time in cycles between sending a reading command and acting on it. From the beginning of the CAS to the end of the CAS is the latency. The lower the time, in cycles, the higher the memory performance.