

**NAME**

**Cg** – An multi-platform, multi-API C-based programming language for GPUs

**DESCRIPTION**

Cg is a high-level programming language designed to compile to the instruction sets of the programmable portions of GPUs. While Cg programs have great flexibility in the way that they express the computations they perform, the inputs, outputs, and basic resources available to those programs are dictated by where they execute in the graphics pipeline. Other documents describe how to write Cg programs. This document describes the library that application programs use to interact with Cg programs. This library and its associated API is referred to as the Cg runtime.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgCreateContext` manpage, the `cgDestroyContext` manpage

## Cg 1.2 RUNTIME API ADDITIONS

Version 1.2 of the Cg runtime adds a number of new capabilities to the existing set of functionality from previous releases. These new features include functionality that make it possible to write programs that can run more efficiently on the GPU, techniques that help hide some of the inherent limitations of some Cg profiles on the GPU, and entrypoints that support new language functionality in the Cg 1.2 release.

### Parameter Literalization

The 1.2 Cg runtime makes it possible to denote some of the parameters to a program as having a fixed constant value. This feature can lead to substantially more efficient programs in a number of cases. For example, a program might have a block of code that implements functionality that is only used some of the time:

```
float4 main(uniform float enableDazzle, ...) : COLOR {
    if (enableDazzle) {
        // do lengthy computation
    }
    else {
        // do basic computation
    }
}
```

Some hardware profiles don't directly support branching (this includes all of the fragment program profiles supported in this release), and have to handle code like the program by effectively following both sides of the *if()* test. (They still compute the correct result in the end, just not very efficiently.)

However, if the "enableDazzle" parameter is marked as a literal parameter and a value is provided for it, the compiler can generate an optimized version of the program with the knowledge of "enableDazzle"'s value, just generating GPU code for one of the two cases. This can lead to substantial performance improvements. This feature also makes it easier to write general purpose shaders with a wide variety of supported functionality, while only paying the runtime cost for the functionality provided.

This feature is also useful for parameters with numeric values. For example, consider a shader that implements a diffuse reflection model:

```
float4 main(uniform float3 lightPos, uniform float3 lightColor, uniform float3 Kd, float3 pos :
TEXCOORD0, float3 normal : TEXCOORD1) : COLOR { return Kd * lightColor * max(0.,
dot(normalize(lightPos - pos), normal)); }
```

If the "lightColor" and "Kd" parameters are set to literals, it is possible for the compiler to compute the product "Kd \* lightColor" once, rather than once each time the program executes.

Given a parameter handle, the *cgSetParameterVariability()* entrypoint sets the variability of a parameter:

```
void cgSetParameterVariability(CGparameter param, CGenum vary);
```

To set it to a literal parameter, the *CG\_LITERAL* enumerant should be passed as the second parameter.

After a parameter has set to be a literal, the following routines should be used to set the parameter's value.

```
void cgSetParameter1f(CGparameter param, float x); void cgSetParameter2f(CGparameter param, float x,
float y); void cgSetParameter3f(CGparameter param, float x, float y, float z); void
cgSetParameter4f(CGparameter param, float x, float y, float z, float w); void
cgSetParameter1d(CGparameter param, double x); void cgSetParameter2d(CGparameter param, double x,
double y); void cgSetParameter3d(CGparameter param, double x, double y, double z); void
cgSetParameter4d(CGparameter param, double x, double y, double z, double w);
```

```
void cgSetParameter1fv(CGparameter param, const float *v); void cgSetParameter2fv(CGparameter param,
const float *v); void cgSetParameter3fv(CGparameter param, const float *v); void
cgSetParameter4fv(CGparameter param, const float *v); void cgSetParameter1dv(CGparameter param,
const double *v); void cgSetParameter2dv(CGparameter param, const double *v); void
cgSetParameter3dv(CGparameter param, const double *v); void cgSetParameter4dv(CGparameter param,
const double *v);
```

```

void    cgSetMatrixParameterdr(CGparameter param, const double *matrix); void
cgSetMatrixParameterfr(CGparameter param, const float *matrix); void
cgSetMatrixParameterdc(CGparameter param, const double *matrix); void
cgSetMatrixParameterfc(CGparameter param, const float *matrix);

```

After a parameter has been set to be a literal, or after the value of a literal parameter has been changed, the program must be compiled and loaded into the GPU, regardless of whether it had already been compiled. This issue is discussed further in the section on program recompilation below.

### Array Size Specification

The Cg 1.2 language also adds support for “unsized array” variables; programs can be written to take parameters that are arrays with an indeterminate size. The actual size of these arrays is then set via the Cg runtime. This feature is useful for writing general-purpose shaders with a minimal performance penalty.

For example, consider a shader that computes shading given some number of light sources. If the information about each light source is stored in a struct `LightInfo`, the shader might be written as:

```

float4 main(LightInfo lights[], ...) : COLOR {
    float4 color = float4(0,0,0,1);
    for (i = 0; i < lights.length; ++i) {
        // add lights[i]'s contribution to color
    }
    return color; }

```

The runtime can then be used to set the length of the `lights[]` array (and then to initialize the values of the `LightInfo` structures.) As with literal parameters, the program must be recompiled and reloaded after a parameter’s array size is set or changes.

These two entrypoints set the size of an unsized array parameter referenced by the given parameter handle. To set the size of a multidimensional unsized array, all of the dimensions’ sizes must be set simultaneously, by providing them all via the pointer to an array of integer values.

```

void cgSetArraySize(CGparameter param, int size); void cgSetMultiDimArraySize(CGparameter param,
const int *sizes);

```

XXX what happens if these are called with an already-sized array?? XXX

To get the size of an array parameter, the `cgGetArraySize()` entrypoint can be used.

```

int cgGetArraySize(CGparameter param, int dimension);

```

### Program Recompilation at Runtime

The Cg 1.2 runtime environment will allow automatic and manual recompilation of programs. This functionality is useful for multiple reasons :

- **Changing variability of parameters**

Parameters may be changed from uniform variability to literal variability as described above.

- **Changing value of literal parameters**

Changing the value of a literal parameter will require recompilation since the value is used at compile time.

- **Resizing parameter arrays**

Changing the length of a parameter array may require recompilation depending on the capabilities of the profile of the program.

- **Binding sub-shader parameters**

Sub-shader parameters are structures that overload methods that need to be provided at compile time; they are described below. Binding such parameters to program parameters will require recompilation. See the Sub-Shaders entry elsewhere in this document for more information.

Recompilation can be executed manually by the application using the runtime or automatically by the

runtime.

The entry point:

```
void cgCompileProgram(CGprogram program);
```

causes the given program to be recompiled, and the function:

```
CGbool cgIsProgramCompiled(CGprogram program);
```

returns a boolean value indicating whether the current program needs recompilation.

By default, programs are automatically compiled when *cgCreateProgram()* or *cgCreateProgramFromFile()* is called. This behavior can be controlled with the entry point :

```
void cgSetAutoCompile(CGcontext ctx, CGenum flag);
```

Where flag is one of the following three enumerants :

- **CG\_COMPILE\_MANUAL**

With this method the application is responsible for manually recompiling a program. It may check to see if a program requires recompilation with the entry point *cgIsProgramCompiled()*. *cgCompileProgram()* can then be used to force compilation.

- **CG\_COMPILE\_IMMEDIATE**

**CG\_COMPILE\_IMMEDIATE** will force recompilation automatically and immediately when a program enters an uncompiled state.

- **CG\_COMPILE\_LAZY**

This method is similar to **CG\_COMPILE\_IMMEDIATE** but will delay program recompilation until the program object code is needed. The advantage of this method is the reduction of extraneous recompilations. The disadvantage is that compile time errors will not be encountered when the program enters the uncompiled state but will instead be encountered at some later time.

For programs that use features like unsized arrays that can not be compiled until their array sizes are set, it is good practice to change the default behavior of compilation to **CG\_COMPILE\_MANUAL** so that *cgCreateProgram()* or *cgCreateProgramFromFile()* do not unnecessarily encounter and report compilation errors.

### Shared Parameters (context global parameters)

Version 1.2 of the runtime introduces parameters that may be shared across programs in the same context via a new binding mechanism. Once shared parameters are constructed and bound to program parameters, setting the value of the shared parameter will automatically set the value of all of the program parameters they are bound to.

Shared parameters belong to a **CGcontext** instead of a **CGprogram**. They may be created with the following new entry points :

```
CGparameter    cgCreateParameter(CGcontext  ctx,    CGtype    type);    CGparameter
cgCreateParameterArray(CGcontext  ctx,    CGtype    type,    int    length);    CGparameter
cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray(CGcontext ctx, CGtype type, int dim, const int *lengths);
```

They may be deleted with :

```
void cgDestroyParameter(CGparameter param);
```

After a parameter has been created, its value should be set with the *cgSetParameter\*()* routines described in the literalization section above.

Once a shared parameter is created it may be associated with any number of program parameters with the call:

```
void cgConnectParameter(CGparameter from, CGparameter to);
```

where “from” is a parameter created with one of the *cgCreateParameter()* calls, and “to” is a program parameter.

Given a program parameter, the handle to the shared parameter that is bound to it (if any) can be found with the call:

```
CGparameter cgGetConnectedParameter(CGparameter param);
```

It returns NULL if no shared parameter has been connected to “param”.

There are also calls that make it possible to find the set of program parameters to which a given shared parameter has been connected to. The entry point:

```
int cgGetNumConnectedToParameters(CGparameter param);
```

returns the total number of program parameters that “param” has been connected to, and the entry point:

```
CGparameter cgGetConnectedToParameter(CGparameter param, int index);
```

can be used to get CGparameter handles for each of the program parameters to which a shared parameter is connected.

A shared parameter can be unbound from a program parameter with :

```
void cgDisconnectParameter(CGparameter param);
```

The context in which a shared parameter was created can be returned with:

```
CGcontext cgGetParameterContext(CGparameter param);
```

And the entrypoint:

```
CGbool cgIsParameterGlobal(CGparameter param);
```

can be used to determine if a parameter is a shared (global) parameter.

### Shader Interface Support

From the runtime’s perspective, shader interfaces are simply struct parameters that have a **CGtype** associated with them. For example, if the following Cg code is included in some program source compiled in the runtime :

```
interface FooInterface
{
    float SomeMethod(float x);
}

struct FooStruct : FooInterface
{
    float SomeMethod(float x);
    {
        return(Scale * x);
    }

    float Scale;
};
```

The named types **FooInterface** and **FooStruct** will be added to the context. Each one will have a unique **CGtype** associated with it. The **CGtype** can be retrieved with :

```
CGtype cgGetNamedUserType(CGprogram program, const char *name); int
cgGetNumUserTypes(CGprogram program); CGtype cgGetUserType(CGprogram program, int index);
```

```
CGbool cgIsParentType(CGtype parent, CGtype child); CGbool cgIsInterfaceType(CGtype type);
```

Once the **CGtype** has been retrieved, it may be used to construct an instance of the struct using *cgCreateParameter()*. It may then be bound to a program parameter of the parent type (in the above

example this would be FooInterface) using cgBindParameter().

Calling cgGetParameterType() on such a parameter will return the **CG\_STRUCT** to keep backwards compatibility with code that recurses parameter trees. In order to obtain the enumerant of the named type the following entry point should be used :

```
CGtype cgGetParameterNamedType(CGparameter param);
```

The parent types of a given named type may be obtained with the following entry points :

```
int cgGetNumParentTypes(CGtype type); CGtype cgGetParentType(CGtype type, int index);
```

If Cg source modules with differing definitions of named types are added to the same context, an error will be thrown. XXX update for new scoping/context/program local definitions stuff XXX

### Updated Parameter Management Routines

XXX wheer should these go?

Some entrypoints from before have been updated in backwards compatible ways

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstParameter(CGprogram prog, CGenum name_space); CGparameter  
cgGetFirstLeafParameter(CGprogram prog, CGenum name_space);
```

like cgGetNamedParameter, but limits search to the given name\_space (CG\_PROGRAM or CG\_GLOBAL)...

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedProgramParameter(CGprogram prog, CGenum name_space, const char *name);
```

**NAME**

**cgAddStateEnumerant** – associates an integer enumerant value as a possible value for a state

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgAddStateEnumerant(CGstate state, const char *name, int value);
```

**PARAMETERS**

state      Specifies the state to associate the name and value with.  
name      Specifies the name of the enumerant.  
value      Specifies the value of the enumerant.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgAddStateEnumerant** associates a given named integer enumerant value with a state definition. When that state is later used in a pass in an effect file, the value of the state assignment can optionally be given by providing the name of a named enumerant defined with **cgAddStateEnumerant**. The state assignment will then take on the value provided when the enumerant was defined.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **state** does not refer to a valid state.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateState manpage, the cgCreateArrayState manpage, the cgCreateSamplerState manpage, the cgCreateSamplerArrayState manpage, and the cgGetStateName manpage.

**NAME**

**cgCallStateResetCallback** – calls the state resetting callback function for a state assignment.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgCallStateResetCallback(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

sa            Specifies the state assignment handle.

**RETURN VALUES**

The boolean value returned by the callback function is returned. It should be **CG\_TRUE** upon success. If no callback function was defined, **CG\_TRUE** is returned.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCallStateResetCallback** calls the graphics state resetting callback function for the given state assignment.

The semantics of “resetting state” will depend on the particular graphics state manager that defined the valid state assignments; it will generally either mean that graphics state is reset to what it was before the pass, or that it is reset to the default value. The OpenGL state manager in the OpenGL Cg runtime implements the latter approach.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_ERROR** is generated if **sa** does not refer to a valid state assignment.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgResetPassState manpage, the cgSetStateCallbacks manpage



**NAME**

**cgCallStateSetCallback** – calls the state setting callback function for a state assignment.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgCallStateSetCallback(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**sa** Specifies the state assignment handle.

**RETURN VALUES**

The boolean value returned by the callback function is returned. It should be **CG\_TRUE** upon success. If no callback function was defined, **CG\_TRUE** is returned.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCallStateSetCallback** calls the graphics state setting callback function for the given state assignment.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_ERROR** is generated if **sa** does not refer to a valid state assignment.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgSetPassState manpage, the cgSetStateCallbacks manpage

**NAME**

**cgCallStateValidateCallback** – calls the state validation callback function for a state assignment.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgCallStateValidateCallback(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**sa** Specifies the state assignment handle.

**RETURN VALUES**

The boolean value returned by the validation function is returned. It should be **CG\_TRUE** upon success. If no callback function was defined, **CG\_TRUE** is returned.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCallStateValidateCallback** calls the state validation callback function for the given state assignment. The validation callback will return **CG\_TRUE** or **CG\_FALSE** depending on whether the current hardware and driver support the graphics state set by the state assignment.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_ERROR** is generated if **sa** does not refer to a valid state assignment.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgValidatePassState` manpage, the `cgSetStateCallbacks` manpage

**NAME**

**cgCompileProgram** – compile a program object

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgCompileProgram( CGprogram prog );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**prog** Specifies the program object to compile or inspect.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCompileProgram** compiles the specified Cg program for its target profile. A program must be compiled before it can be loaded (by the API-specific part of the runtime). It must also be compiled before its parameters can be inspected.

Certain actions invalidate a compiled program and the current value of all of its parameters. If one of these actions is performed, the program must be recompiled before it can be used. A program is invalidated if the program source is modified, if the compile arguments are modified, or if the entry point is changed.

If one of the parameter bindings for a program is changed, that action invalidates the compiled program, but does not invalidate the current value of the program's parameters.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgCompileProgram does not return any values.

**EXAMPLES**

```
if(!cgIsProgramCompiled(prog))
    cgCompileProgram(prog);
```

**ASSOCIATED GETS**

**cgGetProgramString** with **pname CG\_COMPILED\_PROGRAM**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** is an invalid program handle.

**CG\_COMPILE\_ERROR** is generated if the compile fails.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgIsProgramCompiled manpage, the cgCreateProgram manpage, the cgGetNextParameter manpage, the cgIsParameter manpage, and the cgGetProgramString manpage

**NAME****cgConnectParameter** – connect two parameters**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgConnectParameter(CGparameter from, CGparameter to);
```

**PARAMETERS**

from     The source parameter.

to       The destination parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgConnectParameter** connects a source (from) parameter to a destination (to) parameter. The resulting connection forces the value and variability of the destination parameter to be identical to the source parameter. A source parameter may be connected to multiple destination parameters but there may only be one source parameter per destination parameter.

**cgConnectParameter** may be used to create an arbitrarily deep tree. A runtime error will be thrown if a cycle is inadvertently created. For example, the following code snippet would generate a **CG\_BIND\_CREATES\_CYCLE\_ERROR**:

```
CGcontext Context = cgCreateContext();
CGparameter Param1 = cgCreateParameter(Context, CG_FLOAT);
CGparameter Param2 = cgCreateParameter(Context, CG_FLOAT);
CGparameter Param3 = cgCreateParameter(Context, CG_FLOAT);

cgConnectParameter(Param1, Param2);
cgConnectParameter(Param2, Param3);
cgConnectParameter(Param3, Param1); // This will throw the error
```

If the source type is a complex type (e.g., struct, or array) the topology and member types of both parameters must be identical. Each correlating member parameter will be connected.

Both parameters must be of the same type unless the source parameter is a struct type, the destination parameter is an interface type, and the struct type implements the interface type. In such a case, a copy of the parameter tree under the source parameter will be duplicated, linked to the original tree, and placed under the destination parameter.

If an array parameter is connected to a resizable array parameter the destination parameter array will automatically be resized to match the source array.

The source parameter may not be a program parameter. Also the variability of the parameters may not be **CG\_VARYING**.

**RETURN VALUES**

This function does not return a value.

**EXAMPLES**

```
CGparameter TimeParam1 = cgGetNamedParameter(program1, "time");
CGparameter TimeParam2 = cgGetNamedParameter(program2, "time");
CGparameter SharedTime = cgCreateParameter(Context,
                                           cgGetParameterType(TimeParam1));

cgConnectParameter(SharedTime, TimeParam1);
cgConnectParameter(SharedTime, TimeParam2);
```

```
cgSetParameter1f(SharedTime, 2.0);
```

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if either of the **from** or **to** parameters are invalid handles.

**CG\_PARAMETER\_IS\_NOT\_SHARED** is generated if the source parameter is a program parameter.

**CG\_BIND\_CREATES\_CYCLE\_ERROR** is generated if the connection will result in a cycle.

**CG\_PARAMETERS\_DO\_NOT\_MATCH\_ERROR** is generated if the parameters do not have the same type or the topologies do not match.

**CG\_ARRAY\_TYPES\_DO\_NOT\_MATCH\_ERROR** is generated if the type of two arrays being connected do not match.

**CG\_ARRAY\_DIMENSIONS\_DO\_NOT\_MATCH\_ERROR** is generated if the dimensions of two arrays being connected do not match.

## SEE ALSO

the `cgGetConnectedParameter` manpage, the `cgGetConnectedToParameter` manpage, and the `cgDisconnectParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgCopyProgram** – make a copy of a program object

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgCopyProgram( CGprogram prog );
```

**PARAMETERS**

prog      Specifies the program to copy.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCopyProgram** creates a new program object that is a copy of **prog** and adds it to the same context as **prog**. This function is useful for creating a new instance of a program whose parameter properties have been modified by the run-time API.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a copy of **prog** on success.

Returns **NULL** if **prog** is invalid or allocation fails.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** is an invalid program handle.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateProgram manpage, the cgDestroyProgram manpage

**NAME**

**cgCreateArraySamplerState** – create a new array-typed sampler state definition

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgCreateArraySamplerState(CGcontext cgfx, const char *name, CGtype type, i
```

**PARAMETERS**

**ctx** Specifies the context to define the sampler state in.

**name** Specifies the name of the new sampler state.

**type** Specifies the type of the new sampler state.

**nelems** Specifies the number of elements in the array.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCreateArraySamplerState** adds a new array-typed sampler state definition to the context. When an effect file is added to the context, all state in **sampler\_state** blocks in must have been defined ahead of time via a call to **cgCreateSamplerState** or the **cgCreateArraySamplerState** manpage.

Applications will typically call the **cgSetStateCallbacks** manpage shortly after creating a new state with **cgCreateArraySamplerState**.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgCreateArraySamplerState** returns a handle to the newly created **CGstate**. If there is an error, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ctx** does not refer to a valid context.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **name** is **NULL** or not a valid identifier, as well as if **type** is not a simple scalar, vector, or matrix-type, or if **nelems** is not a positive number.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgCreateSamplerState** manpage, the **cgGetStateName** manpage, the **cgGetStateType** manpage, the **cgIsState** manpage, the **cgSetStateCallbacks** manpage, and the **cgGLRegisterStates** manpage.

**NAME**

**cgCreateArrayState** – create a new array-typed state definition

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgCreateArrayState(CGcontext cgfx, const char *name, CGtype type, int nele
```

**PARAMETERS**

**ctx** Specifies the context to define the state in.  
**name** Specifies the name of the new state.  
**type** Specifies the type of the new state.  
**nelems** Specifies the number of elements in the array.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCreateArrayState** adds a new array-typed state definition to the context. When a CgFX file is later added to the context, all state assignments in passes in the file must have been defined ahead of time via a call to the `cgCreateState` manpage or **cgCreateArrayState**.

Applications will typically call the `cgSetStateCallbacks` manpage shortly after creating a new state with **cgCreateState**.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgCreateArrayState** returns a handle to the newly created **CGstate**. If there is an error, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ctx** does not refer to a valid context.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **name** is **NULL** or not a valid identifier, as well as if **type** is not a simple scalar, vector, or matrix-type, or if **nelems** is not a positive number.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgCreateArrayState` manpage, the `cgGetStateName` manpage, the `cgGetStateType` manpage, the `cgIsState` manpage, the `cgSetStateCallbacks` manpage, and the `cgGLRegisterStates` manpage.



**NAME**

**cgCreateContext** – create a Cg context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGcontext cgCreateContext();
```

**DESCRIPTION**

cgCreateContext creates a Cg context object and returns its handle. A Cg context is a container for Cg programs. All Cg programs must be added as part of a context.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a valid CGcontext on success. **NULL** is returned if context creation fails.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_MEMORY\_ALLOC\_ERROR** is generated if a context couldn't be created.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgDestroyContext manpage

**NAME**

**cgCreateEffect** – generate a new effect object from a string

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGeffect cgCreateEffect(CGcontext ctx,
                        const char *effect,
                        const char **args)
```

**PARAMETERS**

**ctx** Specifies the context that the new effect will be added to.

**effect** A string containing the effect's source code.

**args** If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed as directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCreateEffect** generates a new **CGeffect** object and adds it to the specified Cg context.

The following is a typical sequence of commands for initializing a new effect:

```
char *effectSource = ...;
CGcontext ctx = cgCreateContext();
CGeffect eff = cgCreateEffect(ctx,
                             effectSource,
                             NULL);
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGeffect** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs. the `cgGetLastListing` manpage can be called to retrieve any warning or error messages from the compilation process.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the **ctx** is not a valid context.

**CG\_COMPILER\_ERROR** is generated if the compile failed.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgCreateContext` manpage, the `cgCreateEffectFromFile` manpage, and the `cgGetLastListing` manpage

**NAME**

**cgCreateEffect** – generate a new effect object from a file

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGeffect cgCreateEffect(CGcontext ctx,
                        const char *filename,
                        const char **args)
```

**PARAMETERS**

**ctx** Specifies the context that the new effect will be added to.

**filename** A file name containing the effect's source code.

**args** If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed as directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCreateEffectFromFile** generates a new **CGeffect** object and adds it to the specified Cg context.

The following is a typical sequence of commands for initializing a new effect:

```
CGcontext ctx = cgCreateContext();
CGeffect eff = cgCreateEffectFromFile(ctx, "filename.cgfx", NULL);
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGeffect** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs. the **cgGetLastListing** manpage can be called to retrieve any warning or error messages from the compilation process.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the **ctx** is not a valid context.

**CG\_FILE\_READ\_ERROR** is generated if the given filename cannot be read.

**CG\_COMPILER\_ERROR** is generated if the compile failed.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgCreateContext** manpage, the **cgCreateEffect** manpage, and the **cgGetLastListing** manpage

**NAME**

**cgCreateEffectParameter** – whatever

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgCreateEffectParameter(CGeffect effect, const char *name, CGtype type)
```

**PARAMETERS**

effect     Specifies something.

name      Specifies something.

type      Specifies something.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgCreateEffectParameter does something.

**EXAMPLE**

```
write_me
```

**RETURN VALUES**

cgCreateEffectParameter returns the handle to the created parameter.

**ERRORS****HISTORY**

This function was introduced with Cg 1.5.

**SEE ALSO**

**NAME**

**cgCreateParameter** – creates a parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgCreateParameter(CGcontext ctx, CGtype type);
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        Specifies the context that the new parameter will be added to.

type      The type of the new parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCreateParameter** creates context level shared parameters. These parameters are primarily used by connecting them to one or more program parameters with **cgConnectParameter**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the handle to the new parameter.

**EXAMPLES**

```
CGcontext Context = cgCreateContext();  
CGparameter MySharedFloatParam = cgCreateParameter(Context, CG_FLOAT);
```

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_VALUE\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if **type** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** if **ctx** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgCreateParameterArray** manpage, the **cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray** manpage, and the **cgDestroyParameter** manpage

**NAME**

**cgCreateParameterArray** – creates a parameter array

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgCreateParameter(CGcontext ctx, CGtype type, int length);
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        Specifies the context that the new parameter will be added to.

type      The type of the new parameter.

length    The length of the array being created.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCreateParameterArray** creates context level shared parameter arrays. These parameters are primarily used by connecting them to one or more program parameter arrays with **cgConnectParameter**.

**cgCreateParameterArray** works similarly to **cgCreateParameter**. Instead of creating a single parameter, it creates an array of them.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the handle to the new parameter array.

**EXAMPLES**

```
CGcontext Context = cgCreateContext();
CGparameter MyFloatArray = cgCreateParameterArray(Context, CG_FLOAT, 5);
```

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_VALUE\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if **type** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** if **ctx** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgCreateParameter** manpage, the **cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray** manpage, and the **cgDestroyParameter** manpage

## NAME

**cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray** – creates a multi-dimensional parameter array

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray(CGcontext ctx,  
                                           CGtype type,  
                                           int dim,  
                                           const int *lengths);
```

## PARAMETERS

**ctx** Specifies the context that the new parameter will be added to.

**type** The type of the new parameter.

**dim** The dimension of the multi-dimensional array.

**lengths** An array of length values, one length per dimension.

## DESCRIPTION

**cgCreateParameterMultiArray** creates context level shared multi-dimensional parameter arrays. These parameters are primarily used by connecting them to one or more program parameter arrays with **cgConnectParameter**.

**cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray** works similarly to **cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray**. Instead of taking a single length parameter it takes an array of lengths, one per dimension. The dimension of the array is defined by the **dim** parameter.

## RETURN VALUES

Returns the handle to the new parameter array.

## EXAMPLES

```
// Creates a three dimensional float array similar to the C declaration :  
// float MyFloatArray[5][3][4];  
int Lengths[] = { 5, 3, 4 };  
CGcontext Context = cgCreateContext();  
CGparameter MyFloatArray =  
    cgCreateParameterArray(Context, CG_FLOAT, 3, Lengths);
```

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_VALUE\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if **type** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** if **ctx** is invalid.

## SEE ALSO

the **cgCreateParameter** manpage, the **cgCreateParameterArray** manpage, and the **cgDestroyParameter** manpage

**NAME**

**cgCreateProgram** – generate a new program object from a string

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgCreateProgram(CGcontext ctx,
                          CGenum program_type,
                          const char *program,
                          CGprofile profile,
                          const char *entry,
                          const char **args)
```

**PARAMETERS**

**ctx** Specifies the context that the new program will be added to.

**program\_type**

The **program\_type** parameter is an enumerator that describes what the **program** parameter string contains. The following is a list of valid enumerants that may be passed in :

**CG\_SOURCE**

If **program\_type** is **CG\_SOURCE**, **program** is assumed to be a string that contains Cg source code.

**CG\_OBJECT**

If **program\_type** is **CG\_OBJECT**, **program** is assumed to be a string that contains object code that resulted from the precompilation of some Cg source code.

**program** A string containing either the programs source or object code. See the program parameter above for more information.

**profile** The enumerator for the profile the program.

**entry** The entry point to the program in the Cg source. If set to **NULL** this will default to “**main**”.

**args** If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed as directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgCreateProgram generates a new CGprogram object and adds it to the specified CG context.

The following is a typical sequence of commands for initializing a new program:

```
CGcontext ctx = cgCreateContext();
CGprogram prog = cgCreateProgram(ctx,
                                CG_SOURCE,
                                mysourcepointer,
                                CG_PROFILE_ARBVP1,
                                "myshader",
                                NULL);
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a CGprogram handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the **ctx** is not a valid context.

**CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** is generated if **program\_type** is an invalid enumerator.



**CG\_UNKNOWN\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **profile** is not a supported profile.

**CG\_COMPILE\_ERROR** is generated if the compile failed.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateContext manpage, and the cgGetProgramString manpage

**NAME**

**cgCreateProgramFromEffect** – generate a new program object from an effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgCreateProgramFromEffect(CGeffect effect,  
                                   CGprofile profile,  
                                   const char *entry,  
                                   const char **args)
```

**PARAMETERS**

**effect** Specifies the effect with the program source code from which to create the program.

**profile** The enumerant for the profile for the program.

**entry** The entry point to the program in the Cg source. If set to **NULL** this will default to “**main**”.

**args** If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed as directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCreateProgramFromEffect** generates a new **CGprogram** object and adds it to the effect’s Cg context.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGprogram** handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_EFFECT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the **effect** is not a valid effect.

**CG\_UNKNOWN\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **profile** is not a supported profile.

**CG\_COMPILER\_ERROR** is generated if compilation failed.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgCreateProgram** manpage, and the **cgCreateProgramFromFile** manpage

**NAME**

**cgCreateProgramFromFile** – generate a new program object from a file

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgCreateProgramFromFile(CGcontext ctx,
                                CGenum program_type,
                                const char *program_file,
                                CGprofile profile,
                                const char *entry,
                                const char **args)
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx Specifies the context that the new program will be added to.

program\_type

The **program\_type** parameter is an enumerant that describes what the file indicated by the **program\_file** parameter contains. The following is a list of valid enumerants that may be passed in :

**CG\_SOURCE**

If **program\_type** is **CG\_SOURCE**, **program\_file** is assumed to be a file that contains Cg source code.

**CG\_OBJECT**

If **program\_type** is **CG\_OBJECT**, **program\_file** is assumed to be a file that contains object code that resulted from the precompilation of some Cg source code.

program\_file

A filename of a file that source or object code. See the program parameter above for more information.

profile The enumerant for the profile the program.

entry The entry point to the program in the Cg source. If set to **NULL** this will default to “**main**”.

args If **args** is not **NULL** it is assumed to be an array of null-terminated strings that will be passed as directly to the compiler as arguments. The last value of the array must be a **NULL**.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgCreateProgramFromFile generates a new CGprogram object and adds it to the specified Cg context.

The following is a typical sequence of commands for initializing a new program:

```
CGcontext ctx = cgCreateContext();
CGprogram prog = cgCreateProgramFromFile(ctx,
                                        CG_SOURCE,
                                        mysourcefilename,
                                        CG_PROFILE_ARBVP1,
                                        "myshader",
                                        NULL);
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a CGprogram handle on success.

Returns **NULL** if any error occurs.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the **ctx** is not a valid context.

**CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** is generated if **program\_type** is an invalid enumerant.

**CG\_UNKNOWN\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **profile** is not a supported profile.

**CG\_COMPILE\_ERROR** is generated if the compile failed.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateContext manpage, and the cgGetProgramString manpage

**NAME**

**cgCreateSamplerState** – create a new sampler state definition

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgCreateSamplerState(CGcontext cgfx, const char *name, CGtype type);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**ctx** Specifies the context to define the sampler state in.  
**name** Specifies the name of the new sampler state.  
**type** Specifies the type of the new sampler state.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCreateSamplerState** adds a new sampler state definition to the context. When an effect file is added to the context, all state in **sampler\_state** blocks in must have been defined ahead of time via a call to **cgCreateSamplerState** or the **cgCreateArraySamplerState** manpage.

Applications will typically call the **cgSetStateCallbacks** manpage shortly after creating a new state with **cgCreateSamplerState**.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgCreateSamplerState** returns a handle to the newly created **CGstate**. If there is an error, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ctx** does not refer to a valid context.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **name** is **NULL** or not a valid identifier, as well as if **type** is not a simple scalar, vector, or matrix-type. (Array-typed state should be created with the **cgCreateArrayState** manpage.)

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgCreateArraySamplerState** manpage, the **cgGetStateName** manpage, the **cgGetStateType** manpage, the **cgIsState** manpage, the **cgCreateSamplerStateAssignment** manpage, and the **cgGLRegisterStates** manpage.

**NAME**

**cgCreateState** – create a new state definition

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgCreateState(CGcontext cgfx, const char *name, CGtype type);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**ctx** Specifies the context to define the state in.  
**name** Specifies the name of the new state.  
**type** Specifies the type of the new state.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgCreateState** adds a new state definition to the context. When a CgFX file is later added to the context, all state assignments in passes in the file must have been defined ahead of time via a call to **cgCreateState** or the **cgCreateArrayState** manpage.

Applications will typically call the **cgSetStateCallbacks** manpage shortly after creating a new state with **cgCreateState**.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgCreateState** returns a handle to the newly created **CGstate**. If there is an error, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ctx** does not refer to a valid context.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **name** is **NULL** or not a valid identifier, as well as if **type** is not a simple scalar, vector, or matrix-type. (Array-typed state should be created with the **cgCreateArrayState** manpage.)

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgCreateArrayState** manpage, the **cgGetStateName** manpage, the **cgGetStateType** manpage, the **cgIsState** manpage, the **cgSetStateCallbacks** manpage, and the **cgGLRegisterStates** manpage.

**NAME**

**cgDestroyContext** – delete a Cg context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgDestroyContext(CGcontext ctx);
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx Specifies the context to be deleted.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgDestroyContext deletes a Cg context object and all the programs it contains.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the **ctx** context handle is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateContext manpage

**NAME**

**cgDestroyEffect** – delete an effect object

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgDestroyEffect( CGeffect effect );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**effect** Specifies the effect object to delete.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgDestroyEffect** removes the specified effect object and all its associated data. Any **CGeffect** handles that reference this effect will become invalid after the effect is deleted. Likewise, all techniques, passes, and parameters contained in the effect also become invalid after the effect is destroyed.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_EFFECT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **effect** is an invalid effect handle.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateEffect manpage, the cgCreateEffectFromFile manpage



**NAME**

**cgDestroyParameter** – destroys a parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgDestroyParameter(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param**    The parameter to destroy.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgDestroyParameter** destroys parameters created with **cgCreateParameter**, **cgCreateParameterArray**, or **cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray**.

Upon destruction, the **CGparameter** will become invalid. Any connections (see the **cgConnectParameter** manpage) in which **param** is the destination parameter will be disconnected. An error will be thrown if **param** is a source parameter in any connections.

The parameter being destroyed may not be one of the children parameters of a struct or array parameter. In other words it must be a **CGparameter** returned by one of the **cgCreateParameter** family of entry points.

**RETURN VALUES**

This function does not return a value.

**EXAMPLES**

```
CGcontext Context = cgCreateContext();
CGparameter MyFloatParam = cgCreateParameter(Context, CG_FLOAT);
CGparameter MyFloatParamArray = cgCreateParameterArray(Context, CG_FLOAT, 5);

// ...

cgDestroyParameter(MyFloatParam);
cgDestroyParameter(MyFloatParamArray);
```

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is invalid.

**CG\_NOT\_ROOT\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the **param** isn't the top-level parameter of a struct or array that was created.

**CG\_PARAMETER\_IS\_NOT\_SHARED\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a parameter created by one of the **cgCreateParameter** family of entry points.

**CG\_CANNOT\_DESTROY\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is a source parameter in a connection made by **cgConnectParameter**. **cgDisconnectParameter** should be used before calling **cgDestroyParameter** in such a case.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgCreateParameter** manpage, the **cgCreateParameterMultiDimArray** manpage, and the **cgCreateParameterArray** manpage

**NAME**

**cgDestroyProgram** – delete a program object

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgDestroyProgram( CGprogram prog );
```

**PARAMETERS**

prog      Specifies the program object to delete.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgDestroyProgram** removes the specified program object and all its associated data. Any **CGprogram** variables that reference this program will become invalid after the program is deleted. Likewise, any objects contained by this program (e.g. **CGparameter** objects) will also become invalid after the program is deleted.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** is an invalid program handle.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateProgram manpage the cgCreateProgramFromFile manpage

**NAME**

**cgDisconnectParameter** – disconnects two parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgDisconnectParameter(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param**    The destination parameter in the connection that will be disconnected.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgDisconnectParameter** disconnects an existing connection made with **cgConnectParameter** between to parameters. Since a given parameter can only be connected to one source parameter, only the destination parameter is required as an argument to **cgDisconnectParameter**.

If the type of **param** is an interface and the struct connected to it is a struct that implements it, any sub-parameters created by the connection will also be destroyed.

**RETURN VALUES**

This function does not return a value.

**EXAMPLES**

```
CGparameter TimeParam1 = cgGetNamedParameter(program1, "time");
CGparameter SharedTime = cgCreateParameter(Context,
                                           cgGetParameterType(TimeParam1));

cgConnectParameter(SharedTime, TimeParam1);

// ...

cgDisconnectParameter(TimeParam1);
```

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetConnectedParameter** manpage, the **cgGetConnectedToParameter** manpage, and the **cgConnectParameter** manpage

**NAME**

**cgEvaluateProgram** – evaluates a Cg program on the CPU

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgEvaluateProgram(CGprogram prog, float *buf, int ncomps, int nx, int ny, int nz)
```

**PARAMETERS**

**technique**

Specifies the program handle.

**buf** Buffer in which to store the results of program evaluation.

**ncomps** Number of components to store for each returned program value

**nx** Number of points at which to evaluate the program in the x direction

**ny** Number of points at which to evaluate the program in the y direction

**nz** Number of points at which to evaluate the program in the z direction

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgEvaluateProgram** evaluates a Cg program at a set of regularly spaced points in one, two, or three dimensions. The program must have been compiled with the **CG\_PROFILE\_GENERIC** profile. The value returned from the program via the **COLOR** semantic is stored in the given buffer for each evaluation point, and any varying parameters to the program with **POSITION** semantic take on the (x,y,z) position over the range zero to one at which the program is evaluated at each point. The **PSIZE** semantic can be used to find the spacing between evaluating points.

The total size of the buffer **buf** should be equal to **ncomps\*nx\*ny\*nz**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **program** does not refer to a valid program.

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **program**'s profile is not **CG\_PROFILE\_GENERIC**.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **buf** is **NULL**, any of **nx**, **ny**, or **nz** is less than zero, or **ncomps** is not 0, 1, 2, or 3.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgCreateProgram` manpage, the `cgCreateProgramFromFile` manpage, the `cgCreateProgramFromEffect` manpage.

**NAME**

**cgGetAnnotationName** – get an annotation’s name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const char * cgGetAnnotationName( CGannotation ann );
```

**PARAMETERS**

ann       Specifies the annotation.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetAnnotationName** allows the application to retrieve the name of a annotation. This name can be used later to retrieve the annotation using **cgGetNamedPassAnnotation**, **cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation**, **cgGetNamedPTechniqueAnnotation**, or **cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the null-terminated name string for the annotation.

Returns null if **ann** is invalid.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_ANNOTATION\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid annotation.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNamedPassAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation` manpage, and the `cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetAnnotationType** – get an annotation's type

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetAnnotationType( CGannotation ann );
```

**PARAMETERS**

ann       Specifies the annotation.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetAnnotationType** allows the application to retrieve the type of a annotation in a Cg effect.

**cgGetAnnotationType** will return **CG\_STRUCT** if the annotation is a struct and **CG\_ARRAY** if the annotation is an array. Otherwise it will return the data type associated with the annotation.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the type enumerant of **ann**. If an error occurs, **CG\_UNKNOWN\_TYPE** will be returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_ANNOTATION\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ann** does not refer to a valid annotation.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetType manpage, and the cgGetTypeString manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetArrayDimension** – get the dimension of an array parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetArrayDimension( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the array parameter handle.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetArrayDimension** returns the dimension of the array specified by **param**. This function is used when inspecting an array parameter in a program.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the dimension of **param** if **param** references an array.

Returns 0 otherwise.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is invalid.

**CG\_ARRAY\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** does not refer to an array parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetNextParameter manpage, the cgGetArraySize manpage, and the cgGetArrayParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetArrayParameter** – get a parameter from an array

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetArrayParameter( CGparameter param, int index );
```

**PARAMETERS**

param    Specifies the array parameter handle.

index    Specifies the index into the array.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetArrayParameter** returns the parameter of array **param** specified by the index. This function is used when inspecting elements of an array parameter in a program.

**EXAMPLE**

```
CGparameter array = ...; /* some array parameter */
int array_size = cgGetArraySize( array );
for(i=0; i < array_size; ++i)
{
    CGparameter element = cgGetArrayParameter(array, i);
    /* Do stuff to element */
}
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the parameter at the specified index of **param** if **param** references an array, and the index is valid.

Returns NULL otherwise.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is invalid.

**CG\_ARRAY\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not an array.

**CG\_OUT\_OF\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_ERROR** is generated if **index** are outside the bounds of the array.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetArrayDimension manpage, the cgGetArraySize manpage, the cgGetArrayParameter manpage, the cgGetParameterType manpage



**NAME**

**cgGetArraySize** – get the size of one dimension of an array parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

int cgGetArraySize( CGparameter param, int dimension );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the array parameter handle.

**dimension**  
Specifies the dimension whose size will be returned.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetArraySize** returns the size one the specified dimension of the array specified by **param**. This function is used when inspecting an array parameter in a program.

**EXAMPLE**

```
// Compute the number of elements in an array, in the
// style of cgGetArrayTotalSize(param)
if (cgIsArray(param)) {
    int dim = cgGetArrayDimension(param);
    int elements = cgGetArraySize(param, 0);
    for (int i = 1; i < dim; i++) {
        elements *= cgGetArraySize(param, i);
    }
    return elements;
}
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the size of **param** if **param** is an array.

Returns 0 if **param** is not an array, or other error.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_DIMENSION\_ERROR** is generated if **dimension** is less than 0.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is an invalid parameter handle.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetArrayTotalSize` manpage, the `cgGetArrayDimension` manpage, the `cgGetArrayParameter` manpage, the `cgGetMatrixSize` manpage, the `cgGetTypeSizes` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetArrayTotalSize** – get the total size of an array parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetArrayTotalSize( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the array parameter handle.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetArrayTotalSize** returns the total number of elements of the array specified by **param**. The total number of elements is equal to the product of the size of each dimension of the array.

**EXAMPLE**

Given a handle to a parameter declared as:

```
float2x3 array[6][1][4];
```

**cgGetArrayTotalSize** will return 24.

**RETURN VALUES**

If **param** is an array, its total size is returned.

If **param** is not an array, or if an error occurs, 0 is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is an invalid parameter handle.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetArraySize manpage, the cgGetArrayDimension manpage, the cgGetArrayParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetArrayType** – get the type of an array parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetArrayType(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the array parameter handle.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetArrayType** returns the type of the members of an array. If the given array is multi-dimensional, it will return the type of the members of the inner most array.

**EXAMPLE**

```
CGcontext Context = cgCreateContext();  
CGparameter MyArray = cgCreateParameterArray(Context, CG_FLOAT, 5);  
  
CGtype MyArrayType = cgGetArrayType(MyArray); // This will return CG_FLOAT
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the the type of the inner most array. Returns **CG\_UNKNOWN\_TYPE** if an error is thrown.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is invalid.

**CG\_ARRAY\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not an array.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetArraySize` manpage, and the `cgGetArrayDimension` manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetAutoCompile** – get the auto-compile enumerator for a context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGenum      cgGetAutoCompile(CGcontext ctx);
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        Specifies the context.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the auto-compile enumerator for the context **ctx**. See `cgSetAutoCompile` for more information.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated, and **CG\_UNKNOWN** returned, if **ctx** is not a valid context.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgSetAutoCompile` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetBoolAnnotationValues** – get an boolean-valued annotation's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const int *cgGetBoolAnnotationValues(CGannotation ann,
                                     int *nvalues);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**ann** Specifies the annotation.  
**nvalues** Pointer to integer where the number of values returned will be stored.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgBoolAnnotationValues** allows the application to retrieve the *value* (s) of a boolean typed annotation.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a pointer to an array of **int** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

If no values are available, **NULL** will be returned and **nvalues** will be **0**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_ANNOTATION\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **ann** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetAnnotationType` manpage, the `cgGetFloatAnnotationValues` manpage, the `cgGetStringAnnotationValues` manpage, and the `cgGetBoolAnnotationValues` manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues** – get a bool-valued state assignment's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const CGbool *cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues(CGstateassignment sa,
                                              int *nvalues);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**sa** Specifies the state assignment.

**nvalues** Pointer to integer where the number of values returned will be stored.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues** allows the application to retrieve the *value* (s) of a boolean typed state assignment.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a pointer to an array of **CGbool** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

If no values are available, **NULL** will be returned and **nvalues** will be **0**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **sa** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if the state assignment is not bool-typed.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetStateAssignmentState` manpage, the `cgGetStateType` manpage, the `cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue` manpage, and the `cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetConnectedParameter** – gets the connected source parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetConnectedParameter(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the destination parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the source parameter of a connection to **param**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the connected source parameter if **param** is connected to one. Otherwise **(CGparameter)0** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgConnectParameter manpage, and the cgGetConnectedToParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetConnectedToParameter** – gets a connected destination parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetConnectedToParameter(CGparameter param, int index);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the source parameter.

**index** Since there may be multiple destination (to) parameters connected to **param**, **index** is need to specify which one is returned. **index** must be within the range of **0** to **N – 1** where **N** is the number of connected destination parameters.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns one of the destination parameters connected to **param**. `cgGetNumConnectedToParameters` should be used to determine the number of destination parameters connected to **param**.

**EXAMPLE**

```
int i;
int NParams = cgGetNumConnectedToParameters(SourceParam);

for(int i=0; i < NParams; ++i)
{
    CGparameter ToParam = cgGetConnectedToParameter(SourceParam, i);
    // Do stuff to ToParam ...
}
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns one of the connected destination parameters to **param**. **(CGparameter)0** is returned if an error is thrown.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**CG\_OUT\_OF\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_ERROR** is generated if **index** is not greater than equal to **0** or less than what `cgGetNumConnectedToParameters` returns.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgConnectParameter` manpage, and the `cgGetNumConnectedParameters` manpage



## NAME

**cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter** – returns one of the parameters that an annotation's value depends on.

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter(CGannotation ann, int index);
```

## PARAMETERS

**ann** Specifies the annotation handle.

**index** Specifies the index of the parameter to return.

## DESCRIPTION

Annotations in CgFX files may include references to one or more effect parameters on the right hand side of the annotation that are used for computing the annotation's value. **cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter** returns one of these parameters, as indicated by the index given. the `cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters` manpage can be used to determine the total number of such parameters.

This information can be useful for applications that wish to cache the values of annotations so that they can determine which annotations may change as the result of changing a particular parameter's value.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_ANNOTATION\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ann** does not refer to a valid annotation.

**CG\_OUT\_OF\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_ERROR** is generated if **index** is less than zero or greater than the number of dependent parameters, as returned by the `cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters` manpage.

## SEE ALSO

the `cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter` manpage, the `cgGetFirstAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNamedAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters` manpage

## NAME

**cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter** – returns one of the parameters that a state assignment’s value depends on.

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter(CGstateassignment sa, int index)
```

## PARAMETERS

**sa** Specifies the state assignment handle.

**index** Specifies the index of the parameter to return.

## DESCRIPTION

State assignments in CgFX files may include references to one or more effect parameters on the right hand side of the state assignment that are used for computing the state assignment’s value. **cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter** returns one of these parameters, as indicated by the index given. the `cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters` manpage can be used to determine the total number of such parameters.

This information can be useful for applications that wish to cache the values of annotations so that they can determine which annotations may change as the result of changing a particular parameter’s value.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_ANNOTATION\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ann** does not refer to a valid annotation.

**CG\_OUT\_OF\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_ERROR** is generated if **index** is less than zero or greater than the number of dependent parameters, as returned by the `cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters` manpage.

## SEE ALSO

the `cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter` manpage, the `cgGetFirstAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNamedAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetEffectContext** – get a effect's context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGcontext cgGetEffectContext( CGeffect effect );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**effect** Specifies the effect.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetEffectContext** allows the application to retrieve a handle to the context a given effect belongs to.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGcontext** handle to the context. In the event of an error **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_EFFECT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **effect** does not refer to a valid effect.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateEffect manpage, the cgCreateEffectFromFile manpage, and the cgCreateContext manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetEffectParameterBySemantic** – get the a parameter in an effect via its semantic

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetEffectParameterBySemantic( CGeffect effect, const char *semantic
```

**PARAMETERS**

**effect** Specifies the effect to retrieve the parameter from.

**semantic**  
Specifies the name of the semantic.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetEffectParameterBySemantic** returns the parameter in an effect with the given semantic associated with it. If more than one parameter in the effect has the same semantic, an arbitrary one of them will be returned.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetEffectParameterBySemantic** returns a **CGparameter** object in **effect** that has the given semantic. **NULL** is returned if **effect** is invalid or if **effect** does not have any parameters with the given semantic.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_EFFECT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **effect** does not refer to a valid effect.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **semantic** is **NULL** or the empty string.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNamedEffectParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetEnum** – get the enumerator assigned with the given string name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CEnum cgGetEnum(const char *enum_string);
```

**PARAMETERS**

enum\_string

A string containing the enum name. The name is case-sensitive.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetEnum returns the enumerator assigned to a enum name.

The following is an example of how cgGetEnum might be used.

```
CEnum VaryingEnum = cgGetEnum("CG_VARYING");
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the enumerator of **enum\_string**. If no such enumerator exists **CG\_UNKNOWN** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **enum\_string** is NULL.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetEnumString manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetEnumString** – get the name string associated with an enumerant

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const char *cgGetEnumString(CGenum en);
```

**PARAMETERS**

en        The enumerant.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetEnumString returns the name string associated with an enumerant enumerant. It's primarily useful for printing out debugging information.

**EXAMPLE**

The following example will print "CG\_UNIFORM" to the **stdout**.

```
const char *EnumString = cgGetEnumString(CG_UNIFORM);
printf("%s\n", EnumString);
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the enum string of the enumerant **enum**. **NULL** is returned in the event of an error.

**ERRORS**

This function generates no errors.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetEnum manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetError**, **cgGetFirstError**, **cgGetErrorString** – get error conditions

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGerror cgGetError();
CGerror cgGetFirstError();
const char * cgGetErrorString(CGerror error);
```

**PARAMETERS**

error      Specifies the error number.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetError** returns the last error condition that has occurred. The error condition is reset after **cgGetError** is called.

**cgGetFirstError** returns the first error condition that has occurred since **cgGetFirstError** was previously called.

In both cases, an error condition of zero (or, equivalently, **CG\_NO\_ERROR**) means that no error has occurred.

**cgGetErrorString** returns a human readable error string for the given error condition.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgSetErrorHandler manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetErrorCallBack**, **cgSetErrorCallBack** – get and set the error callback

**SEE**

Please see the cgSetErrorCallback manpage for more information.



**NAME**

**cgGetError**, **cgGetErrorString** – get the current error condition

**SEE**

Please see the cgGetError manpage for more information.

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstDependentParameter** – get the first dependent parameter from a parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstDependentParameter(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetFirstDependentParameter returns the first member dependent parameter associated with a given parameter. The rest of the members may be retrieved from the first member by iterating with the cgGetNextParameter() function.

Dependent parameters are parameters that have the same name as a given parameter but different resources. They only exist in profiles that have multiple resources associated with one parameter.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGetFirstDependentParameter returns a handle to the first member parameter.

**NULL** is returned if **param** is not a struct or if some other error occurs.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetNextParameter manpage, and the cgGetFirstParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstEffect** – get the first effect in a context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetFirstEffect( CGcontext ctx );
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        Specifies the context to retrieve the first effect from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstEffect** is used to begin iteration over all of the effects contained within a context. See the **cgGetNextEffect** manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstEffect** returns a the first CGeffect object in **ctx**. If **ctx** contains no effects, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ctx** does not refer to a valid context.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetNextEffect** manpage, the **cgCreateEffect** manpage, the **cgCreateEffectFromFile** manpage, the **cgDestroyEffect** manpage, and the **cgIsEffect** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstEffectParameter** – get the first parameter in an effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstEffectParameter( CGeffect effect );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**effect** Specifies the effect to retrieve the first parameter from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstEffectParameter** returns the first top-level parameter in an effect. This function is used for recursing through all parameters in an effect. See the `cgGetNextParameter` manpage for more information on parameter traversal.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstEffectParameter** returns a the first **CGparameter** object in **effect**. **NULL** is returned if **effect** is invalid or if **effect** does not have any parameters.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_EFFECT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **effect** does not refer to a valid effect.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgNextParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter** – get the first leaf parameter in an effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter( CGeffect effect );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**effect** Specifies the effect to retrieve the first leaf parameter from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter** returns the first leaf parameter in an effect. The combination of **cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter** and **cgGetNextLeafParameter** allow the iteration through all of the parameters of basic data types (not structs or arrays) without recursion. See the **cgGetNextLeafParameter** manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter** returns a the first leaf CGparameter object in **effect**. **NULL** is returned if **effect** is invalid or if **effect** does not have any parameters.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_EFFECT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **effect** does not refer to a valid effect.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgNextLeafParameter** manpage, the **cgGetFirstLeafParameter** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstLeafParameter** – get the first leaf parameter in a program

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstLeafParameter( CGprogram prog, CGenum name_space );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**prog** Specifies the program to retrieve the first leaf parameter from.

**name\_space**

Specifies the namespace of the parameter to iterate through. Currently **CG\_PROGRAM** and **CG\_GLOBAL** are supported.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstLeafParameter** returns the first leaf parameter in a program. The combination of **cgGetFirstLeafParameter** and **cgGetNextLeafParameter** allow the iteration through all of the parameters of basic data types (not structs or arrays) without recursion. See the **cgGetNextLeafParameter** manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstLeafParameter** returns a the first leaf **CGparameter** object in **prog**. **NULL** is returned if **prog** is invalid or if **prog** does not have any parameters.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** is generated if **name\_space** is not **CG\_PROGRAM** or **CG\_GLOBAL**.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgNextLeafParameter** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstParameter** – get the first parameter in a program

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstParameter( CGprogram prog, CGenum name_space );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**prog** Specifies the program to retrieve the first parameter from.

**name\_space**

Specifies the namespace of the parameter to iterate through. Currently **CG\_PROGRAM** and **CG\_GLOBAL** are supported.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetFirstParameter returns the first top-level parameter in a program. This function is used for recursing through all parameters in a program. See the cgGetNextParameter manpage for more information on parameter traversal.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGetFirstParameter returns a the first CGparameter object in **prog**. **NULL** is returned if **prog** is invalid or if **prog** does not have any parameters.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** is generated if **name\_space** is not **CG\_PROGRAM** or **CG\_GLOBAL**.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgNextParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation** – get the first annotation of a parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter to retrieve the annotation from.

**DESCRIPTION**

The annotations associated with a parameter can be retrieved using the **cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation** function. The remainder of the parameter's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the parameters, calling the **cgGetNextAnnotation** manpage to get to the next one.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the first annotation. If the parameter has no annotations, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation** manpage, the **cgGetNextAnnotation** manpage



**NAME**

**cgGetFirstPass** – get the first pass in a technique

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGpass cgGetFirstPass( CGtechnique technique );
```

**PARAMETERS**

technique

Specifies the technique to retrieve the first pass from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstPass** is used to begin iteration over all of the passs contained within a technique. See the `cgGetNextPass` manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstPass** returns a the first CGpass object in **technique**. If **technique** cointains no passs, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **technique** does not refer to a valid technique.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNextPass` manpage, the `cgGetNamedPass` manpage, and the `cgIsPass` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstPassAnnotation** – get the first annotation of a pass

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetFirstPassAnnotation( CGpass pass );
```

**PARAMETERS**

pass      Specifies the pass to retrieve the annotation from.

**DESCRIPTION**

The annotations associated with a pass can be retrieved using the **cgGetFirstPassAnnotation** function. The remainder of the pass's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the parameters, calling the **cgGetNextAnnotation** manpage to get to the next one.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the first annotation. If the pass has no annotations, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PASS\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **pass** does not refer to a valid pass.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetNamedPassAnnotation** manpage, the **cgGetNextAnnotation** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstProgram** – get the first program in a context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetFirstProgram( CGcontext ctx );
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        Specifies the context to retrieve the first program from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstProgram** is used to begin iteration over all of the programs contained within a context. See the **cgGetNextProgram** manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstProgram** returns a the first CGprogram object in **ctx**. If **ctx** contains no programs, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ctx** does not refer to a valid context.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetNextProgram** manpage, the **cgCreateProgram** manpage, the **cgDestroyProgram** manpage, and the **cgIsProgram** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation** – get the first annotation of a program

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation( CGprogram program );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**program** Specifies the program to retrieve the annotation from.

**DESCRIPTION**

The annotations associated with a program can be retrieved using the **cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation** function. The remainder of the program's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the parameters, calling the **cgGetNextAnnotation** manpage to get to the next one.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the first annotation. If the program has no annotations, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **program** does not refer to a valid program.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation** manpage, the **cgGetNextAnnotation** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstSamplerState** – get the first sampler state definition in a context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgGetFirstSamplerState( CGcontext ctx );
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        Specifies the context to retrieve the first sampler state definition from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstSamplerState** is used to begin iteration over all of the sampler state definitions contained within a context. See the `cgGetNextSamplerState` manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstSamplerState** returns a the first `CGstate` object in **ctx**. If **ctx** contains no programs, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ctx** does not refer to a valid context.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNextSamplerState` manpage, the `cgGetNamedSamplerState` manpage, and the `cgIsSamplerState` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment** – get the first state assignment in a `sampler_state` block

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstateassignment cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

`param` Specifies the sampler parameter to retrieve the first state assignment from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment** is used to begin iteration over all of the state assignments contained within a **sampler\_state** block assigned to a parameter in an effect file. See the `cgGetNextStateAssignment` manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment** returns a the first **CGstateassignment** object assigned to **param**. If **param** has no **sampler\_state** block, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNextStateAssignment` manpage, and the `cgIsStateAssignment` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstState** – get the first state definition in a context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgGetFirstState( CGcontext ctx );
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        Specifies the context to retrieve the first state definition from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstState** is used to begin iteration over all of the state definitions contained within a context. See the `cgGetNextState` manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstState** returns a the first `CGstate` object in **ctx**. If **ctx** contains no programs, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ctx** does not refer to a valid context.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNextState` manpage, the `cgGetNamedState` manpage, and the `cgIsState` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstStateAssignment** – get the first state assignment in a pass

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstateassignment cgGetFirstStateAssignment( CGpass pass );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**pass** Specifies the pass to retrieve the first state assignment from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstStateAssignment** is used to begin iteration over all of the state assignment contained within a pass. See the `cgGetNextStateAssignment` manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstStateAssignment** returns a the first `CGstateassignment` object in **pass**. If **pass** contains no programs, `NULL` is returned.

**ERRORS**

`CG_INVALID_PASS_HANDLE_ERROR` is generated if **pass** does not refer to a valid pass.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNextStateAssignment` manpage, and the `cgIsStateAssignment` manpage



**NAME**

**cgGetFirstStructParameter** – get the first child parameter from a struct parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetFirstStructParameter(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the struct parameter. This parameter must be of type **CG\_STRUCT** (returned by `cgGetParameterType()`).

**DESCRIPTION**

`cgGetFirstStructParameter` returns the first member parameter of a struct parameter. The rest of the members may be retrieved from the first member by iterating with the `cgGetNextParameter()` function.

**RETURN VALUES**

`cgGetFirstStructParameter` returns a handle to the first member parameter.

**NULL** is returned if **param** is not a struct or if some other error occurs.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a struct or valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNextParameter` manpage, and the `cgGetFirstParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstTechnique** – get the first technique in an effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtechnique cgGetFirstTechnique( CGeffect effect );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**effect** Specifies the effect to retrieve the first technique from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFirstTechnique** is used to begin iteration over all of the techniques contained within a effect. See the **cgGetNextTechnique** manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetFirstTechnique** returns a the first CGtechnique object in **effect**. If **effect** contains no techniques, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_EFFECT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **effect** does not refer to a valid effect.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetNextTechnique** manpage, the **cgGetNamedTechnique** manpage, and the **cgIsTechnique** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation** – get the first annotation of a technique

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation( CGtechnique tech );
```

**PARAMETERS**

tech      Specifies the technique to retrieve the annotation from.

**DESCRIPTION**

The annotations associated with a technique can be retrieved using the **cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation** function. The remainder of the technique's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the parameters, calling the `cgGetNextAnnotation` manpage to get to the next one.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the first annotation. If the technique has no annotations, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **tech** does not refer to a valid technique.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNextAnnotation` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetFloatAnnotationValues** – get a float-valued annotation's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const float *cgGetFloatAnnotationValues(CGannotation ann,
                                         int *nvalues);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**ann** Specifies the annotation.

**nvalues** Pointer to integer where the number of values returned will be stored.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgFloatAnnotationValues** allows the application to retrieve the *value*(s) of a floating-point typed annotation.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a pointer to an array of **float** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

If no values are available, **NULL** will be returned and **nvalues** will be **0**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_ANNOTATION\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **ann** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetAnnotationType` manpage, the `cgGetIntAnnotationValues` manpage, the `cgGetStringAnnotationValues` manpage, and the `cgGetBooleanAnnotationValues` manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues** – get a float-valued state assignment's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const float *cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues(CGstateassignment sa,  
                                              int *nvalues);
```

**PARAMETERS**

sa Specifies the state assignment.

nvalues Pointer to integer where the number of values returned will be stored.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues** allows the application to retrieve the *value* (s) of a floating-point typed state assignment.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a pointer to an array of **float** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

If no values are available, **NULL** will be returned and **nvalues** will be **0**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **sa** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if the state assignment is not float-typed.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetStateAssignmentState` manpage, the `cgGetStateType` manpage, the `cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue` manpage, and the `cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetIntAnnotationValues** – get an integer-valued annotation's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const int *cgGetIntAnnotationValues(CGannotation ann,
                                     int *nvalues);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**ann** Specifies the annotation.

**nvalues** Pointer to integer where the number of values returned will be stored.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetIntAnnotationValues** allows the application to retrieve the *value* (s) of an int typed annotation.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a pointer to an array of **int** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

If no values are available, **NULL** will be returned and **nvalues** will be **0**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_ANNOTATION\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **ann** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetAnnotationType` manpage, the `cgGetFloatAnnotationValues` manpage, the `cgGetStringAnnotationValues` manpage, and the `cgGetBooleanAnnotationValues` manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues** – get an int-valued state assignment's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const int *cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues(CGstateassignment sa,
                                         int *nvalues);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**sa** Specifies the state assignment.

**nvalues** Pointer to integer where the number of values returned will be stored.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues** allows the application to retrieve the *value*(s) of an integer typed state assignment.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a pointer to an array of **int** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

If no values are available, **NULL** will be returned and **nvalues** will be **0**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **sa** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if the state assignment is not integer-typed.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetStateAssignmentState` manpage, the `cgGetStateType` manpage, the `cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue` manpage, and the `cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetLastErrorString** – get the current error condition

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char *cgGetLastErrorString(CGError *error);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**error**      A pointer to a CGError variable for returning the last error code.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetLastErrorString** returns the current error condition and error condition string. It's similar to calling **cgGetErrorString** with the result of **cgGetLastError**. However in certain cases the error string may contain more information about the specific error that occurred last than what **cgGetErrorString** would return.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the last error string. Returns **NULL** if there was no error.

If **error** is not null, it will return the last error code (the same value **cgGetError** would return in the location specified by **error**).

**ERRORS**

This function generates no errors.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetError** manpage



## NAME

**cgGetLastListing**, **cgSetListing** – get and set listing text

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const char * cgGetLastListing( CGcontext context );
void cgSetLastListing( CGhandle handle, const char *listing );
```

## PARAMETERS

**context** Specifies the context handle.

**handle** A CGcontext, CGstateassignment, CGeffect, CGpass, or CGtechnique belonging to the context whose listing text is to be set.

**listing** Specifies the new listing text.

## DESCRIPTION

Each Cg context maintains a NULL-terminated string containing warning and error messages generated by the Cg compiler, state managers and the like. **cgGetlastListing** and **cgSetlastListing** allow applications and custom state managers to query and set the listing text.

**cgGetLastListing** returns the current listing string for the given **CGcontext**. When a Cg runtime error occurs, applications can use the appropriate context's listing text in order to provide the user with detailed information about the error.

**cgSetLastListing** is not normally used directly by applications. Instead, custom state managers can use **cgSetLastListing** to provide detailed technique validation error messages to the application.

## RETURN VALUES

**cgGetListListing** return a NULL-terminated string containing the current listing text. If no listing text is available, or the listing text string is empty, **NULL** is returned.

In all cases, the pointer returned by **cgGetLastListing** is only guaranteed to be valid until the next Cg entry point not related to error reporting is called. For example, calls to **cgCreateProgram**, **cgCompileProgram**, **cgCreateEffect**, or **cgValidateEffect** will invalidate any previously-returned listing pointer.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **context** or **handle** are invalid handles.

## SEE ALSO

the cgCreateContext manpage, the cgSetErrorHandler manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetMatrixParameter** – gets the value of matrix parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* type is one of int, float, or double */
cgGetMatrixParameter{ifd}{rc}(CGparameter param, type *matrix);
```

**PARAMETERS**

- param** Specifies the parameter for which the values will be returned.
- matrix** An array of values into which the parameter's value will be written. The array must have size equal to the number of rows in the matrix times the number of columns in the matrix.

**DESCRIPTION**

The `cgGetMatrixParameter` functions retrieve the value of a given matrix parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

There are versions of each function that take **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by the **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that specify the order in which matrix values should be written to the array. Row-major copying is indicated by **r**, while column-major is indicated by **c**.

**RETURN VALUES**

The `cgGetMatrixParameter` functions do not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_NOT\_MATRIX\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetParameterRows` manpage the `cgGetParameterColumnsn` manpage, the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGetParameterValues` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNamedParameter** – get a program parameter by name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedParameter( CGprogram prog, const char * name );
```

**PARAMETERS**

prog Specifies the program to retrieve the parameter from.

name Specifies the name of the parameter to retrieve.

**DESCRIPTION**

The parameters of a program can be retrieved directly by name using the `cgGetNamedParameter` function. The names of the parameters in a program can be discovered by iterating through the program's parameters (see `cgGetNextParameter`), calling `cgGetParameterName` for each one in turn.

The parameter name does not have to be complete name for a leaf node parameter. For example, if you have Cg program with the following parameters :

```
struct FooStruct
{
    float4 A;
    float4 B;
};

struct BarStruct
{
    FooStruct Foo[2];
};

void main(BarStruct Bar[3])
{
    // ...
}
```

The following leaf-node parameters will be generated :

```
Bar[0].Foo[0].A
Bar[0].Foo[0].B
Bar[0].Foo[1].A
Bar[0].Foo[1].B
Bar[1].Foo[0].A
Bar[1].Foo[0].B
Bar[1].Foo[1].A
Bar[1].Foo[1].B
Bar[2].Foo[0].A
Bar[2].Foo[0].B
Bar[2].Foo[1].A
Bar[2].Foo[1].B
```

A handle to any of the non-leaf arrays or structs can be directly obtained by using the appropriate name. The following are a few examples of names valid names that may be used with `cgGetNamedParameter` given the above example Cg program :

```
"Bar"  
"Bar[1]"  
"Bar[1].Foo"  
"Bar[1].Foo[0]"  
"Bar[1].Foo[0].B"  
...
```

## RETURN VALUES

Returns the named parameter from the program. If the program has no parameter corresponding to **name**, a **NULL** is returned ( *cgIsParameter()* returns CG\_FALSE for invalid parameters).

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

## SEE ALSO

the *cgIsParameter* manpage, the *cgGetFirstParameter* manpage, the *cgGetNextParameter* manpage, the *cgGetNextStructParameter* manpage, the *cgGetArrayParameter* manpage, the *cgGetParameterName* manpage

## NAME

**cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation** – get a parameter annotation by name

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation( CGparameter param, const char * name )
```

## PARAMETERS

**param** Specifies the parameter to retrieve the annotation from.

**name** Specifies the name of the annotation to retrieve.

## DESCRIPTION

The annotations associated with a parameter can be retrieved directly by name using the **cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation** function. The names of a parameter's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the annotations (see the `cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation` manpage and the `cgGetNextAnnotation` manpage), calling **cgGetAnnotationName** for each one in turn.

## RETURN VALUES

Returns the named annotation. If the parameter has no annotation corresponding to **name**, **NULL** is returned.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

## SEE ALSO

the `cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNextParameterAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetAnnotationName` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNamedPass** – get a technique pass by name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGpass cgGetNamedPass( CGtechnique tech, const char * name );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**tech** Specifies the technique to retrieve the pass from.

**name** Specifies the name of the pass to retrieve.

**DESCRIPTION**

The passes of a technique can be retrieved directly by name using the **cgGetNamedPass** function. The names of the passes in a technique can be discovered by iterating through the technique's passes (see the **cgGetFirstPass** manpage and the **cgGetNextPass** manpage), calling **cgGetPassName** for each one in turn.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the named pass from the technique. If the technique has no pass corresponding to **name**, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **tech** does not refer to a valid technique.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgIsPass** manpage, the **cgGetFirstPass** manpage, the **cgGetNextPass** manpage, the **cgGetPassName** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNamedPassAnnotation** – get a pass annotation by name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetNamedPassAnnotation( CGpass pass, const char * name );
```

**PARAMETERS**

pass      Specifies the pass to retrieve the annotation from.

name      Specifies the name of the annotation to retrieve.

**DESCRIPTION**

The annotations associated with a pass can be retrieved directly by name using the **cgGetNamedPassAnnotation** function. The names of a pass's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the annotations (see the `cgGetFirstPassAnnotation` manpage and the `cgGetNextAnnotation` manpage), calling **cgGetAnnotationName** for each one in turn.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the named annotation. If the pass has no annotation corresponding to **name**, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PASS\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **pass** does not refer to a valid pass.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetFirstPassAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNextPassAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetAnnotationName` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation** – get a program annotation by name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation( CGprogram prog, const char * name );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**prog** Specifies the program to retrieve the annotation from.

**name** Specifies the name of the annotation to retrieve.

**DESCRIPTION**

The annotations associated with a program can be retrieved directly by name using the **cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation** function. The names of a program's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the annotations (see the `cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation` manpage and the `cgGetNextAnnotation` manpage), calling **cgGetAnnotationName** for each one in turn.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the named annotation. If the program has no annotation corresponding to **name**, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNextProgramAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetAnnotationName` manpage



**NAME**

**cgGetNamedProgramParameter** – get a program parameter by name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedProgramParameter(CGprogram prog,  
                                         CGenum name_space,  
                                         const char *name);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**prog** Specifies the program to retrieve the parameter from.

**name\_space**

Specifies the namespace of the parameter to iterate through. Currently **CG\_PROGRAM** and **CG\_GLOBAL** are supported.

**name** Specifies the name of the parameter to retrieve.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetNamedProgramParameter** is essentially identical to the `cgGetNamedParameter` manpage except it limits the search of the parameter to the name space specified by **name\_space**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the named parameter from the program. If the program has no parameter corresponding to **name**, a **NULL** is returned ( *cgIsParameter()* returns **CG\_FALSE** for invalid parameters).

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNamedParameter` manpage

## NAME

**cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment** – get a sampler state assignment by name

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstateassignment cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment( CGparameter param, const char
```

## PARAMETERS

**param** Specifies the sampler parameter to retrieve the sampler state assignment from.

**name** Specifies the name of the state assignment to retrieve.

## DESCRIPTION

The sampler state assignments associated with a **sampler** parameter, as specified with a **sampler\_state** block in an effect file, can be retrieved directly by name using the **cgGetNamedSamplerStateAssignment** function. The names of the sampler state assignments can be discovered by iterating through the sampler's state assignments (see the **cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment** manpage and the **cgGetNextSamplerStateAssignment** manpage), calling **cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentName** for each one in turn.

## RETURN VALUES

Returns the named sampler state assignment. If the pass has no sampler state assignment corresponding to **name**, **NULL** is returned.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

## SEE ALSO

the **cgIsSamplerStateAssignment** manpage, the **cgGetFirstSamplerStateAssignment** manpage, the **cgGetNextSamplerStateAssignment** manpage, the **cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentName** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNamedStateAssignment** – get a pass state assignment by name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstateassignment cgGetNamedStateAssignment( CGpass pass, const char * name );
```

**STATE ASSIGNMENTS**

**pass** Specifies the pass to retrieve the state assignment from.

**name** Specifies the name of the state assignment to retrieve.

**DESCRIPTION**

The state assignments of a pass can be retrieved directly by name using the **cgGetNamedStateAssignment** function. The names of the state assignments in a pass can be discovered by iterating through the pass's state assignments (see the `cgGetFirstStateAssignment` manpage and the `cgGetNextStateAssignment` manpage), calling **cgGetStateAssignmentName** for each one in turn.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the named state assignment from the pass. If the pass has no state assignment corresponding to **name**, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PASS\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **pass** does not refer to a valid pass.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgIsStateAssignment` manpage, the `cgGetFirstStateAssignment` manpage, the `cgGetNextStateAssignment` manpage, the `cgGetStateAssignmentName` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNamedParameter** – get a struct parameter by name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNamedStructParameter(CGprogram param, const char *name);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**prog** Specifies the struct parameter to retrieve the member parameter from.

**name** Specifies the name of the member parameter to retrieve.

**DESCRIPTION**

The member parameters of a struct parameter may be retrieved directly by name using the `cgGetNamedStructParameter` function.

The names of the parameters in a struct may be discovered by iterating through the struct's member parameters (see `cgGetFirstStructParameter`), and calling `cgGetParameterName` for each one in turn.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the member parameter from of the given struct. If the struct has no member parameter corresponding to **name**, a **NULL** is returned ( `cgIsParameter()` returns **CG\_FALSE** for invalid parameters).

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **name** is **NULL**.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetFirstStructParameter` manpage, the `cgGetNextParameter` manpage, the `cgIsParameter` manpage, and the `cgGetParameterName` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNamedTechnique** – get an effect's technique by name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtechnique cgGetNamedTechnique( CGeffect effect, const char * name );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**effect** Specifies the effect to retrieve the technique from.

**name** Specifies the name of the technique to retrieve.

**DESCRIPTION**

The techniques of an effect can be retrieved directly by name using the **cgGetNamedTechnique** function. The names of the techniques in a effect can be discovered by iterating through the effect's techniques (see the **cgGetFirstTechnique** manpage and the **cgGetNextTechnique** manpage), calling **cgGetTechniqueName** for each one in turn.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the named technique from the effect. If the effect has no technique corresponding to **name**, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_EFFECT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **effect** does not refer to a valid effect.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgIsTechnique** manpage, the **cgGetFirstTechnique** manpage, the **cgGetNextTechnique** manpage, the **cgGetTechniqueName** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation** – get a technique annotation by name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation( CGtechnique tech, const char * name );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**tech** Specifies the technique to retrieve the annotation from.

**name** Specifies the name of the annotation to retrieve.

**DESCRIPTION**

The annotations associated with a technique can be retrieved directly by name using the **cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation** function. The names of a technique's annotations can be discovered by iterating through the annotations (see the `cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation` manpage and the `cgGetNextAnnotation` manpage), calling **cgGetAnnotationName** for each one in turn.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the named annotation. If the technique has no annotation corresponding to **name**, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **tech** does not refer to a valid technique.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNextTechniqueAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetAnnotationName` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNamedUserType** – get enumerant associated with type name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetNamedUserType(CGhandle handle, const char *name);
```

**PARAMETERS**

handle    The **CGprogram** or **CGeffect** in which the type is defined.

name      A string containing the type name. The name is case-sensitive.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetNamedUserType** returns the enumerant associated with the named type defined in the context associated with **handle**. **handle** may be a **CGprogram** or **CGeffect**.

For a given type name, the enumerant returned by this entry point is guaranteed to be identical if called with either an **CGeffect** handle, or a **CGprogram** that is defined within that effect.

If two programs in the same context define a type using identical names and definitions, the associated enumerants are also guaranteed to be identical.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the type enumerant associated with **name**. If no such type exists **CG\_UNKNOWN\_TYPE** will be returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the supplied handle is not a valid **CGprogram** or **CGeffect**.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetType` manpage, and the `cgGetUserType` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNextAnnotation** – iterate through annotations

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGannotation cgGetNextAnnotation( CGannotation ann );
```

**PARAMETERS**

ann       Specifies the current annotation.

**DESCRIPTION**

The annotations associated with a parameter, pass, technique, or program can be iterated over by using the `cgGetNextAnnotation` function. The following example code illustrates one way to do this:

```
CGannotation ann = cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation( param );
while( ann )
{
    /* do something with ann */
    ann = cgGetNextAnnotation( ann );
}
```

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each annotation will be visited exactly once.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetNextAnnotation** returns the next annotation in the sequence of annotations associated with the annotated object. Returns 0 when **prog** is the last annotation.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_ANNOTATION\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid annotation.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetFirstParameterAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetFirstPassAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetFirstTechniqueAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetFirstProgramAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNamedParameterAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNamedPassAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNamedTechniqueAnnotation` manpage, the `cgGetNamedProgramAnnotation` manpage, and the `cgIsAnnotation` manpage



**NAME**

**cgGetNextEffect** – iterate through effects in a context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGeffect cgGetNextEffect( CGeffect effect );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**effect** Specifies the current effect.

**DESCRIPTION**

The effects within a context can be iterated over by using the `cgGetNextEffect` function. The following example code illustrates one way to do this:

```
CGeffect effect = cgGetFirstEffect( ctx );
while( effect )
{
    /* do something with effect */
    effect = cgGetNextEffect( effect );
}
```

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each effect will be visited exactly once. No guarantees can be made if effects are created or deleted during iteration.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetNextEffect** returns the next effect in the context's internal sequence of effects. Returns 0 when **prog** is the last effect in the context.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_EFFECT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **effect** does not refer to a valid effect.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetFirstEffect` manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetNextLeafParameter** – get the next leaf parameter in a program or effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNextLeafParameter( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the current leaf parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetNextLeafParameter** returns the next leaf parameter (not struct or array parameters) following a given leaf parameter.

The following is an example of how to iterate through all the leaf parameters in a program:

```
CGparameter leaf = cgGetFirstLeafParameter( prog );
while(leaf)
{
    /* Do stuff with leaf */
    leaf = cgGetNextLeafParameter( leaf );
}
```

In a similar manner, the leaf parameters in an effect can be iterated over starting with a call to the `cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter` manpage.

**RETURN VALUES**

the `cgGetNextLeafParameter` manpage returns a the next leaf **CGparameter** object. **NULL** is returned if **param** is invalid or if the program or effect that iteration started from does not have any more leaf parameters.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetFirstLeafParameter` manpage, the `cgGetFirstLeafEffectParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNextParameter** – iterate through a program’s or effect’s parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetNextParameter( CGparameter current );
```

**PARAMETERS**

current Specifies the “current” parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

The parameters of a program or effect can be iterated over using the **cgGetNextParameter**, the **cgGetFirstParameter** manpage, the **cgGetNextStructParameter** manpage, and the **cgGetArrayParameter** manpage functions.

The following example code illustrates one way to do this:

```
void RecurseParams( CGparameter param ) {
    if(!param)
        return;

    do {
        switch(cgGetParameterType(param))
        {
            case CG_STRUCT :
                RecurseParams(cgGetFirstStructParameter(param));
                break;

            case CG_ARRAY :
                {
                    int ArraySize = cgGetArraySize(param, 0);
                    int i;

                    for(i=0; i < ArraySize; ++i)
                        RecurseParams(cgGetArrayParameter(param, i));
                }
                break;

            default :
                /* Do stuff to param */
        }
    } while((param = cgGetNextParameter(param)) != 0);
}

void RecurseParamsInProgram( CGprogram prog )
{
    RecurseParams( cgGetFirstParameter( prog ) );
}
```

Similarly, the parameters in an effect can be iterated over starting with a call to the **cgGetFirstEffectParameter** manpage.

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each parameter will be visited exactly once.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetNextParameter** returns the next parameter in the program's internal sequence of parameters. It returns **NULL** when **current** is the last parameter in the program.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **current** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgFirstParameter` manpage, the `cgFirstEffectParameter` manpage, the `cgGetFirstStructParameter` manpage, the `cgGetArrayParameter` manpage, the `cgGetParameterType` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNextPass** – iterate through passes in a technique

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGpass cgGetNextPass( CGpass pass );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**pass** Specifies the current pass.

**DESCRIPTION**

The passes within a technique can be iterated over by using the `cgGetNextPass` function. The following example code illustrates one way to do this:

```
CGpass pass = cgGetFirstPass( technique );
while( pass )
{
    /* do something with pass */
    pass = cgGetNextPass( pass )
}
```

Passes are returned in the order defined in the technique.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetNextPass** returns the next pass in the technique's internal sequence of passes. Returns 0 when **pass** is the last pass in the technique.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PASS\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **pass** does not refer to a valid pass.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetFirstPass` manpage, the `cgGetNamedPass` manpage, and the `cgIsPass` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNextProgram** – iterate through programs in a context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetNextProgram( CGprogram prog );
```

**PARAMETERS**

prog      Specifies the program.

**DESCRIPTION**

The programs within a context can be iterated over by using the `cgGetNextProgram` function. The following example code illustrates one way to do this:

```
CGprogram prog = cgGetFirstProgram( ctx );
while( prog )
{
    /* do something with prog */
    prog = cgGetNextProgram( prog )
}
```

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each program will be visited exactly once. No guarantees can be made if programs are generated or deleted during iteration.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetNextProgram** returns the next program in the context's internal sequence of programs. Returns 0 when **prog** is the last program in the context.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNextProgram` manpage, the `cgCreateProgram` manpage, the `cgDestroyProgram` manpage, and the `cgIsProgram` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNextState** – iterate through states in a context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgGetNextState( CGstate state );
```

**PARAMETERS**

state      Specifies the current state.

**DESCRIPTION**

The states within a context can be iterated over by using the `cgGetNextState` function. The following example code illustrates one way to do this:

```
CGstate state = cgGetFirstState( ctx );
while( state )
{
    /* do something with state */
    state = cgGetNextState( state )
}
```

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each state will be visited exactly once. No guarantees can be made if states are created or deleted during iteration.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetNextState** returns the next state in the context's internal sequence of states. Returns 0 when **state** is the last state in the context.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **state** does not refer to a valid state.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNextState` manpage, the `cgGetNamedState` manpage, the `cgCreateState` manpage, and the `cgIsState` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNextStateAssignment** – iterate through state assignments in a pass

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstateassignment cgGetNextStateAssignment( CGstateassignment sa );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**sa** Specifies the current state assignment.

**DESCRIPTION**

The state assignments within a pass can be iterated over by using the `cgGetNextStateAssignment` function. The following example code illustrates one way to do this:

```
CGstateassignment sa = cgGetFirstStateAssignment( pass );
while( sa )
{
    /* do something with sa */
    sa = cgGetNextStateAssignment( sa )
}
```

State assignments are returned in the same order specified in the pass in the effect.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetNextStateAssignment** returns the next state assignment in the context's internal sequence of state assignments. It returns 0 when **prog** is the last state assignment in the context.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **sa** does not refer to a valid state assignment.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetFirstStateAssignment` manpage, the `cgGetNamedStateAssignment` manpage, and the `cgIsStateAssignment` manpage



**NAME**

**cgGetNextTechnique** – iterate through techniques in a effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtechnique cgGetNextTechnique( CGtechnique tech );
```

**PARAMETERS**

tech      Specifies the current technique.

**DESCRIPTION**

The techniques within a effect can be iterated over by using the cgGetNextTechnique function. The following example code illustrates one way to do this:

```
CGtechnique tech = cgGetFirstTechnique( effect );
while( tech )
{
    /* do something with tech */
    tech = cgGetNextTechnique( tech )
}
```

Note that no specific order of traversal is defined by this mechanism. The only guarantee is that each technique will be visited exactly once.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetNextTechnique** returns the next technique in the effect's internal sequence of techniques. Returns 0 when **prog** is the last technique in the effect.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid technique.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetFirstTechnique manpage, and the cgGetNamedTechnique manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetNumConnectedToParameters** – gets the number of connected destination parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetNumConnectedToParameters(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the source parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetNumConnectedToParameters returns the number of destination parameters connected to the source parameter **param**. It's primarily used with cgGetConnectedToParameter.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns one of the connected destination parameters to **param**. **(CGparameter)0** is returned if an error is thrown.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgConnectParameter manpage, and the cgGetConnectedParameter manpage

## NAME

**cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters** – returns the number of effect parameters an annotation depends on.

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

int cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters(CGannotation ann);
```

## PARAMETERS

ann       Specifies the annotation handle.

## DESCRIPTION

Annotations in CgFX files may include references to one or more effect parameters on the right hand side of the annotation that are used for computing the state assignment's value. **cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters** returns the total number of such parameters. the **cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter** manpage can then be used to iterate over the parameters individually.

This information can be useful for applications that wish to cache the values of annotations so that they can determine which annotations may change as the result of changing a particular parameter's value.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_ANNOTATION\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ann** does not refer to a valid annotation.

## SEE ALSO

the **cgGetDependentAnnotationParameter** manpage, the **cgGetFirstAnnotation** manpage, the **cgGetNamedAnnotation** manpage, the **cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters** manpage

cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters(CgCore Runtime API) cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters(3)

## NAME

**cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters** – returns the number of effect parameters a state assignment depends on.

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters(CGstateassignment sa);
```

## PARAMETERS

sa            Specifies the state assignment handle.

## DESCRIPTION

State assignments in CgFX passes may include references to one or more effect parameters on the right hand side of the state assignment that are used for computing the state assignment's value. **cgGetNumDependentStateAssignmentParameters** returns the total number of such parameters. the `cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter` manpage can then be used to iterate over the parameters individually.

This information can be useful for applications that wish to cache the values of state assignments for customized state management so that they can determine which state assignments may change as the result of changing a parameter's value.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **sa** does not refer to a valid state assignment.

## SEE ALSO

the `cgGetDependentStateAssignmentParameter` manpage, the `cgGetFirstStateAssignment` manpage, the `cgGetNamedStateAssignment` manpage, the `cgGetNumDependentAnnotationParameters` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNumParentTypes** – gets the number of parent types of a given type

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

int cgGetNumParentTypes(CGtype type);
```

**PARAMETERS**

type      Specifies the child type.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetNumParentTypes returns the number of parents the child type **type** inherits from.

A parent type is one from which the given type inherits, or an interface type that the given type implements. For example, given the type definitions:

```
interface myiface {
    float4 eval(void);
};

struct mystruct : myiface {
    float4 value;
    float4 eval(void ) { return value; }
};
```

**mystruct** has a single parent type, **myiface**.

Note that the current Cg language specification implies that a type may only have a single parent type — an interface implemented by the given type.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the number of parent types. **(CGparameter)0** is returned if there are no parents.

**ERRORS**

This function does not generate any errors.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParentType manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetNumUserTypes** – get number of user-defined types in a program or effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

int cgGetNumUserTypes(CGhandle handle);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**handle** The **CGprogram** or **CGeffect** in which the types are defined.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetNumUserTypes** returns the number of user-defined types in a given **CGprogram** or **CGeffect**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the number of user defined types.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **handle** is not a valid **CGprogram** or **CGeffect**.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetUserType** manpage, and the **cgGetNamedUserType** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterBaseResource** – get a program parameter's base resource

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGresource cgGetParameterBaseResource( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the program parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetParameterBaseResource** allows the application to retrieve the base resource for a parameter in a Cg program. The base resource is the first resource in a set of sequential resources. For example, if a given parameter has a resource of **CG\_ATTR7**, its base resource would be **CG\_ATTR0**. Only parameters with resources whose name ends with a number will have a base resource. All other parameters will return the undefined resource **CG\_UNDEFINED** when calling **cgGetParameterBaseResource**.

The numerical portion of the resource may be retrieved with the **cgGetParameterResourceIndex** function. For example, if the resource for a given parameter is **CG\_ATTR7**, **cgGetParameterResourceIndex** will return **7**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the base resource of **param**. If no base resource exists for the given parameter, **CG\_UNDEFINED** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter is not a leaf node.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetParameterResource** manpage, the **cgGetParameterResourceIndex** manpage, and the **cgGetStringResource** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterBaseType** – get a program parameter's base type

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetParameterBaseType( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetParameterBaseType** allows the application to retrieve the base type of a parameter.

If **param** is of a numeric type (scalar, vector, or matrix), the scalar enumerant corresponding to **param**'s type will be returned. For example, if **param** is of type **CG\_FLOAT4x3**, **cgGetParameterBaseType** will return **CG\_FLOAT**.

If **param** is an array, the base type of the array elements will be returned.

If **param** is a structure, its type-specific enumerant will be returned, as per **cgGetParameterNamedType**.

Otherwise, **param**'s type enumerant will be returned.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the base type enumerant of **param**. If an error occurs, **CG\_UNKNOWN\_TYPE** will be returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetParameterType** manpage the **cgGetType** manpage, the **cgGetTypeString** manpage the **cgGetParameterClass** manpage



**NAME**

**cgGetParameterClass** – get a parameter's class

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameterclass cgGetParameterClass( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetParameterClass** allows the application to retrieve the class of a parameter.

The returned **CGparameterclass** value enumerates the high-level parameter classes:

**CG\_PARAMETERCLASS\_SCALAR**

The parameter is of a scalar type, such as **CG\_INT**, or **CG\_FLOAT**.

**CG\_PARAMETERCLASS\_VECTOR**

The parameter is of a vector type, such as **CG\_INT1**, or **CG\_FLOAT4**.

**CG\_PARAMETERCLASS\_MATRIX**

The parameter is of a matrix type, such as **CG\_INT1x1**, or **CG\_FLOAT4x4**.

**CG\_PARAMETERCLASS\_STRUCT**

The parameter is a struct or interface.

**CG\_PARAMETERCLASS\_ARRAY**

The parameter is an array.

**CG\_PARAMETERCLASS\_SAMPLER**

The parameter is a sampler.

**CG\_PARAMETERCLASS\_OBJECT**

The parameter is a texture, string, or program.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the parameter class enumerator of **param**. If an error occurs, **CG\_PARAMETERCLASS\_UNKNOWN** will be returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetParameterType** manpage, the **cgGetType** manpage, the **cgGetTypeString** manpage, the **cgGetParameterClass** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterColumns** – get number of parameter columns

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterColumns( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetParameterColumns** return the number of columns associated with the given parameter's type.

If **param** is an array, the number of columns associated with each element of the array is returned.

**RETURN VALUES**

If **param** is a numeric type, or an array of numeric types, the number of columns associated with the type is returned.

Otherwise, 0 is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameterType manpage and the cgGetParameterRows manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterContext** – get a parameter's parent context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGcontext cgGetParameterContext(CGparameter ctx);
```

**PARAMETERS**

param     Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetParameterContext allows the application to retrieve a handle to the context a given parameter belongs to.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGcontext** handle to the parent context. In the event of an error **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ctx** does not refer to a valid context.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameterProgram manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterDirection** – get a program parameter's direction

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGLenum cgGetParameterDirection( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the program parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetParameterDirection** allows the application to distinguish program input parameters from program output parameters. This information is necessary for the application to properly supply the program inputs and use the program outputs.

**cgGetParameterDirection** will return one of the following enumerants :

**CG\_IN** Specifies an input parameter.

**CG\_OUT** Specifies an output parameter.

**CG\_INOUT**

Specifies a parameter that is both input and output.

**CG\_ERROR**

If an error occurs.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the direction of **param**. Returns **CG\_ERROR** if an error occurs.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNamedParameter` manpage, the `cgGetNextParameter` manpage, the `cgGetParameterName` manpage, the `cgGetParameterType` manpage, the `cgGetParameterVariability` manpage, the `cgGetParameterBinding` manpage, the `cgGetParameterDirectionalBinding` manpage, the `cgIsArray` manpage, the `cgSetParameterVariability` manpage, the `cgSetParameterBinding` manpage, the `cgSetParameterDirectionalBinding` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterIndex** – get an array member parameter's index

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterIndex(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetParameterIndex returns an integer that represents the index of an array parameter.

For example if you have the following Cg program :

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the index associated with an array member parameter. If the parameter is not in an array a **-1** will be returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_ARRAY\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is not a handle to an array parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetArrayParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterName** – get a program parameter's name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetParameterName( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the program parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetParameterName** allows the application to retrieve the name of a parameter in a Cg program. This name can be used later to retrieve the parameter from the program using **cgGetNamedParameter**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the null-terminated name string for the parameter.

Returns null if **param** is invalid.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNamedParameter` manpage, the `cgGetNextParameter` manpage, the `cgGetParameterType` manpage, the `cgGetParameterVariability` manpage, the `cgGetParameterDirection` manpage, the `cgIsArray` manpage, the `cgSetParameterVariability` manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterNamedType** – get a program parameter's type

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetParameterNamedType(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetParameterNamedType returns the type of **param** similarly to cgGetParameterType. However, if the type is a user defined struct it will return the unique enumerant associated with the user defined type instead of **CG\_STRUCT**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the type of **param**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameterType manpage, the cgGetParameterBaseType manpage

## NAME

**cgGetParameterOrdinalNumber** – get a program parameter's ordinal number

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterOrdinalNumber(CGparameter param);
```

## PARAMETERS

param Specifies the program parameter.

## DESCRIPTION

**cgGetParameterOrdinalNumber** returns an integer that represents the order in which the parameter was declared within the Cg program.

Ordinal numbering begins at zero, starting with a program's first local leaf parameter. The subsequent local leaf parameters are enumerated in turn, followed by the program's global leaf parameters.

For example, the following Cg program:

```
struct MyStruct { float a; sampler2D b; };
float globalvar1;
float globalvar2
float4 main(float2 position : POSITION,
            float4 color    : COLOR,
            uniform MyStruct mystruct,
            float2 texCoord : TEXCOORD0) : COLOR
{
    // etc ...
}
```

Would result in the following parameter ordinal numbering:

```
position    -> 0
color       -> 1
mystruct.a  -> 2
mystruct.b  -> 3
texCoord    -> 4
globalvar1  -> 5
globalvar2  -> 6
```

## RETURN VALUES

Returns the ordinal number associated with a parameter. The parameter must not be a constant. If it is a constant (**cgGetParameterVariability** returns **CG\_CONSTANT**) then **0** is returned and no error is generated.

When **cgGetParameterOrdinalNumber** is passed an array, the ordinal number of the first array element is returned. When passed a struct, the ordinal number of first struct data member is returned.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

## SEE ALSO

the **cgGetParameterVariability** manpage



**NAME**

**cgGetParameterProgram** – get a parameter's parent program

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetParameterProgram( CGparameter prog );
```

**PARAMETERS**

param    Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetParameterProgram allows the application to retrieve a handle to the program a given parameter belongs to.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGprogram** handle to the parent program. In the event of an error or if the parameter is not a child of a program, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateProgram manpage, the cgGetParameterEffect manpage, the cgCreateContext manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterResource** – get a program parameter’s resource

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGresource cgGetParameterResource( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the program parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetParameterResource allows the application to retrieve the resource for a parameter in a Cg program. This resource is necessary for the application to be able to supply the program’s inputs and use the program’s outputs.

The resource enumerator is a profile-specific hardware resource.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the resource of **param**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter is not a leaf node.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameterResourceIndex manpage, the cgGetParameterBaseResource manpage, and the cgGetStringResource manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterResourceIndex** – get a program parameter's resource index

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
unsigned long cgGetParameterResourceIndex( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the program parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetParameterResourceIndex allows the application to retrieve the resource index for a parameter in a Cg program. This index value is only used with resources that are linearly addressable.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the resource index of **param**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter is not a leaf node.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameterResource manpage, the cgGetResource manpage, the cgGetResourceString manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterRows** – get number of parameter rows

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetParameterRows( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetParameterRows** return the number of rows associated with the given parameter's type.

If **param** is an array, the number of rows associated with each element of the array is returned.

**RETURN VALUES**

If **param** is a numeric type, or an array of numeric types, the number of rows associated with the type is returned.

Otherwise, 0 is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameterType manpage and the cgGetParameterColumns manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterSemantic** – get a program parameter’s semantic

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetParameterSemantic( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the program parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetParameterSemantic** allows the application to retrieve the semantic of a parameter in a Cg program. If the parameter does not have a semantic assigned to it, an empty string will be returned.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the null-terminated semantic string for the parameter.

Returns null if an error occurs.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetParameterResource` manpage, the `cgGetParameterResourceIndex` manpage, the `cgGetParameterName` manpage, and the `cgGetParameterType` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterType** – get a program parameter's type

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetParameterType( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetParameterType allows the application to retrieve the type of a parameter in a Cg program. This type is necessary for the application to be able to supply the program's inputs and use the program's outputs.

cgGetParameterType will return **CG\_STRUCT** if the parameter is a struct and **CG\_ARRAY** if the parameter is an array. Otherwise it will return the data type associated with the parameter.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the type enumerator of **param**. If an error occurs, **CG\_UNKNOWN\_TYPE** will be returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** does not refer to a valid parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetType manpage, the cgGetParameterBaseType manpage, the cgGetTypeString manpage, and the cgGetParameterClass manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterValue** – get the value of any numeric parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* type may be int, float, or double */
int cgGetParameterValue{i,f,d}{r,c}(CGparameter param,
                                   int nvals, type *v);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the program parameter whose value will be retrieved.

**nvals** The length of the **v** array, in number of elements.

**v** Destination buffer to which the parameter values will be written.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetParameterValue** allows the application to get the value of any numeric parameter or parameter array. The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly-multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

There are versions of each function that take **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by the **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that will cause any matrices referenced by **param** to be copied in either row-major or column-major order, as signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name.

For example, **cgGetParameterValueic** retrieves the values of the given parameter using the supplied array of integer data, and copies matrix data in column-major order.

If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG\_NOT\_ENOUGH\_DATA\_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows(param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns(param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize(param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

**RETURN VALUES**

The total number of values written to **v** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_POINTER\_ERROR** is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

**CG\_NOT\_ENOUGH\_DATA\_ERROR** is generated if **nvalues** is less than the total size of **param**.

**CG\_NON\_NUMERIC\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetParameterRows** manpage, the **cgGetParameterColumns** manpage, the **cgGetArrayTotalSize** manpage, and the **cgSetParameterValue** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParameterValues** – get a program parameter's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

const double *cgGetParameterValues(CGparameter param,
                                   CGenum value_type,
                                   int *nvalues);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the program parameter.

**value\_type**

Determines what type of value to return. Valid enumerants are :

- **CG\_CONSTANT**

Returns the constant values for parameters that have constant variability. See the `cgGetParameterVariability` manpage for more information.

- **CG\_DEFAULT**

Returns the default values for a uniform parameter.

- **CG\_CURRENT**

Returns the current values for a uniform parameter.

**nvalues** Pointer to integer that will be initialized to store the number of values returned.

**DESCRIPTION**

`cgGetParameterValues` allows the application to retrieve default or constant values from uniform parameters.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a pointer to an array of **double** values. The number of values in the array is returned via the **nvalues** parameter.

If no values are available, **NULL** will be returned and **nvalues** will be **0**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **nvalues** is **NULL**.

**CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** if the **value\_type** parameter is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

`cgGetParameterVariability`



**NAME**

**cgGetParameterVariability** – get a parameter’s variability

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGLenum cgGetParameterVariability( Cgparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the program parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetParameterVariability** allows the application to retrieve the variability of a parameter in a Cg program. This variability is necessary for the application to be able to supply the program’s inputs and use the program’s outputs.

**cgGetParameterVariability** will return one of the following variabilities:

**CG\_VARYING**

A varying parameter is one whose value changes with each invocation of the program.

**CG\_UNIFORM**

A uniform parameter is one whose value does not change with each invocation of a program, but whose value can change between groups of program invocations.

**CG\_LITERAL**

A literal parameter is folded out at compile time. Making a uniform parameter literal with **cgSetParameterVariability** will often make a program more efficient at the expense of requiring a compile every time the value is set.

**CG\_CONSTANT**

A constant parameter is never changed by the user. It’s generated by the compiler by certain profiles that require immediate values to be placed in certain resource locations.

**CG\_MIXED**

A structure parameter that contains parameters that differ in variability.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the variability of **param**. Returns **CG\_ERROR** if an error occurs.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetNamedParameter** manpage, the **cgGetNextParameter** manpage, the **cgGetParameterName** manpage, the **cgGetParameterType** manpage, the **cgGetParameterDirection** manpage, the **cgGetParameterBinding** manpage, the **cgGetParameterDirectionalBinding** manpage, the **cgIsArray** manpage, the **cgSetParameterVariability** manpage, the **cgSetParameterDirection** manpage, the **cgSetParameterBinding** manpage, the **cgSetParameterDirectionalBinding** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetParentType** – gets a parent type of a child type

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetParentType(CGtype type, int index);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**type** Specifies the child type.

**index** The index of the parent type. **index** must be greater than or equal to **0** and less than **N** where **N** is the value returned by `cgGetNumParentTypes`.

**DESCRIPTION**

`cgGetParentType` returns a parent type of **type**.

A parent type is one from which the given type inherits, or an interface type that the given type implements. For example, given the type definitions:

```
interface myiface {
    float4 eval(void);
};

struct mystruct : myiface {
    float4 value;
    float4 eval(void ) { return value; }
};
```

**mystruct** has a single parent type, **myiface**.

Note that the current Cg language specification implies that a type may only have a single parent type — an interface implemented by the given type.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the number of parent types. **(CGparameter)0** is returned if there are no parents.

**CG\_UNKNOWN\_TYPE** if **type** is a built-in type or an error is thrown.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_OUT\_OF\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_ERROR** is generated if **index** is outside the proper range.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNumParentTypes` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetPassName** – get a technique pass’s name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetPassName( CGpass pass );
```

**PARAMETERS**

pass      Specifies the pass.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetPassName** allows the application to retrieve the name of a pass in a Cg program. This name can be used later to retrieve the pass from the program using **cgGetNamedPass**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the null-terminated name string for the pass.

Returns null if **pass** is invalid.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PASS\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **pass** does not refer to a valid pass.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetNamedPass manpage, the cgGetFirstPass manpage, and the cgGetNextPass manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetPassTechnique** – get a pass’s technique

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtechnique cgGetPassTechnique( CGpass pass );
```

**PARAMETERS**

pass      Specifies the pass.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetPassTechnique** allows the application to retrieve a handle to the technique a given pass belongs to.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGtechnique** handle to the technique. In the event of an error **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PASS\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **pass** does not refer to a valid pass.

**SEE ALSO**

**NAME**

**cgGetProfile** – get the profile enumerator from a the profile name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGprofile cgGetProfile( const char *profile_string );
```

**PARAMETERS**

profile\_string

A string containing the profile name. The name is case-sensitive.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetProfile returns the enumerator assigned to a profile name.

The following is an example of how cgGetProfile might be used.

```
CGprofile ARBVP1Profile = cgGetProfile("arbvp1");

if(cgGetProgramProfile(myprog) == ARBVP1Profile)
{
    /* Do stuff */
}
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the profile enumerator of **profile\_string**. If no such profile exists **CG\_UNKNOWN** will be returned.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGetProfileString manpage, the cgGetProgramProfile manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetProfileString** – get the profile name associated with a profile enumerant

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetProfileString( CGprofile profile );
```

**PARAMETERS**

profile    The profile enumerant.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetProfileString returns the profile named associated with a profile enumerant. =back

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the profile string of the enumerant **profile**.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGetProfile manpage, the cgGetProgramProfile manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetProgramContext** – get a programs parent context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGcontext cgGetProgramContext( CGprogram prog );
```

**PARAMETERS**

prog      Specifies the program.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetProgramContext allows the application to retrieve a handle to the context a given program belongs to.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGcontext** handle to the parent context. In the event of an error **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateProgram manpage, and the cgCreateContext manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetProgramOptions** – get strings from a program object

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
char const * const * cgGetProgramOptions( CGprogram prog );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**prog** Specifies the Cg program to query.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetProgramOptions** allows the application to retrieve the set of options used to compile the program.

The options are returned in an array of ASCII-encoded NULL-terminated character strings. Each string contains a single option. The last element of the string array is guaranteed to be NULL.

NULL is returned if no options exist, or if an error occurs.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetProgramString manpage



**NAME**

**cgGetProgramProfile, cgSetProgramProfile** – get or set a program's profile

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgGetProgramProfile(CGprogram prog);  
void cgSetProgramProfile(CGprogram prog, CGprofile profile);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**prog** Specifies the program.

**profile** Specifies the profile to be used when compiling the program.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgSetProgramProfile** allows the application to specify the profile to be used when compiling the given program. When called, the program will be unloaded if it is currently loaded, and marked as uncompiled. When the program is next compiled (see **cgSetAutoCompile**), the given **profile** will be used. **cgSetProgramProfile** can be used to override the profile specified in a CgFX **compile** statement, or to change the profile associated with a program created by a call to **cgCreateProgram**.

**cgGetProgramProfile** allows the application to retrieve the profile enumerator currently associated with the program.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetProgramProfile** returns the profile enumerator associated with **prog**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **profile** is not a valid profile enumerator.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetProfile** manpage, the **cgGetProfileString** manpage, the **cgCreateProgram** manpage, and the **cgSetAutoCompile** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue** – get a program-valued state assignment's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGprogram cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**sa** Specifies the state assignment.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValues** allows the application to retrieve the *value(s)* of a state assignment that stores a **CGprogram**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGprogram** handle.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **sa** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if the state assignment is not **CGprogram**-typed.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetStateAssignmentState` manpage, the `cgGetStateType` manpage, the `cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue` manpage, and the `cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetProgramString** – get strings from a program object

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetProgramString( CGprogram prog, CGenum pname );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**prog** Specifies the Cg program to query.

**pname** Specifies the string to retrieve. **pname** can be one of **CG\_PROGRAM\_SOURCE**, **CG\_PROGRAM\_ENTRY**, **CG\_PROGRAM\_PROFILE**, or **CG\_COMPILED\_PROGRAM**.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetProgramString** allows the application to retrieve program strings that have been set via functions that modify program state.

When **pname** is **CG\_PROGRAM\_SOURCE** the original Cg source program is returned.

When **pname** is **CG\_PROGRAM\_ENTRY** the main entry point for the program is returned.

When **pname** is **CG\_PROGRAM\_PROFILE** the profile for the program is returned.

When **pname** is **CG\_COMPILED\_PROGRAM**, the string for the compiled program is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** is generated if **pname** is an invalid enumerant.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgCreateProgram` manpage, the `cgGetProgramOptions` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetResource** – get the resource enumerator assigned to a resource name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGresource cgGetResource( const char *resource_string );
```

**PARAMETERS**

resource\_string  
A string containing the resource name.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetResource returns the enumerator assigned to a resource name.

The following is an example of how cgGetResource might be used.

```
CGresource PositionResource = cgGetResource("POSITION");

if(cgGetParameterResource(myparam) == PositionResource)
{
    /* Do stuff */
}
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the resource enumerator of **resource\_string**. If no such resource exists **CG\_UNKNOWN** will be returned.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGetResourceString manpage, the cgGetParameterResource manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetString** – get the resource name associated with a resource enumerator

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetString( CGresource resource );
```

**PARAMETERS**

resource The resource enumerator.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetString returns the resource named associated with a resource enumerator. =back

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the resource string of the enumerator **resource**.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGetString manpage, the cgGetParameterResource manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter** – get the sampler parameter being set up given a state assignment in its `sampler_state` block.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

`sa` Specifies the state assignment in a **sampler\_state** block

**DESCRIPTION**

Given the handle to a state assignment in a **sampler\_state** block in an effect file, **cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter** returns a handle to the sampler parameter being initialized. For example, given an effect file with:

```
sampler2D foo = sampler_state { GenerateMipmap = true; }
```

If `sa` is a handle to the **GenerateMipmap** state assignment, then **cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter** returns a handle to `foo`.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentParameter** returns a handle to a parameter. If `sa` is not a state assignment in a **sampler\_state** block, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if `sa` does not refer to a valid state assignment.

**NAME**

**cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue** – get a sampler-valued state assignment's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**sa** Specifies the state assignment.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValues** allows the application to retrieve the *value* (s) of a state assignment that stores a sampler.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGparameter** handle for the sampler.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **sa** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if the state assignment is not a sampler parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetStateAssignmentState` manpage, the `cgGetStateType` manpage, the `cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue` manpage, and the `cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetStateAssignmentIndex** – get the array index of a state assignment for array-valued state

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
int cgGetStateAssignmentIndex(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

sa            Specifies the state assignment.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetStateAssignmentIndex** returns the array index of a state assignment if the state it is based on is an array type. For example, if there is a “LightPosition” state defined as an array of eight **float3** values, then given an effect file with the state assignment:

```
pass { LightPosition[3] = float3(10,0,0); }
```

Then when **cgGetStateAssignmentIndex** is passed a handle to this state assignment, it will return the value three.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns an integer index value. If the **CGstate** for this state assignment is not an array type, zero is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **sa** is invalid.



**NAME**

**cgGetStateAssignmentPass** – get a state assignment's pass

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGpass cgGetStateAssignmentPass( CGstateassignment sa );
```

**PARAMETERS**

sa            Specifies the state assignment.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetStateassignmentPass** allows the application to retrieve a handle to the pass a given stateassignment belongs to.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGpass** handle to the pass. In the event of an error **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **sa** does not refer to a valid state assignment.

**SEE ALSO**

**NAME**

**cgGetStateAssignmentState** – returns the state type of a particular state assignment

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstate cgGetStateAssignmentState(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

sa            Specifies the state assignment handle.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetStateAssignmentState** returns the **CGstate** object that corresponding to a particular state assignment in a pass. This object can then be queried to find out its type, giving the type of the state assignment.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **sa** is not a valid state assignment handle.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetStateType manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetStateName** – get a state’s name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetStateName( CGstate state );
```

**PARAMETERS**

state      Specifies the state.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetStateName** allows the application to retrieve the name of a state defined in a Cg context. This name can be used later to retrieve the state from the context using **cgGetNamedState**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the null-terminated name string for the state.

Returns null if **state** is invalid.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **state** does not refer to a valid state.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetNamedState manpage, the cgGetFirstState manpage, and the cgGetNextState manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetStateResetCallback** – get the state resetting callback function for a state

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstatecallback cgGetStateResetCallback( CGstate state );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**state** Specifies the state to retrieve the callback from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetStateResetCallback** returns the callback function used for resetting the state when the given state is encountered in a pass in a technique. See the `cgSetStateCallbacks` manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgStateResetCallback** returns a pointer to the state resetting callback function. If **state** is not a valid state or if it has no callback, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **state** does not refer to a valid state.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgSetStateCallbacks` manpage, the `cgCallStateResetCallback` manpage, and the `cgResetPassState` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetStateSetCallback** – get the state setting callback function for a state

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstatecallback cgGetStateSetCallback( CGstate state );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**state** Specifies the state to retrieve the callback from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetStateSetCallback** returns the callback function used for setting the state when the given state is encountered in a pass in a technique. See the `cgSetStateCallbacks` manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGetStateSetCallback** returns a pointer to the state setting callback function. If **state** is not a valid state or if it has no callback, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **state** does not refer to a valid state.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgSetStateCallbacks` manpage, the `cgCallStateSetCallback` manpage, and the `cgSetPassState` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetStateType** – returns the type of a given state

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGtype cgGetStateType(CGstate state);
```

**PARAMETERS**

state      Specifies the state to return the type of.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetStateType** returns the type of a state that was previously defined via the `cgCreateState` manpage, the `cgCreateArrayState` manpage, the `cgCreateSamplerState` manpage, or the `cgCreateSamplerArrayState` manpage.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the **CGtype** of the given state.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **state** does not refer to a valid state.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgCreateState` manpage, the `cgCreateArrayState` manpage, the `cgCreateSamplerState` manpage, the `cgCreateSamplerArrayState` manpage, and the `cgGetStateName` manpage.

**NAME**

**cgGetStateValidateCallback** – get the state validate callback function for a state

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGstatecallback cgGetStateValidateCallback( CGstate state );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**state** Specifies the state to retrieve the callback from.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetStateValidateCallback** returns the callback function used for validating the state when the given state is encountered in a pass in a technique. See the [cgSetStateCallbacks](#) manpage and the [cgCallStateValidateCallback](#) manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgStateValidateCallback** returns a pointer to the state validating callback function. If **state** is not a valid state or if it has no callback, **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **state** does not refer to a valid state.

**SEE ALSO**

the [cgSetStateCallbacks](#) manpage, the [cgCallStateValidateCallback](#) manpage, the [cgValidateTechnique](#) manpage, and the [cgValidatePassState](#) manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetString** – gets a special string

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char *cgGetString(CGenum sname);
```

**PARAMETERS**

sname    An enumerant describing the string to be returned.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetString returns an informative string depending on the **sname**. Currently there is only one valid enumerant that may be passed in.

**CG\_VERSION**

Returns the version string of the Cg runtime and compiler.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the string depending on **name**. Returns **NULL** in the event of an error.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** if **sname** is an invalid enumerant.

**SEE ALSO**



**NAME**

**cgGetStringAnnotationValue** – get an string-valued annotation’s value

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char *cgGetStringAnnotationValue(CGannotation ann);
```

**PARAMETERS**

ann       Specifies the annotation.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgStringAnnotationValue** allows the application to retrieve the value of a string typed annotation.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a pointer to a string.

If no value is available, **NULL** will be returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_ANNOTATION\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **ann** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetAnnotationType` manpage, the `cgGetFloatAnnotationValues` manpage, the `cgGetStringAnnotationValues` manpage, and the `cgGetBooleanAnnotationValues` manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetStringParameterValue** – get the value of a string parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char *cgGetStringParameterValue(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter whose value will be retrieved.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetStringParameterValue** allows the application to get the value of a string parameter.

**RETURN VALUES**

A constant pointer to the parameter's string is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if the type of the given parameter is not **CG\_STRING**.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgSetStringParameterValue manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue** – get a string-valued state assignment's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char *cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

sa            Specifies the state assignment.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetStringStateAssignmentValues** allows the application to retrieve the *value* (s) of a string typed state assignment.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a pointer to a string.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **sa** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if the state assignment is not string-typed.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetStateAssignmentState` manpage, the `cgGetStateType` manpage, the `cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetBoolStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetProgramStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue` manpage, and the `cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetTechniqueEffect** – get a technique’s effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGeffect cgGetTechniqueEffect( CGtechnique technique );
```

**PARAMETERS**

technique

Specifies the technique.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetTechniqueEffect** allows the application to retrieve a handle to the effect a given technique belongs to.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGeffect** handle to the effect. In the event of an error **NULL** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **technique** does not refer to a valid technique.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateEffect manpage, the cgCreateEffectFromFile manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetTechniqueName** – get a technique’s name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetTechniqueName( CGtechnique tech );
```

**PARAMETERS**

tech      Specifies the technique.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetTechniqueName** allows the application to retrieve the name of a technique in a Cg effect. This name can be used later to retrieve the technique from the effect using **cgGetTechniqueByName**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the null-terminated name string for the technique.

Returns null if **tech** is invalid.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **tech** does not refer to a valid technique.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetNamedTechnique manpage, the cgGetFirst manpage, and the cgGetNextTechnique manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue** – get a texture-valued state assignment's values

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGparameter cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

sa Specifies the state assignment.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValues** allows the application to retrieve the *value* (s) of a state assignment that stores a texture parameter.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns a **CGprogram** handle.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ASSIGNMENT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **sa** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if the state assignment is not a texture.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetStateAssignmentState` manpage, the `cgGetStateType` manpage, the `cgGetFloatStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetIntStateAssignmentValues` manpage, the `cgGetStringStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue` manpage, the `cgGetSamplerStateAssignmentValue` manpage, and the `cgGetTextureStateAssignmentValue` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetType** – get the type enumerator assigned to a type name

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetType( const char *type_string );
```

**PARAMETERS**

type\_string

A string containing the type name. The name is case-sensitive.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetType returns the enumerator assigned to a type name.

The following is an example of how cgGetType might be used.

```
CGtype Float4Type = cgGetType("float4");

if(cgGetParameterType(myparam) == Float4Type)
{
    /* Do stuff */
}
```

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the type enumerator of **type\_string**. If no such type exists **CG\_UNKNOWN\_TYPE** will be returned.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGetTypeString manpage, the cgGetParameterType manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetTypeString** – get the type name associated with a type enumerant

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
const char * cgGetTypeString( CGtype type );
```

**PARAMETERS**

type      The type enumerant.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGetTypeString returns the type named associated with a type enumerant. =back

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the type string of the enumerant **type**.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGetType manpage, the cgGetParameterType manpage



**NAME**

**cgGetUserType** – get enumerant of user-defined type from a program or effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGtype cgGetUserType(CGhandle handle, int index);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**handle** The **CGprogram** or **CGeffect** in which the type is defined.

**index** The index of the user-defined type. **index** must be greater than or equal to **0** and less than the value returned by a corresponding call to `cgGetNumUserTypes`.

**DESCRIPTION**

`cgGetUserType` returns the enumerant associated with the user-defined type with the given **index** in the given **CGprogram** or **CGeffect**.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns the type enumerant associated with the type with the given **index**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **handle** is not a valid **CGprogram** or **CGeffect**.

**CG\_OUT\_OF\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_ERROR** is generated if **index** is outside the proper range.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetNumUserTypes` manpage, and the `cgGetNamedUserType` manpage

**NAME**

**cgIsAnnotation** – determine if a CGannotation references a valid Cg annotation

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsAnnotation(CGannotation ann);
```

**PARAMETERS**

ann       Specifies the annotation handle to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsAnnotation returns **CG\_TRUE** if **ann** references a valid annotation, **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS**

This function generates no errors.

**NAME**

**cgIsContext** – determine if a CGcontext references a Cg valid context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsContext(CGcontext ctx);
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        Specifies the context handle to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsContext returns **CG\_TRUE** if **ctx** references a valid context, **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateContext manpage, the cgDestroyContext manpage

**NAME**

**cgIsEffect** – determine if a CGeffect references a valid Cg effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsEffect(CGeffect effect);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**effect** Specifies the effect handle to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsEffect returns **CG\_TRUE** if **effect** references a valid effect, **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS**

This function generates no errors.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateEffect manpage, the cgCreateEffectFromFile manpage

**NAME**

**cgIsInterfaceType** – determine if a type is an interface

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsInterfaceType(CGtype type);
```

**PARAMETERS**

type      Specifies the type being evaluated.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsInterfaceType returns **CG\_TRUE** if **type** is an interface (not just a struct), **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGetType manpage

**NAME**

**cgIsParameter** – determine if a CGparameter references a valid Cg parameter object

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsParameter( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

param     Specifies the parameter handle to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsParameter returns **CG\_TRUE** if **param** references a valid parameter object. This function is typically used for iterating through the parameters of an object. It can also be used as a consistency check when the application caches CGparameter handles. Certain program operations like deleting the program or context object that the parameter is contained in will cause a parameter object to become invalid.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns CG\_TRUE if **param** references a valid parameter object.

Returns CG\_FALSE otherwise.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGetNextParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgIsParameterGlobal** – determine if a parameter is global

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsParameterGlobal(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

param    Specifies the parameter handle to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsParameterGlobal returns **CG\_TRUE** if **param** is a global parameter and **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns **CG\_TRUE** if **param** is global.

Returns **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

**NAME**

**cgIsParameterReferenced** – determine if a program parameter is potentially referenced

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsParameterReferenced( CGparameter param );
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the handle of the parameter to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgIsParameterReferenced** returns **CG\_TRUE** if **param** is a program parameter, and is potentially referenced (used) within the program. It otherwise returns **CG\_FALSE**.

Program parameters are those parameters associated directly with a CGprogram, whose handles are retrieved by calling, for example, **cgGetNamedProgramParameter**.

The value returned by **cgIsParameterReferenced** is conservative, but not always exact. A return value of **CG\_TRUE** indicates that the parameter may be used by its associated program. A return value of **CG\_FALSE** indicates that the parameter is definitely not referenced by the program.

If **param** is an aggregate program parameter (a struct or array), **CG\_TRUE** is returned if any of **param**'s children are potentially referenced by the program.

If **param** is a leaf parameter and the return value is **CG\_FALSE**, **cgGetParameterResource** may return **CG\_INVALID\_VALUE** for this parameter.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns **CG\_TRUE** if **param** is a program parameter, and is potentially referenced by the program.

Returns **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetNamedProgramParameter** manpage, the **cgIsParameterUsed** manpage, the **cgGetParameterResource** manpage



## NAME

**cgIsParameterUsed** – determine if a CGparameter is potentially used

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsParameterUsed( CGparameter param, CGhandle container );
```

## PARAMETERS

**param** Specifies the parameter to check.

**container**

Specifies the CGeffect, CGtechnique, CGpass, CGstateassignment, or CGprogram that may potentially use **param**.

## DESCRIPTION

**cgIsParameterUsed** returns **CG\_TRUE** if **param** is potentially used by the given **container**. If **param** is a struct or array, **CG\_TRUE** is returned if any of its children are potentially used by **container**. It otherwise returns **CG\_FALSE**.

The value returned by **cgIsParameterUsed** is conservative, but not always exact. A return value of **CG\_TRUE** indicates that the parameter may be used by **container**. A return value of **CG\_FALSE** indicates that the parameter is definitely not used by **container**.

The given **param** handle may reference a program parameter, an effect parameter, or a shared parameter.

The **container** handle may reference a CGeffect, CGtechnique, CGpass, CGstateassignment, or CGprogram.

If **container** is a CGprogram, **CG\_TRUE** is returned if any of the program's referenced parameters inherit their values directly or indirectly (due to parameter connections) from **param**.

If **container** is a CGstateassignment, **CG\_TRUE** is returned if the right-hand side of the state assignment may directly or indirectly depend on the value of **param**. If the state assignment involves a **CGprogram**, the program's parameters are also considered, as above.

If **container** is a CGpass, **CG\_TRUE** is returned if any of the pass' state assignments potentially use **param**.

If **container** is a CGtechnique, **CG\_TRUE** is returned if any of the technique's passes potentially use **param**.

If **container** is a CGeffect, **CG\_TRUE** is returned if any of the effect's techniques potentially use **param**.

## RETURN VALUES

**CG\_TRUE** is returned if **param** is potentially used by **container**. **CG\_FALSE** is returned otherwise.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the **param** handle is invalid, or if **container** is not the handle of a valid container.

## SEE ALSO

the cgIsParameterReferenced manpage, the cgConnectParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgIsParentType** – determine if a type is a parent of another type

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsParentType(CGtype parent, CGtype child);
```

**PARAMETERS**

parent    Specifies the parent type.

child     Specifies the child type.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsParentType returns **CG\_TRUE** if **parent** is a parent type of **child**. Otherwise **CG\_FALSE** is returned.

**ERRORS**

This function does not generate any errors.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParentType manpage

**NAME**

**cgIsPass** – determine if a CGpass references a valid Cg pass

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsPass(CGpass pass);
```

**PARAMETERS**

pass      Specifies the pass handle to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsPass returns **CG\_TRUE** if **pass** references a valid pass, **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS**

This function generates no errors.

**NAME**

**cgIsProgram** – determine if a CGprogram handle references a Cg program object

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

CGbool cgIsProgram( CGprogram prog );
```

**PARAMETERS**

prog      Specifies the program handle to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsProgram return CG\_TRUE if **prog** references a valid program object. Note that this does not imply that the program has been successfully compiled.

**RETURN VALUES**

Returns CG\_TRUE if **prog** references a valid program object.

Returns CG\_FALSE otherwise.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateProgram manpage, the cgDestroyProgram manpage, the cgGetNextProgram manpage

**NAME**

**cgIsProgramCompiled** – determine if a program has been compiled

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsProgramCompiled(CGprogram prog);
```

**PARAMETERS**

prog      Specifies the program.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsProgramCompiled returns **CG\_TRUE** if **prog** has been compiled and **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCompileProgram manpage, and the cgSetAutoCompile manpage

**NAME**

**cgIsState** – determine if a CGstate references a Cg valid state

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsState(CGstate state);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**state**      Specifies the state handle to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsState returns **CG\_TRUE** if **state** references a valid state, **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS**

This function generates no errors.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateState manpage

**NAME**

**cgIsStateAssignment** – determine if a CGstate assignment references a valid Cg state assignment

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsStateAssignment(CGstateassignment sa);
```

**PARAMETERS**

sa            Specifies the state assignment handle to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsStateAssignment returns **CG\_TRUE** if **sa** references a valid state assignment, **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS**

This function generates no errors.

**NAME**

**cgIsTechnique** – determine if a CGtechnique references a valid Cg technique

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsTechnique(CGtechnique technique);
```

**PARAMETERS**

technique

Specifies the technique handle to check.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsTechnique returns **CG\_TRUE** if **technique** references a valid technique, **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS**

This function generates no errors.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCreateTechnique manpage, the cgDestroyTechnique manpage



**NAME**

**cgIsTechniqueValidated** – indicates whether the technique has passed validation

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgIsTechniqueValidated(CGtechnique technique);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**technique**

Specifies the technique handle.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgIsTechniqueValidated** returns **CG\_TRUE** if the technique has previously passes validation via a call to the `cgValidateTechnique` manpage. **CG\_FALSE** is returned both if validation hasn't been attempted as well as if the technique has failed a validation attempt.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **technique** does not refer to a valid technique.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgValidateTechnique` manpage, the `CallStateValidateCallback` manpage

**NAME**

**cgResetPassState** – calls the state resetting callback functions for all of the state assignments in a pass.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgResetPassState(CGpass pass);
```

**PARAMETERS**

pass      Specifies the pass handle.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgResetPassState** resets all of the graphics state defined in a pass by calling the state resetting callbacks for all of the state assignments in the pass.

The semantics of “resetting state” will depend on the particular graphics state manager that defined the valid state assignments; it will generally either mean that graphics state is reset to what it was before the pass, or that it is reset to the default value. The OpenGL state manager in the OpenGL Cg runtime implements the latter approach.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PASS\_ERROR** is generated if **pass** does not refer to a valid pass.

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_ERROR** if the technique that the pass is a part of has failed validation.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgSetPassState manpage, the cgCallStateResetCallback manpage

**NAME**

**cgSetArraySize** – sets the size of a resizable array parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgSetArraySize(CGparameter param, int size);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the array parameter handle.  
**size** Specifies the new size of the array.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgSetArraySize sets the size of a resiable array parameter **param** to **size**.

**EXAMPLE**

If you have Cg program with a parameter like this :

```
// ...

float4 main(float4 myarray[])
{
    // ...
}
```

You can set the size of the **myarray** array parameter to **5** like so :

```
CGparameter MyArrayParam =
    cgGetNamedProgramParameter(Program, CG_PROGRAM, "myarray");

cgSetArraySize(MyArrayParam, 5);
```

**RETURN VALUES**

cgSetArraySize does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is an invalid parameter handle or not an array.

**CG\_ARRAY\_PARAM\_ERROR** if **param** is not an array param.

**CG\_INVALID\_DIMENSION\_ERROR** is generated if the dimension of the array parameter **param** is not 1.

**CG\_PARAMETER\_IS\_NOT\_RESIZABLE\_ARRAY\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a resizable array.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetArraySize manpage, the cgGetArrayDimension manpage, and the cgSetMultiDimArraySize manpage

## NAME

**cgSetAutoCompile** – sets the auto-compile mode for a context

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetAutoCompile(CGcontext ctx, CGenum flag);
```

## PARAMETERS

**ctx** Specifies the context.

**flag** The auto-compile mode to set the **ctx** to. Must be one of the following :

- **CG\_COMPILE\_MANUAL**
- **CG\_COMPILE\_IMMEDIATE**
- **CG\_COMPILE\_LAZY**

## DESCRIPTION

cgSetAutoCompile sets the auto compile mode for a given context. By default, programs are immediately recompiled when they enter an uncompiled state. This may happen for a variety of reasons including :

- Setting the value of a literal parameter.
- Resizing arrays.
- Binding structs to interface parameters.

**flag** may be one of the following three enumerants :

- **CG\_COMPILE\_IMMEDIATE**

**CG\_COMPILE\_IMMEDIATE** will force recompilation automatically and immediately when a program enters an uncompiled state. This is the default mode.

- **CG\_COMPILE\_MANUAL**

With this method the application is responsible for manually recompiling a program. It may check to see if a program requires recompilation with the entry point cgIsProgramCompiled. cgCompileProgram can then be used to force compilation.

- **CG\_COMPILE\_LAZY**

This method is similar to **CG\_COMPILE\_IMMEDIATE** but will delay program recompilation until the program object code is needed. The advantage of this method is the reduction of extraneous recompilations. The disadvantage is that compile time errors will not be encountered when the program enters the uncompiled state but will instead be encountered at some later time.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **ctx** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** is generated if **flag** is invalid.

## SEE ALSO

the cgCompileProgram manpage, and the cgIsProgramCompiled manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetErrorCallback**, **cgSetErrorCallback** – get and set the error callback

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

typedef void (*CGerrorCallbackFunc)(void);

void cgSetErrorCallback( CGerrorCallbackFunc func );
CGerrorCallbackFunc cgGetErrorCallback( void );
```

**PARAMETERS**

func      A function pointer to the callback function.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgSetErrorCallback sets a callback function that will be called every time an error occurs. The callback function is not passed any parameters. It is assumed that the callback function will call cgGetError to obtain the current error. To disable the callback function, cgSetErrorCallback may be called with **NULL**.

**cgGetErrorCallback** returns the currently set callback function. **NULL** will be returned if no callback function is set.

The following is an example of how to set and use an error callback :

```
void MyErrorCallback( void ) {
    int Error = cgGetError();
    fprintf(stderr, "ERROR : %s\n", cgGetErrorString(Error));
}

void main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    cgSetErrorCallback(MyErrorCallback);

    /* Do stuff */
}
```

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGetError manpage, the cgGetErrorString manpage

**NAME**

**cgGetErrorHandler**, **cgSetErrorHandler** – get and set the error handler callback

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

typedef void (*CGErrorHandlerFunc)(CGcontext context, CGError err, void *appdata);

void cgSetErrorHandler(CGErrorHandlerFunc func, void *appdata);
CGErrorHandlerFunc cgGetErrorHandler(void **appdataptr);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**func** A pointer to the error handler callback function.

**appdata** A pointer to arbitrary application-provided data.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgSetErrorHandler** specifies an error handler function that will be called every time a Cg runtime error occurs. The callback function is passed:

**context**

The context in which the error occurred. If the context cannot be determined, a context handle of 0 is used.

**err** The enumerator of the error triggering the callback.

**appdata**

The value of the pointer passed to **cgSetErrorHandler**. This pointer can be used to make arbitrary application-side information available to the error handler.

To disable the callback function, specify a **NULL** callback function pointer via **cgSetErrorHandler**.

**cgGetErrorHandler** returns the currently error handler callback function. **NULL** will be returned if no callback function is set. The value of the current **appdata** pointer will be copied into the location pointed to by **appdataptr** if **appdataptr** is not **NULL**.

The following is an example of how to set and use an error handler:

```
void MyErrorHandler(CGcontext ctx, CGError err, void *data) {
    char *progrname = (char *)data;
    fprintf(stderr, "%s: Error: %s\n", progrname, cgGetErrorString(err));
}

void main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    ...
    cgSetErrorHandler(MyErrorHandler, (void *)argv[0]);
    ...
}
```

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGetError manpage, the cgGetFirstError manpage, the cgGetErrorString manpage

**NAME**

**cgSetMatrixParameter** – sets the value of matrix parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* type is int, float or double */
void cgSetMatrixParameter{ifd}{rc}(CGparameter param, const type *matrix);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter that will be set.

**matrix** An array of values to set the matrix parameter to. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

**DESCRIPTION**

The `cgSetMatrixParameter` functions set the value of a given matrix parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

There are versions of each function that take **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by the **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that assume the array of values are layed out in either row or column order signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name respectively.

The `cgSetMatrixParameter` functions may only be called with uniform parameters.

**RETURN VALUES**

The `cgSetMatrixParameter` functions do not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_NOT\_MATRIX\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetParameterRows` manpage, the `cgGetParameterColumns` manpage, the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, and the `cgGetParameterValues` manpage

**NAME**

**cgSetMultiDimArraySize** – sets the size of a resizable multi-dimensional array parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgSetMultiDimArraySize(CGparameter param, const int *sizes);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the array parameter handle.  
**sizes** An array of sizes for each dimension of the array.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgSetMultiDimArraySize sets the size of each dimension of resiable multi-dimensional array parameter **param**. **sizes** must be an array that has **N** number of elements where **N** is equal to the result of cgGetArrayDimension.

**EXAMPLE**

If you have Cg program with a parameter like this :

```
// ...

float4 main(float4 myarray[][][])
{
    // ...
}
```

You can set the sizes of each dimension of the **myarray** array parameter like so :

```
const int Sizes[] = { 3, 2, 4 };
CGparameter MyArrayParam =
    cgGetNamedProgramParameter(Program, CG_PROGRAM, "myarray");

cgSetMultiDimArraySize(MyArrayParam, Sizes);
```

**RETURN VALUES**

cgSetMultiArraySize does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is an invalid parameter handle or not an array.

**CG\_ARRAY\_PARAM\_ERROR** if **param** is not an array param.

**CG\_PARAMETER\_IS\_NOT\_RESIZABLE\_ARRAY\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a resizable array.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetArraySize manpage, the cgGetArrayDimension manpage, and the cgSetArraySize manpage



**NAME**

**cgSetParameter** – sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* type is int, float or double */

void cgSetParameter1{ifd}(CGparameter param,
                           type x);

void cgSetParameter2{ifd}(CGparameter param,
                           type x,
                           type y);

void cgSetParameter3{ifd}(CGparameter param,
                           type x,
                           type y,
                           type z);

void cgSetParameter4{ifd}(CGparameter param,
                           type x,
                           type y,
                           type z,
                           type w);

void cgSetParameter{1234}{ifd}v(CGparameter param,
                                const type *v);
```

**PARAMETERS**

- param    Specifies the parameter that will be set.
- x, y, z, and w    The values to set the parameter to.
- v    The values to set the parameter to for the array versions of the set functions.

**DESCRIPTION**

The `cgSetParameter` functions set the value of a given scalar or vector parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

Each function takes either 1, 2, 3, or 4 values depending on the function that is used. If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored. If less values are passed in than the parameter requires, the last value will be smeared.

There are versions of each function that take **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by the **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

The functions with the **v** at the end of their names take an array of values instead of explicit parameters.

Once `cgSetParameter` has been used to set a parameter, the values may be retrieved from the parameter using the **CG\_CURRENT** enumerant with `cgGetParameterValues`.

If an API-dependant layer of the Cg runtime (e.g. `cgGL`) is used, these entry points may end up making API (e.g. `OpenGL`) calls.

**RETURN VALUES**

The `cgSetParameter` functions do not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameterValue manpage

**NAME**

**cgSetParameterSemantic** – set a program parameter’s semantic

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgGetParameterSemantic( CGparameter param, const char *semantic );
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the program parameter.

semantic  
Specifies the semantic.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgSetParameterSemantic** allows the application to set the semantic of a parameter in a Cg program.

**RETURN VALUES**

None.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter is not a leaf node or if the semantic string is NULL.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetParameterResource` manpage, the `cgGetParameterResourceIndex` manpage, the `cgGetParameterName` manpage, and the `cgGetParameterType` manpage

**NAME**

**cgSetParameterValue** – set the value of any numeric parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

/* type may be int, float, or double */
void cgSetParameterValue{i,f,d}{r,c}(CGparameter param,
                                     int nvals, type *v);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the program parameter whose value will be set.

**nvals** The length of the **v** array, in number of elements.

**v** Source buffer from which the parameter values will be read.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgSetParameterValue** allows the application to set the value of any numeric parameter or parameter array. The given parameter must be a scalar, vector, matrix, or a (possibly-multidimensional) array of scalars, vectors, or matrices.

There are versions of each function that take **int**, **float** or **double** values signified by the **i**, **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that will cause any matrices referenced by **param** to be initialized in either row-major or column-major order, as signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name.

For example, **cgSetParameterValueic** sets the given parameter using the supplied array of integer data, and initializes matrices in column-major order.

If **v** is smaller than the total number of values in the given source parameter, **CG\_NOT\_ENOUGH\_DATA\_ERROR** is generated.

The total number of values in a parameter, **ntotal**, may be computed as follow:

```
int nrows = cgGetParameterRows(param);
int ncols = cgGetParameterColumns(param);
int asize = cgGetArrayTotalSize(param);
int ntotal = nrows*ncols;
if (asize > 0) ntotal *= asize;
```

**RETURN VALUES**

No value is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_POINTER\_ERROR** is generated if **v** is **NULL**.

**CG\_NOT\_ENOUGH\_DATA\_ERROR** is generated if **nvalues** is less than the total size of **param**.

**CG\_NON\_NUMERIC\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is of a non-numeric type.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGetParameterRows** manpage, the **cgGetParameterColumns** manpage, the **cgGetArrayTotalSize** manpage, and the **cgGetParameterValue** manpage

**NAME**

**cgSetParameterVariability** – set a parameter’s variability

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetParameterVariability(CGparameter param, CGenum vary);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter.

**vary** The variability the **param** will be set to.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgSetParameterVariability allows the application to change the variability of a parameter.

Currently parameters may not be changed to or from **CG\_VARYING** variability. However parameters of **CG\_UNIFORM** and **CG\_LITERAL** variability may be changed.

Valid values for **vary** include :

**CG\_UNIFORM**

A uniform parameter is one whose value does not change with each invocation of a program, but whose value can change between groups of program invocations.

**CG\_LITERAL**

A literal parameter is folded out at compile time. Making a uniform parameter literal will often make a program more efficient at the expense of requiring a compile every time the value is set.

**CG\_DEFAULT**

By default, the variability of a parameter will be overridden by the a source parameter connected to it unless it is changed with cgSetParameterVariability. If it is set to **CG\_DEFAULT** it will restore the default state of assuming the source parameters variability.

**RETURN VALUES**

This function does not return a value.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** is generated if **vary** is not a valid enumerant.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_VARIABILITY\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter could not be changed to the variability indicated by **vary**.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameterVariability manpage

**NAME**

**cgSetPassProgramParameters** – set uniform parameters specified via a compile statement

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetPassProgramParameters(CGprogram prog);
```

**PARAMETERS**

prog      Specifies the program

**DESCRIPTION**

Given the handle to a program specified in a pass in a CgFX file, **cgSetPassProgramParameters** sets the values of the program's uniform parameters given the expressions in the **compile** statement in the CgFX file.

(This entrypoint is normally only needed by state managers and doesn't need to be called by users.)

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** does not refer to a valid program.

**NAME**

**cgSetPassState** – calls the state setting callback functions for all of the state assignments in a pass.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>

void cgSetPassState(CGpass pass);
```

**PARAMETERS**

pass      Specifies the pass handle.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgSetPassState** sets all of the graphics state defined in a pass by calling the state setting callbacks for all of the state assignments in the pass.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PASS\_ERROR** is generated if **pass** does not refer to a valid pass.

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_ERROR** if the technique that the pass is a part of has failed validation.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgResetPassState manpage, the cgCallStateSetCallback manpage

**NAME**

**cgSetSamplerState** – initializes the state specified for a sampler parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetSamplerState(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

parameter

Specifies the parameter handle.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgSetSamplerState** sets the sampler state for a sampler parameter that was specified via a **sampler\_state** block in a CgFX file. The corresponding sampler should be bound via the graphics API before this call is made.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.



**NAME**

**cgSetStateCallbacks** – registers the set, reset, and validation callback functions for a state assignment.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetStateCallbacks(CGstate state, CGstatecallback set, CGstatecallback reset,  
                        CGstatecallback validate);
```

**PARAMETERS**

- |          |   |
|----------|---|
| state    | Specifies the state handle.   |
| set      | Specifies the pointer to the callback function to call for setting the state of state assignments based on <b>state</b> . This may be a <b>NULL</b> pointer.    |
| reset    | Specifies the pointer to the callback function to call for resetting the state of state assignments based on <b>state</b> . This may be a <b>NULL</b> pointer.  |
| validate | Specifies the pointer to the callback function to call for validating the state of state assignments based on <b>state</b> . This may be a <b>NULL</b> pointer. |

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgSetStateCallbacks** sets the three callback functions for a state definition. These functions are later called when the state a particular state assignment based on this state must be set, reset, or validated. Any of the callback functions may be specified as **NULL**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_STATE\_ERROR** is generated if **state** does not refer to a valid state definition.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgSetPassState manpage, the cgCallStateSetCallback manpage, the cgCallStateResetCallback manpage, the cgCallStateValidateCallback manpage, the cgValidateTechnique manpage.

**NAME**

**cgSetStringParameterValue** – get the value of a string parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
void cgSetStringParameterValue(CGparameter param, const char *value);
```

**PARAMETERS**

param    Specifies the parameter whose value will be set.

value    Specifies the string to set the parameter's value as.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgSetStringParameterValue** allows the application to set the value of a string parameter.

**RETURN VALUES**

None.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if the handle **param** is invalid.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_TYPE\_ERROR** is generated if the type of the given parameter is not **CG\_STRING**.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgSetStringParameterValue manpage

**NAME**

**cgValidateTechnique** – validate a technique from an effect

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cg.h>
```

```
CGbool cgValidateTechnique(CGtechnique technique);
```

**PARAMETERS**

technique

Specifies the technique handle to validate.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgValidateTechnique** returns **CG\_TRUE** if all of the state assignments in all of the passes in **technique** are valid and can be used on the current hardware and **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

This function iterates over all state assignments in all passes and calls the cgCallStateValidateCallback manpage to test to see if the state assignment passes validation. If any state assignment fails validation, **CG\_FALSE** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_TECHNIQUE\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **technique** does not refer to a valid technique.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgCallStateValidateCallback manpage, the cgSetStateCallbacks manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLBindProgram** – prepares a program for binding

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLBindProgram(CGprogram prog);
```

**PARAMETERS**

prog      Specifies the program.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLBindProgram binds a program to the current state. The program must have been loaded with cgGLLoadProgram before it can be bound. Also, the profile of the program must be enabled for the binding to work. This may be done with the cgGLEnableProfile function.

cgGLBindProgram will reset all uniform parameters that were set with the **cgGLSetXXXXX()** functions for profiles that do not support program local parameters (e.g. the vp20 profile).

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLBindProgram does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** is not a valid program.

**CG\_PROGRAM\_BIND\_ERROR** is generated if the program fails to bind for any reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLLoadProgram manpage, the cgGLSetParameter manpage, the cgGLSetMatrixParameter manpage, and the cgGLSetTextureParameter manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGLDisableClientState** – disables a vertex attribute in the OpenGL state

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLDisableClientState(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

param    Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLDisableClientState disables the vertex attribute associated with the given varying parameter.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLDisableClientState does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a varying parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLEnableClientState manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLDisableProfile** – disable a profile within OpenGL

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLDisableProfile(CGprofile profile);
```

**PARAMETERS**

profile    The profile enumerant.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLDisableProfile disables a given profile by making the appropriate OpenGL calls. For most profiles, this will simply make a call to **glDisable** with the appropriate enumerant.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLDisableProfile does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **profile** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLEnableProfile manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLDisableTextureParameter** – disables the texture unit associated with the given texture parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLDisableTextureParameter(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the texture parameter that has a texture object associated with it.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLDisableTextureParameter unbinds and disables the texture object that was associated with the parameter **param**.

See the cgGLEnableTextureParameter manpage for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLDisableTextureParameter does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated **param** is not a texture parameter or if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLEnableTextureParameter manpage, and the cgGLSetTextureParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLEnableClientState** – enables a vertex attribute in the OpenGL state

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLEnableClientState(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

param    Specifies the parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLEnableClientState enables the vertex attribute associated with the given varying parameter.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLEnableClientState does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a varying parameter.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLDisableClientState manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLEnableProfile** – enable a profile within OpenGL

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLEnableProfile(CGprofile profile);
```

**PARAMETERS**

profile    The profile enumerant.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLEnableProfile enables a given profile by making the appropriate OpenGL calls. For most profiles, this will simply make a call to **glEnable** with the appropriate enumerant.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLEnableProfile does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **profile** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLDisableProfile manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLEnableTextureParameter** – enables the texture unit associated with the given texture parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLEnableTextureParameter(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the texture parameter that has a texture object associated with it.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLEnableTextureParameter binds and enables the texture object that was associated with the parameter **param**. It must be called after the cgGLSetTextureParameter manpage is called but before the geometry is drawn.

cgGLDisableTextureParameter should be called once all of the geometry is drawn to avoid applying the texture to the wrong geometry and shaders.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLEnableTextureParameter does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile. In particular, if **param** is not a parameter handle retrieved from a **CGprogram** but was instead retrieved from a **CGeffect** or is a shared parameter created at runtime, this error will be generated since those parameters do not have a profile associated with them.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated **param** is not a sampler parameter or if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLDisableTextureParameter manpage, and the cgGLSetTextureParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetLatestProfile** – enable a profile within OpenGL

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGprofile cgGLGetLatestProfile(CGGLenum profile_type);
```

**PARAMETERS**

profile\_type

The class of profile that will be returned. **profile\_type** may be one of :

**CG\_GL\_VERTEX**

For the latest vertex profile.

**CG\_GL\_FRAGMENT**

For the latest fragment profile.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLGetLatestProfile returns the best available profile of a given class. It will check the available OpenGL extensions to see what the determine the best profile.

cgGLGetLatestProfile may be used in conjunction with cgCreateProgram to ensure that more optimal profiles are used as they are made available even though they might not be available at compile time or with a given version of the runtime.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLGetLatestProfile returns a profile enumerator for the latest profile of the given class. If no appropriate profile is available or an error occurs **CG\_PROFILE\_UNKNOWN** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** is generated if **profile\_type** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetOptimalOptions manpage, and the cgCreateProgram manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetManageTextureParameters** – gets the manage texture parameters flag from a context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGbool cgGLGetManageTextureParameters(CGcontext ctx);
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        Specifies the context.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the manage texture management flag in a the context **ctx**. See cgGLManageTextureParameters for more information.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetManageTextureParameters manpage, the cgGLBindProgram manpage, and the cgGLUnbindProgram manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameter** – retrieves the value of matrix parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* type is either float or double */
void cgGLGetMatrixParameter{fd}{rc}(CGparameter param, const type *matrix);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter that will be retrieved.

**matrix** An array to retrieve the matrix parameter to. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

**DESCRIPTION**

The cgGLGetMatrixParameter functions retrieve the value of a given matrix parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

There are versions of each function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by the **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that assume the array of values are layed out in either row or column order signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name respectively.

The cgGLGetMatrixParameter functions may only be called with uniform parameters.

**RETURN VALUES**

The cgGLGetMatrixParameter functions do not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_NOT\_MATRIX\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to retrieve for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray manpage, the cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray manpage and the cgGLSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray** – retrieves an array matrix parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* type is either float or double */

void cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray{fd}{rc}(CGparameter param,
                                          long offset,
                                          long nelements,
                                          const type *v);
```

**PARAMETERS**

- param** Specifies the array parameter.
- offset** An offset into the array parameter to start getting from. A value of **0** will start getting from the first element of the array.
- nelements** The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the number of elements in the array minus the **offset** value.
- v** The array retrieve the values into. The size of the array must be **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

**DESCRIPTION**

The `cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray` functions retrieve an array of values from a give matrix array parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

There are versions of each function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by the **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that assume the array of values are layed out in either row or column order signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name respectively.

There are versions of each function that assume the array of values are layed out in either row or column order signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name respectively.

**RETURN VALUES**

The `cgGLGetParameter` functions do not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_ARRAY\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

**CG\_NOT\_MATRIX\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if the elements of the array indicated by **param** are not matrix parameters.

**CG\_OUT\_OF\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_ERROR** is generated if the **offset** and/or the **nelements** parameter are out of the array bounds.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to retrieve for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage, and the `cgGLSetParameterArray` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydc** – gets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage and the `cgGetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydcv** – gets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameterArray manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydr** – gets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage and the `cgGetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterArraydrv** – gets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameterArray manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfc** – gets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage and the `cgGetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfv** – gets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage and the `cgGetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfr** – gets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage and the `cgGetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterArrayfv** – gets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage and the `cgGetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterdc** – gets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterdcv** – gets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterdr** – gets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterdrv** – gets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterfc** – gets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterfcv** – gets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterfr** – gets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetMatrixParameterfv** – gets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter** – sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* type is either float or double */

cgGLGetParameter{1234}{fd}(CGparameter param, type *v);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter.

**v** A pointer to the buffer to return the values in.

**DESCRIPTION**

The cgGLGetParameter functions extract the values set by cgGLSetParameter functions. The functions are available in various combinations.

Each function may return either 1, 2, 3, or 4 values.

There are versions of each function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by the **f** or **d** in the function name.

The cgGLGetParameter functions may only be called with uniform parameters numeric parameters.

**RETURN VALUES**

The cgGLGetParameter functions do not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to get for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter1d** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter1dv** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter1f** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter1fv** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter2d** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter2dv** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter2f** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter2fv** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter3d** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter3dv** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetParameter` manpage, the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage and the `cgGetParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter3f** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter3fv** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter4d** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter4dv** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter4f** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameter4fv** – gets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetParameter manpage, the cgGLGetParameter manpage and the cgGetParameter manpage

## NAME

**cgGLGetParameterArray** – sets an array scalar or vector parameters

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* type is either float or double */

void cgGLGetParameterArray{1234}{fd}(CGparameter param,
                                       long offset,
                                       long nelements,
                                       const type *v);
```

## PARAMETERS

- param** Specifies the array parameter.
- offset** An offset into the array parameter to start getting from. A value of **0** will start getting from the first element of the array.
- nelements** The number of elements to get. A value of **0** will default to the number of elements in the array minus the **offset** value.
- v** The array retrieve the values into. The size of the array must be **nelements** times the vector size indicated by the number in the function name.

## DESCRIPTION

The `cgGLGetArrayParameter` functions retrieve an array of values from a give scalar or vector array parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

Each function will retrieve either 1, 2, 3, or 4 values per array element depending on the function that is used.

There are versions of each function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by the **f** or **d** in the function name.

## RETURN VALUES

The `cgGLGetParameter` functions do not return any values.

## ERRORS

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_ARRAY\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

**CG\_OUT\_OF\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_ERROR** is generated if the **offset** and/or the **nelements** parameter are out of the array bounds.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

## SEE ALSO

the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage, and the `cgGLSetParameterArray` manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray1d** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray1dv** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray1f** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray1fv** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray2d** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray2dv** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLGetParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage, and the `cgGetParameterValues` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray2f** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray2fv** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLGetParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage, and the `cgGetParameterValues` manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray3d** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray3dv** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLGetParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGLGetParameter` manpage, and the `cgGetParameterValues` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray3f** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray3fv** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray4d** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray4dv** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray4f** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetParameterArray4fv** – gets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLGetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, and the cgGetParameterValues manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLGetProgramID** – Returns the OpenGL program ID associated with the CGprogram object

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
GLuint cgGLGetProgramID(CGprogram prog);
```

**PARAMETERS**

prog      Specifies the program.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLGetProgramID returns the identifier to the program GL object associated with the given Cg program. cgGLGetProgramID should not be called before cgGLLoadProgram is called. =head1 RETURN VALUES

cgGLGetProgramID returns a **GLuint** associate with the GL program object for profiles that use program object. Some profiles (e.g. fp20) do not have GL programs and will always return **0**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** is not a valid program.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLLoadProgram manpage, and the cgGLBindProgram manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetTextureEnum** – returns the GL enumerant for the texture unit associated with a parameter

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
GGLenum cgGLGetTextureEnum(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the texture parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLGetTextureEnum returns the OpenGL enumerant for the texture unit assigned to **param**. The enumerant has the form **GL\_TEXTURE#\_ARB** where **#** is the texture unit number.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLGetTextureEnum returns a **GGLenum** of the form **GL\_TEXTURE#\_ARB**. If **param** is not a texture parameter **GL\_INVALID\_OPERATION** is returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated **param** is not a texture parameter or if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetTextureParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLGetTextureParameter** – retrieves the value of texture parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
GLuint cgGLGetTextureParameter(CGparameter param);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the texture parameter.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLGetTextureParameter retrieves the value of a texture parameter.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLGetTextureParameter returns the name of the OpenGL object that the texture was set to. If the parameter has not been set, **0** will be returned.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated **param** is not a texture parameter or if the parameter fails to get for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetTextureParameter manpage and the cgGLGetParameter manpage,

**NAME**

**cgGLIsProfileSupported** – determines if a given profile is supported by cgGL

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGbool cgGLIsProfileSupported(CGprofile profile);
```

**PARAMETERS**

profile    The profile enumerant.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgIsProfile returns **CG\_TRUE** if the profile indicated by the **profile** parameter is supported by the cgGL library. Otherwise it returns **CG\_FALSE**.

A given profile may not be supported if OpenGL extensions it requires are not available.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGLEnableProfile manpage, and the cgGLDisableProfile manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLIsProgramLoaded** – determines if a program is loaded

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
CGbool cgGLIsProgramLoaded(CGprogram program);
```

**PARAMETERS**

program The program handle.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLIsProgramLoaded returns **CG\_TRUE** if **program** is loaded with cgGLLoadProgram and **CG\_FALSE** otherwise.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the cgGLLoadProgram manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLLoadProgram** – prepares a program for binding

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLLoadProgram(CGprogram prog);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**prog** Specifies the program.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLLoadProgram prepares a program for binding. All programs must be loaded before they can be bound to the current state. See cgGLBindProgram for more information about binding programs.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLLoadProgram does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_INVALID\_PROGRAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog** is not a valid program.

**CG\_PROGRAM\_LOAD\_ERROR** is generated if the program fails to load for any reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLBindProgram manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLRegisterStates** – registers graphics pass states for CgFX files for on OpenGL

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLRegisterStates(CGcontext ctx);
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        The context in which to register the states.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGLRegisterStates** registers a set of states for passes in techniques in CgFX effect files. These states correspond to the set of OpenGL state that is relevant and/or useful to be setting in passes in effect files. See the Cg User's Guide for complete documentation of the states that are made available after calling **cgGLRegisterStates**.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_ERROR** is generated if **context** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgAddState` manpage, the `cgSetPassState` manpage, the `cgResetPassState` manpage, the `cgValidatePassState` manpage.

**NAME**

**cgGLSetManageTextureParameters** – sets the manage texture parameters flag for a context

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetManageTextureParameters(CGcontext ctx, CGbool flag);
```

**PARAMETERS**

ctx        Specifies the context.

flag       The flag to set the manage textures flag to.

**DESCRIPTION**

By default, cgGL does not manage any texture state in OpenGL. It is up to the user to enable and disable textures with `cgGLEnableTexture` and `cgGLDisableTexture` respectively. This behavior is the default in order to avoid conflicts with texture state on geometry that's rendered with the fixed function pipeline or without cgGL.

If automatic texture management is desired, `cgGLSetManageTextureParameters` may be called with **flag** set to **CG\_TRUE** before `cgGLBindProgram` is called. Whenever `cgGLBindProgram` is called, the cgGL Runtime will make all the appropriate texture parameter calls on the application's behalf. To reset the texture state `cgGLUnbindProgram` may be used.

Calling `cgGLSetManageTextureParameters` with **flag** set to **CG\_FALSE** will disable automatic texture management.

**NOTE:** When `cgGLSetManageTextureParameters` is set to **CG\_TRUE**, applications should not make texture state change calls to OpenGL (such as `glBindTexture`, `glActiveTexture`, etc.) after calling `cgGLBindProgram`, unless the application is trying to override some parts of CgGL's texture management.

**ERRORS****SEE ALSO**

the `cgGLGetManageTextureParameters` manpage, the `cgGLBindProgram` manpage, and the `cgGLUnbindProgram` manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameter** – sets the value of matrix parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* type is either float or double */
void cgGLSetMatrixParameter{fd}{rc}(CGparameter param, const type *matrix);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**param** Specifies the parameter that will be set.

**matrix** An array of values to set the matrix parameter to. The array must be the number of rows times the number of columns in size.

**DESCRIPTION**

The `cgGLSetMatrixParameter` functions set the value of a given matrix parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

There are versions of each function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by the **f** or **d** in the function name.

There are versions of each function that assume the array of values are layed out in either row or column order signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name respectively.

The `cgGLSetMatrixParameter` functions may only be called with uniform parameters.

**RETURN VALUES**

The `cgGLSetMatrixParameter` functions do not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_NOT\_MATRIX\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGLGetMatrixParameter` manpage, the `cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray` manpage and the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray** – sets an array matrix parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* type is either float or double */

void cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray{fd}{rc}(CGparameter param,
                                           long offset,
                                           long nelements,
                                           const type *v);
```

**PARAMETERS**

- param** Specifies the array parameter that will be set.
- offset** An offset into the array parameter to start setting from. A value of **0** will start setting from the first element of the array.
- nelements** The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the number of elements in the array minus the **offset** value.
- v** The array of values to set the parameter to. This must be a contiguous set of values that total **nelements** times the number of elements in the matrix.

**DESCRIPTION**

The cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray functions set the value of a given scalar or vector array parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

There are versions of each function that assume the array of values are layed out in either row or column order signified by the **r** or **c** in the function name respectively.

There are versions of each function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by the **f** or **d** in the function name.

**RETURN VALUES**

The cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray functions do not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_ARRAY\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

**CG\_NOT\_MATRIX\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if the elements of the array indicated by **param** are not matrix parameters.

**CG\_OUT\_OF\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_ERROR** is generated if the **offset** and/or the **nelements** parameter are out of the array bounds.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetMatrixParameter manpage, and the cgGLGetMatrixParameterArray manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydc** – sets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydcv** – sets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydr** – sets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterArraydrv** – sets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfc** – sets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfvcv** – sets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfr** – sets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterArrayfv** – sets the value of matrix parameter arrays

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameterArray` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterdc** – sets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameter` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameter` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterdcv** – sets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameter` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameter` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterdr** – sets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLSetParameter manpage and the cgSetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterdrv** – sets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLSetParameter manpage and the cgSetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterfc** – sets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameter` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameter` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterfcv** – sets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the `cgGLSetMatrixParameter` manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGetMatrixParameter` manpage, the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage and the `cgSetMatrixParameter` manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterfr** – sets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLSetParameter manpage and the cgSetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetMatrixParameterfv** – sets the value of matrix parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetMatrixParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLSetParameter manpage and the cgSetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetOptimalOptions** – sets implicit optimization compiler options for a profile

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetOptimalOptions(CGprofile profile);
```

**PARAMETERS**

profile    The profile enumerant.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLSetOptimalOptions sets implicit compiler arguments that are appended to the argument list passed to cgCreateProgram. The arguments are chosen based on the the available compiler arguments, GPU, and driver.

The arguments will be appended to the argument list every time cgCreateProgram is called until the last **CGcontext** is destroyed.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLSetOptimalOptions does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **profile** is invalid.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLCreateProgram manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter** – sets the value of scalar and vector parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* type is either float or double */

void cgGLSetParameter1{fd}(CGparameter param,
                           type x);

void cgGLSetParameter2{fd}(CGparameter param,
                           type x,
                           type y);

void cgGLSetParameter3{fd}(CGparameter param,
                           type x,
                           type y,
                           type z);

void cgGLSetParameter4{fd}(CGparameter param,
                           type x,
                           type y,
                           type z,
                           type w);

void cgGLSetParameter{1234}{fd}v(CGparameter param,
                                const type *v);
```

**PARAMETERS**

- param** Specifies the parameter that will be set.
- x, y, z, and w** The values to set the parameter to.
- v** The values to set the parameter to for the array versions of the set functions.

**DESCRIPTION**

The cgGLSetParameter functions set the value of a given scalar or vector parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

Each function takes either 1, 2, 3, or 4 values depending on the function that is used. If more values are passed in than the parameter requires, the extra values will be ignored. If less values are passed in than the parameter requires, the last value will be smeared.

There are versions of each function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by the **f** or **d** in the function name.

The functions with the **v** at the end of their names take an array of values instead of explicit parameters.

The cgGLSetParameter functions may be called with either uniform or varying parameters. When called with a varying parameter, the appropriate immediate mode OpenGL entry point will be called. However, cgGLGetParameter will only work with uniform parameters.

**RETURN VALUES**

The cgGLSetParameter functions do not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetParameter manpage, the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage, the cgGLSetMatrixParameter manpage, the cgGLSetMatrixParameterArray manpage, the cgGLSetTextureParameter manpage, the cgGLSetTextureParameterArray manpage, and the cgGLBindProgram manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter1d** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter1dv** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter1f** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter1fv** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter2d** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter2dv** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter2f** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter2fv** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter3d** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter3dv** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter3f** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter3fv** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter4d** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter4dv** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter4f** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameter4fv** – sets the value of scalar or vector parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameter manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray** – sets an array scalar or vector parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

/* type is either float or double */

void cgGLSetParameterArray{1234}{fd}(CGparameter param,
                                       long offset,
                                       long nelements,
                                       const type *v);
```

**PARAMETERS**

- param** Specifies the array parameter that will be set.
- offset** An offset into the array parameter to start setting from. A value of **0** will start setting from the first element of the array.
- nelements** The number of elements to set. A value of **0** will default to the number of elements in the array minus the **offset** value.
- v** The array of values to set the parameter to. This must be a contiguous set of values that total **nelements** times the vector size indicated by the number in the function name.

**DESCRIPTION**

The `cgGLSetParameterArray` functions set the value of a given scalar or vector array parameter. The functions are available in various combinations.

Each function will set either 1, 2, 3, or 4 values per array element depending on the function that is used.

There are versions of each function that take either **float** or **double** values signified by the **f** or **d** in the function name.

**RETURN VALUES**

The `cgGLSetParameterArray` functions do not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_ARRAY\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not an array parameter.

**CG\_OUT\_OF\_ARRAY\_BOUNDS\_ERROR** is generated if the **offset** and/or the **nelements** parameter are out of the array bounds.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the `cgGLSetParameter` manpage, and the `cgGLGetParameterArray` manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray1d** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray1dv** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray1f** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray1fv** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray2d** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray2dv** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray2f** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray2fv** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray3d** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray3dv** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage



**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray3f** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray3fv** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray4d** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray4dv** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray4f** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterArray4fv** – sets the value of scalar or vector array parameters

**DESCRIPTION**

Please refer to the cgGLSetParameterArray manpage for more information.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage, and the cgSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetParameterPointer** – sets a varying parameter with an attribute array

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetParameterPointer(CGparameter param,
                             GLint fsize,
                             GLenum type,
                             GLsizei stride,
                             GLvoid *pointer);
```

**PARAMETERS**

- |         |  |
|---------|--|
| param   | Specifies the parameter that will be set.  |
| fsize   | The number of coordinates per vertex.  |
| type    | The data type of each coordinate. Possible values are <b>GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE</b> , <b>GL_SHORT</b> , <b>GL_INT</b> , <b>GL_FLOAT</b> , and <b>GL_DOUBLE</b> . |
| stride  | Specifies the byte offset between consecutive vertices. If <b>stride</b> is <b>0</b> the array is assumed to be tightly packed.                            |
| pointer | Specified the pointer to the first coordinate in the vertex array.   |

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLSetParameterPointer sets a varying parameter to a given vertex array in the typical OpenGL style. See the OpenGL documentation on the various vertex array functions (e.g. glVertexPointer, glNormalPointer, etc...) for more information.

**RETURN VALUES**

The cgGLSetParameterPointer functions does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_UNSUPPORTED\_GL\_EXTENSION\_ERROR** is generated if **param** required a GL extension that's not available.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter** – sets the value of a matrix parameter to a matrix in the OpenGL state

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter(CGparameter param,
                                CGGLenum matrix,
                                CGGLenum transform);
```

**PARAMETERS**

- param** Specifies the parameter that will be set.
- matrix** An enumerator indicating which matrix should be retrieved from the OpenGL state. It may be any one of :
- CG\_GL\_MODELVIEW\_MATRIX**  
The current modelview matrix.
  - CG\_GL\_PROJECTION\_MATRIX**  
The current projection matrix.
  - CG\_GL\_TEXTURE\_MATRIX**  
The current texture matrix.
  - CG\_GL\_MODELVIEW\_PROJECTION\_MATRIX**  
The concatenated modelview and projection matrices.
- transform** An optional transformation that may be applied to the OpenGL state matrix before it is set. The enumerants may be any one of :
- CG\_GL\_MATRIX\_IDENTITY**  
Doesn't apply any transform leaving the matrix as is.
  - CG\_GL\_MATRIX\_TRANSPOSE**  
Transposes the matrix.
  - CG\_GL\_MATRIX\_INVERSE**  
Inverts the matrix.
  - CG\_GL\_MATRIX\_INVERSE\_TRANSPOSE**  
Transforms and inverts the matrix.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter retrieves matrices from the OpenGL state and sets a matrix parameter to the matrix. The matrix may optionally be transformed before it is set via the **transform** parameter.

cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter may only be called with any uniform matrix parameter. If the size of the matrix is less than 4x4, the upper left corner of the matrix that fits into the given matrix parameter will be returned.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

- CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.
- CG\_NOT\_MATRIX\_PARAM\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a matrix parameter.
- CG\_INVALID\_ENUMERANT\_ERROR** is generated if any of the enumerator parameters to cgGLSetStateMatrixParameter are invalid.
- CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.



**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLSetMatrixParameter manpage, and the cgGLGetMatrixParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetTextureParameter** – sets the value of texture parameters

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLSetTextureParameter(CGparameter param, GLuint texobj);
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the parameter that will be set.

texobj An OpenGL texture object name. This is the value the parameter will be set to.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLSetTextureParameter sets the value of a given texture parameter to a OpenGL texture object.

Note that in order to use the texture, either the cgGLEnableTextureParameter manpage must be called after the cgGLSetTextureParameter manpage and before the geometry is drawn, or the cgGLSetManageTextureParameters manpage must be called with a value of **CG\_TRUE**.

**RETURN VALUES**

cgGLSetTextureParameter does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated **param** is not a texture parameter or if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgGLGetTextureParameter manpage, and the cgGLSetParameter manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLSetupSampler** – initializes a sampler's state and texture object handle

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>

void cgGLSetupSampler(CGparameter param, GLuint texobj);
```

**PARAMETERS**

param Specifies the sampler that will be set.

texobj An OpenGL texture object name. This is the value the parameter will be set to.

**DESCRIPTION**

**cgGLSetupSampler** initializes a sampler; like the **cgGLSetTextureParameter** manpage, it informs the OpenGL Cg runtime which OpenGL texture object to associate with the sampler. Furthermore, if the sampler was defined in the source file with a **sampler\_state** block that specifies sampler state, this sampler state is initialized for the given texture object.

Note that in order to use the texture, either the **cgGLEnableTextureParameter** manpage must be called after the **cgGLSetTextureParameter** manpage and before the geometry is drawn, or the **cgGLSetManageTextureParameters** manpage must be called with a value of **CG\_TRUE**.

**RETURN VALUES**

**cgGLSetupSampler** does not return any values.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **param**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAM\_HANDLE\_ERROR** is generated if **param** is not a valid parameter handle.

**CG\_INVALID\_PARAMETER\_ERROR** is generated **param** is not a texture parameter or if the parameter fails to set for any other reason.

**SEE ALSO**

the **cgGLSetTextureParameter** manpage, the **cgGLGetTextureParameter** manpage, and the **cgGLSetManageTextureParameters** manpage

**NAME**

**cgGLUnbindProgram** – unbinds the program bound in a profile

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <Cg/cgGL.h>
```

```
void cgGLUnbindProgram(CGprofile profile);
```

**PARAMETERS**

profile    Specifies the profile.

**DESCRIPTION**

cgGLUnbindProgram unbinds the program bound in the profile specified by **profile**. It will also reset the texture state back to the state it was in at the point **cgGLBindProgram|cgGLBindProgram** was first called with a program in the given profile.

**ERRORS**

**CG\_INVALID\_PROFILE\_ERROR** is generated if **prog**'s profile is not a supported OpenGL profile.

**SEE ALSO**

the cgSetManageTextureParameters manpage, the cgBindProgram manpage, and the cgUnbindProgram manpage

**NAME**

**arbfpl** – OpenGL fragment profile for multi-vendor ARB\_fragment\_program extension

**SYNOPSIS**

arbfpl

**DESCRIPTION**

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce FX and other DirectX 9 GPUs. This profile is supported by any OpenGL implementation that conformantly implements ARB\_fragment\_program.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **ARB\_fragment\_program**.

Data-dependent loops are not allowed; all loops must be unrollable.

Conditional expressions are supported without branching so both conditions must be evaluated.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays is not supported; use texture accesses instead.

**3D API DEPENDENCIES**

Requires OpenGL support for the multi-vendor **ARB\_fragment\_program** extension. This extension is supported by GeForce FX and later GPUS. ATI GPUs also support this extension.

**PROFILE OPTIONS**

NumTemps=*n*

Number of temporaries to use (from 12 to 32).

MaxInstructionSlots=*n*

Maximum allowable (static) instructions. Not an issue for NVIDIA GPUs.

NoDependentReadLimit=*b*

Boolean for whether a read limit exists.

NumTexInstructions=*n*

Maximum number of texture instructions to generate. Not an issue for NVIDIA GPUs, but important for ATI GPUs (set it to 32).

NumMathInstructions=*n*

Maximum number of math instructions to generate. Not an issue for NVIDIA GPUs, but important for ATI GPUs (set it to 64).

MaxTexIndirections=*n*

Maximum number of texture indirections. Not an issue for NVIDIA GPUs, but important for ATI GPUs (set it to 4).

MaxDrawBuffers=*n*

Maximum draw buffers for use with **ARB\_draw\_buffers**. Set to 1 for NV3x GPUs. Use to 4 for NV4x or ATI GPUs.

MaxLocalParams=*n*

Maximum allowable local parameters.

**DATA TYPES**

*to-be-written*

**SEMANTICS****VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**OUTPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES**

*to-be-written*

**NAME**

**arbvpl** – OpenGL vertex profile for multi-vendor ARB\_vertex\_program extension

**SYNOPSIS**

arbvpl

**DESCRIPTION**

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by GeForce3. This profile is supported by any OpenGL implementation that conformantly implements ARB\_vertex\_program.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **ARB\_vertex\_program**.

Data-dependent loops are not allowed; all loops must be unrollable.

Conditional expressions are supported without branching so both conditions must be evaluated.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported; but texture accesses are not supported.

**3D API DEPENDENCIES**

Requires OpenGL support for the multi-vendor **ARB\_vertex\_program** extension. These extensions were introduced by GeForce3 and Quadro DCC GPUs. ATI GPUs also support this extension.

**PROFILE OPTIONS**

NumTemps=*n*

Number of temporaries to use (from 12 to 32).

MaxInstructions=*n*

Maximum allowable (static) instructions.

MaxLocalParams=*n*

Maximum allowable local parameters.

**DATA TYPES**

*to-be-written*

**SEMANTICS****VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**OUTPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES**

*to-be-written*

**NAME**

**fp20** – OpenGL fragment profile for NV2x (GeForce3, GeForce4 Ti, Quadro DCC, etc.)

**SYNOPSIS**

fp20

**DESCRIPTION**

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by GeForce3.

The capabilities of this profile are quite limited.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the **nvparse** file format for describing **NV\_register\_combiners** and **NV\_texture\_shader** state configurations.

**3D API DEPENDENCIES**

Requires OpenGL support for **NV\_texture\_shader**, **NV\_texture\_shader2**, and **NV\_register\_combiners2** extensions. These extensions were introduced by GeForce3 and Quadro DCC GPUs.

Some standard library functions may require **NV\_texture\_shader3**. This extension was introduced by GeForce4 Ti and Quadro4 XGL GPUs.

**PROFILE OPTIONS**

None.

**DATA TYPES**

**fixed** The **fixed** data type corresponds to a native signed 9-bit integers normalized to the  $[-1.0, +1.0]$  range.

**float**

**half** In most cases, the **float** and **half** data types are mapped to **fixed** for math operations.

Certain built-in standard library functions corresponding to **NV\_texture\_shader** operations operate at 32-bit floating-point precision.

**SEMANTICS****INPUT SEMANTICS**

The varying input semantics in the **fp20** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vp20** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR	Input primary color
COLOR0	
COL	
COL0	
COLOR1	Input secondary color
COL1	
TEX0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEXCOORD0	
TEX1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEXCOORD1	
TEX2	Input texture coordinate sets 2
TEXCOORD2	



TEX3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEXCOORD3	
FOGP	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)
FOG	

## OUTPUT SEMANTICS

COLOR	Output color (float4)
COLOR0	
COL0	
COL	
DEPTH	Output depth (float)
DEPR	

## STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES

There are a lot of standard library issues with this profile.

Because the 'fp20' profile has limited capabilities, not all of the Cg standard library functions are supported. The list below presents the Cg standard library functions that are supported by this profile. See the standard library documentation for descriptions of these functions.

```
dot(floatN, floatN)
lerp(floatN, floatN, floatN)
lerp(floatN, floatN, float)
tex1D(sampler1D, float)
tex1D(sampler1D, float2)
tex1Dproj(sampler1D, float2)
tex1Dproj(sampler1D, float3)
tex2D(sampler2D, float2)
tex2D(sampler2D, float3)
tex2Dproj(sampler2D, float3)
tex2Dproj(sampler2D, float4)
texRECT(samplerRECT, float2)
texRECT(samplerRECT, float3)
texRECTproj(samplerRECT, float3)
texRECTproj(samplerRECT, float4)
tex3D(sampler3D, float3)
tex3Dproj(sampler3D, float4)
texCUBE(samplerCUBE, float3)
texCUBEproj(samplerCUBE, float4)
```

Note: The non-projective texture lookup functions are actually done as projective lookups on the underlying hardware. Because of this, the 'w' component of the texture coordinates passed to these functions from the application or vertex program must contain the value 1.

Texture coordinate parameters for projective texture lookup functions must have swizzles that match the swizzle done by the generated texture shader instruction. While this may seem burdensome, it is intended to allow 'fp20' profile programs to behave correctly under other pixel shader profiles. The list below shows the swizzles required on the texture coordinate parameter to the projective texture lookup functions.

Texture lookup function	Texture coordinate swizzle
-------------------------	----------------------------

tex1Dproj	.xw/.ra
tex2Dproj	.xyw/.rga
texRECTproj	.xyw/.rga
tex3Dproj	.xyzw/.rgba
texCUBEproj	.xyzw/.rgba

## TEXTURE SHADER OPERATIONS

In order to take advantage of the more complex hard-wired shader operations provided by **NV\_texture\_shader**, a collection of built-in functions implement the various shader operations.

offsettex2D

offsettexRECT

```
offsettex2D(uniform sampler2D tex,
            float2 st,
            float4 prevlookup,
            uniform float4 m)

offsettexRECT(uniform samplerRECT tex,
              float2 st,
              float4 prevlookup,
              uniform float4 m)
```

Performs the following

```
float2 newst = st + m.xy * prevlookup.xx + m.zw * prevlookup.yy;
return tex2D/RECT(tex, newst);
```

where 'st' are texture coordinates associated with sampler 'tex', 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation, and 'm' is the offset texture matrix. This function can be used to generate the 'offset\_2d' or 'offset\_rectangle' NV\_texture\_shader instructions.

offsettex2DScaleBias

offsettexRECTScaleBias

```
offsettex2DScaleBias(uniform sampler2D tex,
                    float2 st,
                    float4 prevlookup,
                    uniform float4 m,
                    uniform float scale,
                    uniform float bias)

offsettexRECTScaleBias(uniform samplerRECT tex,
                      float2 st,
                      float4 prevlookup,
                      uniform float4 m,
                      uniform float scale,
                      uniform float bias)
```

Performs the following

```
float2 newst = st + m.xy * prevlookup.xx + m.zw * prevlookup.yy;
float4 result = tex2D/RECT(tex, newst);
return result * saturate(prevlookup.z * scale + bias);
```

where 'st' are texture coordinates associated with sampler 'tex', 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation, 'm' is the offset texture matrix, 'scale' is the offset texture scale and

'bias' is the offset texture bias. This function can be used to generate the 'offset\_2d\_scale' or 'offset\_rectangle\_scale' NV\_texture\_shader instructions.

```
tex1D_dp3(sampler1D tex, float3 str, float4 prevlookup)
    tex1D_dp3(sampler1D tex,
              float3 str,
              float4 prevlookup)
```

Performs the following

```
return tex1D(tex, dot(str, prevlookup.xyz));
```

where 'str' are texture coordinates associated with sampler 'tex' and 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation. This function can be used to generate the 'dot\_product\_1d' NV\_texture\_shader instruction.

```
tex2D_dp3x2
texRECT_dp3x2
    tex2D_dp3x2(uniform sampler2D tex,
                float3 str,
                float4 intermediate_coord,
                float4 prevlookup)

    texRECT_dp3x2(uniform samplerRECT tex,
                  float3 str,
                  float4 intermediate_coord,
                  float4 prevlookup)
```

Performs the following

```
float2 newst = float2(dot(intermediate_coord.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                      dot(str, prevlookup.xyz));
return tex2D/RECT(tex, newst);
```

where 'str' are texture coordinates associated with sampler 'tex', 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation and 'intermediate\_coord' are texture coordinates associated with the previous texture unit. This function can be used to generate the 'dot\_product\_2d' or 'dot\_product\_rectangle' NV\_texture\_shader instruction combinations.

```
tex3D_dp3x3
texCUBE_dp3x3
    tex3D_dp3x3(sampler3D tex,
                float3 str,
                float4 intermediate_coord1,
                float4 intermediate_coord2,
                float4 prevlookup)

    texCUBE_dp3x3(samplerCUBE tex,
                  float3 str,
                  float4 intermediate_coord1,
                  float4 intermediate_coord2,
                  float4 prevlookup)
```

Performs the following

```
float3 newst = float3(dot(intermediate_coord1.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                      dot(intermediate_coord2.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                      dot(str, prevlookup.xyz));
return tex3D/CUBE(tex, newst);
```

where 'str' are texture coordinates associated with sampler 'tex', 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation, 'intermediate\_coord1' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-2' texture unit and 'intermediate\_coord2' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-1' texture unit. This function can be used to generate the 'dot\_product\_3d' or 'dot\_product\_cube\_map' NV\_texture\_shader instruction combinations.

texCUBE\_reflect\_dp3x3

```
texCUBE_reflect_dp3x3(uniform samplerCUBE tex,
                      float4 strq,
                      float4 intermediate_coord1,
                      float4 intermediate_coord2,
                      float4 prevlookup)
```

Performs the following

```
float3 E = float3(intermediate_coord2.w, intermediate_coord1.w, strq.w);
float3 N = float3(dot(intermediate_coord1.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                  dot(intermediate_coord2.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                  dot(strq.xyz, prevlookup.xyz));
return texCUBE(tex, 2 * dot(N, E) / dot(N, N) * N - E);
```

where 'strq' are texture coordinates associated with sampler 'tex', 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation, 'intermediate\_coord1' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-2' texture unit and 'intermediate\_coord2' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-1' texture unit. This function can be used to generate the 'dot\_product\_reflect\_cube\_map\_eye\_from\_qs' NV\_texture\_shader instruction combination.

texCUBE\_reflect\_eye\_dp3x3

```
texCUBE_reflect_eye_dp3x3(uniform samplerCUBE tex,
                          float3 str,
                          float4 intermediate_coord1,
                          float4 intermediate_coord2,
                          float4 prevlookup,
                          uniform float3 eye)
```

Performs the following

```
float3 N = float3(dot(intermediate_coord1.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                  dot(intermediate_coord2.xyz, prevlookup.xyz),
                  dot(coords.xyz, prevlookup.xyz));
return texCUBE(tex, 2 * dot(N, E) / dot(N, N) * N - E);
```

where 'strq' are texture coordinates associated with sampler 'tex', 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation, 'intermediate\_coord1' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-2' texture unit, 'intermediate\_coord2' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-1' texture unit and 'eye' is the eye-ray vector. This function can be used generate the 'dot\_product\_reflect\_cube\_map\_const\_eye' NV\_texture\_shader instruction combination.

tex\_dp3x2\_depth

```
tex_dp3x2_depth(float3 str,
                float4 intermediate_coord,
                float4 prevlookup)
```

Performs the following

```
float z = dot(intermediate_coord.xyz, prevlookup.xyz);
float w = dot(str, prevlookup.xyz);
return z / w;
```

where 'str' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n'th texture unit, 'intermediate\_coord' are texture coordinates associated with the 'n-1' texture unit and 'prevlookup' is the result of a previous texture operation. This function can be used in conjunction with the 'DEPTH' varying out semantic to generate the 'dot\_product\_depth\_replace' NV\_texture\_shader instruction combination.

## EXAMPLES

The following examples illustrate how a developer can use Cg to achieve NV\_texture\_shader/NV\_register\_combiners functionality.

### Example 1

```
struct VertexOut {
    float4 color      : COLOR0;
    float4 texCoord0  : TEXCOORD0;
    float4 texCoord1  : TEXCOORD1;
};

float4 main(VertexOut IN,
            uniform sampler2D diffuseMap,
            uniform sampler2D normalMap) : COLOR
{
    float4 diffuseTexColor = tex2D(diffuseMap, IN.texCoord0.xy);
    float4 normal = 2 * (tex2D(normalMap, IN.texCoord1.xy) - 0.5);
    float3 light_vector = 2 * (IN.color.rgb - 0.5);
    float4 dot_result = saturate(dot(light_vector, normal.xyz).xxxx);
    return dot_result * diffuseTexColor;
}
```

### Example 2

```
struct VertexOut {
    float4 texCoord0 : TEXCOORD0;
    float4 texCoord1 : TEXCOORD1;
    float4 texCoord2 : TEXCOORD2;
    float4 texCoord3 : TEXCOORD3;
};
```

```
float4 main(VertexOut IN,
             uniform sampler2D normalMap,
             uniform sampler2D intensityMap,
             uniform sampler2D colorMap) : COLOR
{
    float4 normal = 2 * (tex2D(normalMap, IN.texCoord0.xy) - 0.5);
    float2 intensCoord = float2(dot(IN.texCoord1.xyz, normal.xyz),
                                dot(IN.texCoord2.xyz, normal.xyz));
    float4 intensity = tex2D(intensityMap, intensCoord);
    float4 color = tex2D(colorMap, IN.texCoord3.xy);
    return color * intensity;
}
```

**NAME**

**fp30** – OpenGL fragment profile for NV3x (GeForce FX, Quadro FX, etc.)

**SYNOPSIS**

fp30

**DESCRIPTION**

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by the GeForce FX and Quadro FX line of NVIDIA GPUs.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV\_fragment\_program**.

Data-dependent loops are not allowed; all loops must be unrollable.

Conditional expressions are supported without branching so both conditions must be evaluated.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays is not supported; use texture accesses instead.

**3D API DEPENDENCIES**

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV\_fragment\_program** extension. These extensions were introduced by the GeForce FX and Quadro FX GPUs.

**PROFILE OPTIONS**

None.

**DATA TYPES**

- fixed** The **fixed** data type corresponds to a native signed fixed-point integers with the range  $[-2.0, +2.0]$ , sometimes called *fx12*. This type provides 10 fractional bits of precision.
- half** The **half** data type corresponds to a floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.
- float** The **half** data type corresponds to a standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

**SEMANTICS****VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS**

The varying input semantics in the **fp30** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vp30** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2

TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)

**UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS**

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

**OUTPUT SEMANTICS**

COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Output color (float4)
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float)

**STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES**

Functions that compute partial derivatives *are* supported.



**NAME**

**fp40** – OpenGL fragment profile for NV4x (GeForce 6xxx and 7xxx Series, NV4x-based Quadro FX, etc.)

**SYNOPSIS**

fp40

**DESCRIPTION**

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-fragment functionality introduced by the GeForce 6800 and other NV4x-based NVIDIA GPUs.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV\_fragment\_program2**.

Data-dependent loops *are* allowed with a limit of 256 iterations maximum. Four levels of nesting are allowed.

Conditional expressions *can be* supported with data-dependent branching.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays is not supported; use texture accesses instead.

**3D API DEPENDENCIES**

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV\_fragment\_program2** extension. These extensions were introduced by the GeForce 6800 and other NV4x-based GPUs.

**PROFILE OPTIONS**

None.

**DATA TYPES**

- fixed     The **fixed** data type corresponds to a native signed fixed-point integers with the range  $[-2.0, +2.0]$ , sometimes called *fx12*. This type provides 10 fractional bits of precision.
- half     The **half** data type corresponds to a floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 10 mantissa bits, and 5 exponent bits (biased by 16), sometimes called *s10e5*.
- float     The **half** data type corresponds to a standard IEEE 754 single-precision floating-point encoding with a sign bit, 23 mantissa bits, and 8 exponent bits (biased by 128), sometimes called *s10e5*.

**SEMANTICS****VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS**

The varying input semantics in the **fp30** profile correspond to the respectively named varying output semantics of the **vp30** profile.

Binding Semantics Name	Corresponding Data
COLOR COLOR0 COL COL0	Input primary color
COLOR1 COL1	Input secondary color
TEX0 TEXCOORD0	Input texture coordinate sets 0
TEX1 TEXCOORD1	Input texture coordinate sets 1
TEX2 TEXCOORD2	Input texture coordinate sets 2

TEX3 TEXCOORD3	Input texture coordinate sets 3
TEX4 TEXCOORD4	Input texture coordinate sets 4
TEX5 TEXCOORD5	Input texture coordinate sets 5
TEX6 TEXCOORD6	Input texture coordinate sets 6
TEX7 TEXCOORD7	Input texture coordinate sets 7
FOGP FOG	Input fog color (XYZ) and factor (W)
FACE	Polygon facing. +1 for front-facing polygon or line or point -1 for back-facing polygon

**UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS**

Sixteen texture units are supported:

Binding Semantic Name	Corresponding Data
TEXUNIT0	Texture unit 0
TEXUNIT1	Texture unit 1
...	
TEXUNIT15	Texture unit 15

**OUTPUT SEMANTICS**

COLOR COLOR0 COL0 COL	Output color (float4)
DEPTH DEPR	Output depth (float)

**STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES**

Functions that compute partial derivatives *are* supported.

**NAME**

**vp20** – OpenGL fragment profile for NV2x (GeForce3, GeForce4 Ti, Quadro DCC, etc.)

**SYNOPSIS**

vp20

**DESCRIPTION**

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by GeForce3.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV\_vertex\_program1\_1** (which assumes **NV\_vertex\_program**).

Data-dependent loops are not allowed; all loops must be unrollable.

Conditional expressions are supported without branching so both conditions must be evaluated.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported; but texture accesses are not supported.

**3D API DEPENDENCIES**

Requires OpenGL support for **NV\_vertex\_program** and **NV\_vertex\_program1\_1** extensions. These extensions were introduced by GeForce3 and Quadro DCC GPUs.

**PROFILE OPTIONS**

None.

**DATA TYPES**

*to-be-written*

**SEMANTICS****VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**OUTPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES**

*to-be-written*

**NAME**

**vp30** – OpenGL fragment profile for NV3x (GeForce FX, Quadro FX, etc.)

**SYNOPSIS**

vp30

**DESCRIPTION**

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by the GeForce FX and Quadro FX line of NVIDIA GPUs.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV\_vertex\_program2**.

Data-dependent loops and branching *are* allowed.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported; but texture accesses are not supported.

**3D API DEPENDENCIES**

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV\_vertex\_program2** extension. These extensions were introduced by the GeForce FX and Quadro FX GPUs.

**PROFILE OPTIONS**

None.

**DATA TYPES**

*to-be-written*

**SEMANTICS****VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**OUTPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES**

*to-be-written*

**NAME**

**vp40** – OpenGL vertex profile for NV4x (GeForce 6xxx and 7xxx Series, NV4x-based Quadro FX, etc.)

**SYNOPSIS**

vp40

**DESCRIPTION**

This OpenGL profile corresponds to the per-vertex functionality introduced by the GeForce 6800 and other NV4x-based NVIDIA GPUs.

The compiler output for this profile conforms to the assembly format defined by **NV\_vertex\_program3** and **ARB\_vertex\_program**.

Data-dependent loops and branching *are* allowed.

Relative indexing of uniform arrays *is* supported.

Texture accesses are supported. However substantial limitations on vertex texturing exist for hardware acceleration by NV4x hardware.

NV4x hardware accelerates vertex fetches only for 1-, 3-, and 4-component floating-point textures. NV4x hardware does not accelerated vertex-texturing for cube maps or 3D textures. NV4x does allow non-power-of-two sizes (width and height).

**3D API DEPENDENCIES**

Requires OpenGL support for the **NV\_fragment\_program3** extension. These extensions were introduced by the GeForce 6800 and other NV4x-based GPUs.

**PROFILE OPTIONS**

None.

**DATA TYPES**

*to-be-written*

**SEMANTICS****VARYING INPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**UNIFORM INPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**OUTPUT SEMANTICS**

*to-be-written*

**STANDARD LIBRARY ISSUES**

*to-be-written*

**NAME**

**abs** – returns absolute value of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float  abs(float  a);  
float1 abs(float1 a);  
float2 abs(float2 a);  
float3 abs(float3 a);  
float4 abs(float4 a);
```

```
half   abs(half   a);  
half1  abs(half1  a);  
half2  abs(half2  a);  
half3  abs(half3  a);  
half4  abs(half4  a);
```

```
fixed  abs(fixed  a);  
fixed1 abs(fixed1 a);  
fixed2 abs(fixed2 a);  
fixed3 abs(fixed3 a);  
fixed4 abs(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**a**           Vector or scalar of which to determine the absolute value.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the absolute value of a scalar or vector.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the absolute value of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**abs** for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float abs(float a)  
{  
    return max(-a, a);  
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**abs** is supported in all profiles.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

Consider **abs** to be free or extremely inexpensive.

**SEE ALSO**

the max manpage

**NAME**

**acos** – returns arccosine of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   acos(float a);
float1  acos(float2 a);
float2  acos(float2 a);
float3  acos(float3 a);
float4  acos(float4 a);
```

```
half    acos(half a);
half1   acos(half2 a);
half2   acos(half2 a);
half3   acos(half3 a);
half4   acos(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   acos(fixed a);
fixed1  acos(fixed2 a);
fixed2  acos(fixed2 a);
fixed3  acos(fixed3 a);
fixed4  acos(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**a**            Vector or scalar of which to determine the arccosine.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the arccosine of *a* in the range [0,pi], expecting *a* to be in the range [-1,+1].

For vectors, the returned vector contains the arccosine of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**acos** for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
// Handbook of Mathematical Functions
// M. Abramowitz and I.A. Stegun, Ed.

// Absolute error <= 6.7e-5
float acos(float x) {
    float negate = float(x < 0);
    x = abs(x);
    float ret = -0.0187293;
    ret = ret * x;
    ret = ret + 0.0742610;
    ret = ret * x;
    ret = ret - 0.2121144;
    ret = ret * x;
    ret = ret + 1.5707288;
    ret = ret * sqrt(1.0-x);
    ret = ret - 2 * negate * ret;
    return negate * 3.14159265358979 + ret;
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**acos** is supported in all profiles.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

**SEE ALSO**

the abs manpage, the asin manpage, the cos manpage, the sqrt manpage



**NAME**

**all** – returns true if a boolean scalar or all components of a boolean vector are true.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
bool all(bool a);  
bool all(bool1 a);  
bool all(bool2 a);  
bool all(bool3 a);  
bool all(bool4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

a            Boolean vector or scalar of which to determine if any component is true.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns true if a boolean scalar or all components of a boolean vector are true.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**all** for a **bool4** vector could be implemented like this.

```
bool all(bool4 a)  
{  
    return a.x && a.y && a.z && a.w;  
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**all** is supported in all profiles.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

**SEE ALSO**

the any manpage

**NAME**

**any** – returns true if a boolean scalar or any component of a boolean vector is true.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
bool any(bool a);  
bool any(bool1 a);  
bool any(bool2 a);  
bool any(bool3 a);  
bool any(bool4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

a            Boolean vector or scalar of which to determine if any component is true.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns true if a boolean scalar or any component of a boolean vector is true.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**any** for a **bool4** vector could be implemented like this.

```
bool any(bool4 a)  
{  
    return a.x || a.y || a.z || a.w;  
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**any** is supported in all profiles.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

**SEE ALSO**

the all manpage

**NAME**

**asin** – returns arcsine of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   asin(float a);
float1  asin(float2 a);
float2  asin(float2 a);
float3  asin(float3 a);
float4  asin(float4 a);
```

```
half    asin(half a);
half1   asin(half2 a);
half2   asin(half2 a);
half3   asin(half3 a);
half4   asin(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   asin(fixed a);
fixed1  asin(fixed2 a);
fixed2  asin(fixed2 a);
fixed3  asin(fixed3 a);
fixed4  asin(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

*a*            Vector or scalar of which to determine the arcsine.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the arcsine of *a* in the range  $[-\pi/2, +\pi/2]$ , expecting *a* to be in the range  $[-1, +1]$ .

For vectors, the returned vector contains the arcsine of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**asin** for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
// Handbook of Mathematical Functions
// M. Abramowitz and I.A. Stegun, Ed.

float asin(float x) {
    float negate = float(x < 0);
    x = abs(x);
    float ret = -0.0187293;
    ret *= x;
    ret += 0.0742610;
    ret *= x;
    ret -= 0.2121144;
    ret *= x;
    ret += 1.5707288;
    ret = 3.14159265358979*0.5 - sqrt(1.0 - x)*ret;
    return ret - 2 * negate * ret;
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**asin** is supported in all profiles.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

**SEE ALSO**

the abs manpage, the acos manpage, the sin manpage, the sqrt manpage

**NAME**

**atan** – returns arctangent of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   atan(float a);  
float1  atan(float2 a);  
float2  atan(float2 a);  
float3  atan(float3 a);  
float4  atan(float4 a);
```

```
half    atan(half a);  
half1   atan(half2 a);  
half2   atan(half2 a);  
half3   atan(half3 a);  
half4   atan(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   atan(fixed a);  
fixed1  atan(fixed2 a);  
fixed2  atan(fixed2 a);  
fixed3  atan(fixed3 a);  
fixed4  atan(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**a**            Vector or scalar of which to determine the arctangent.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the arctangent of x in the range of  $-\pi/2$  to  $\pi/2$  radians.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the arctangent of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**atan** for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float atan(float x) {  
    return atan2(x, float(1));  
}
```

atan2 is typically implemented as an approximation.

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**atan** is supported in all profiles but fp20.

**SEE ALSO**

the abs manpage, the acos manpage, the asin manpage, the atan2 manpage. the sqrt manpage, the tan manpage

**NAME**

**atan2** – returns arctangent of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   atan2(float y, float x);
float1  atan2(float2 y, float1 x);
float2  atan2(float2 y, float2 x);
float3  atan2(float3 y, float3 x);
float4  atan2(float4 y, float4 x);
```

```
half    atan2(half y, half x);
half1   atan2(half2 y, half x);
half2   atan2(half2 y, half x);
half3   atan2(half3 y, half x);
half4   atan2(half4 y, half x);
```

```
fixed   atan2(fixed y, fixed x);
fixed1  atan2(fixed2 y, fixed x);
fixed2  atan2(fixed2 y, fixed x);
fixed3  atan2(fixed3 y, fixed x);
fixed4  atan2(fixed4 y, fixed x);
```

**PARAMETERS**

y        Vector or scalar for numerator of ratio of which to determine the arctangent.  
x        Vector or scalar of denominator of ratio of which to determine the arctangent.

**DESCRIPTION**

**atan2** calculates the arctangent of y/x. **atan2** is well defined for every point other than the origin, even if x equals 0 and y does not equal 0.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the arctangent of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**atan2** for a **float2** scalar could be implemented as an approximation like this.

```
float2 atan2(float2 y, float2 x)
{
    float2 t0, t1, t2, t3, t4;

    t3 = abs(x);
    t1 = abs(y);
    t0 = max(t3, t1);
    t1 = min(t3, t1);
    t3 = float(1) / t0;
    t3 = t1 * t3;

    t4 = t3 * t3;
    t0 =          - float(0.013480470);
    t0 = t0 * t4 + float(0.057477314);
    t0 = t0 * t4 - float(0.121239071);
    t0 = t0 * t4 + float(0.195635925);
    t0 = t0 * t4 - float(0.332994597);
    t0 = t0 * t4 + float(0.999995630);
    t3 = t0 * t3;
```

```
t3 = (abs(y) > abs(x)) ? float(1.570796327) - t3 : t3;  
t3 = (x < 0) ? float(3.141592654) - t3 : t3;  
t3 = (y < 0) ? -t3 : t3;  
  
return t3;  
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**atan2** is supported in all profiles but fp20.

**SEE ALSO**

the abs manpage, the acos manpage, the asin manpage, the atan manpage. the sqrt manpage, the tan manpage

**NAME**

**ceil** – returns smallest integer not less than a scalar or each vector component.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   ceil(float a);
float1  ceil(float2 a);
float2  ceil(float2 a);
float3  ceil(float3 a);
float4  ceil(float4 a);
```

```
half    ceil(half a);
half1   ceil(half2 a);
half2   ceil(half2 a);
half3   ceil(half3 a);
half4   ceil(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   ceil(fixed a);
fixed1  ceil(fixed2 a);
fixed2  ceil(fixed2 a);
fixed3  ceil(fixed3 a);
fixed4  ceil(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

a            Vector or scalar of which to determine the ceiling.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the ceiling or smallest integer not less than a scalar or each vector component.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**ceil** for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float ceil(float v)
{
    return -floor(-v);
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**ceil** is supported in all profiles except fp20.

**SEE ALSO**

the floor manpage

**NAME**

**clamp** – returns smallest integer not less than a scalar or each vector component.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   clamp(float x, float a, float b);
float1  clamp(float2 x, float1 a, float1 b);
float2  clamp(float2 x, float2 a, float2 b);
float3  clamp(float3 x, float3 a, float3 b);
float4  clamp(float4 x, float4 a, float4 b);

half    clamp(half x, half a, half b);
half1   clamp(half2 x, half1 a, half1 b);
half2   clamp(half2 x, half2 a, half2 b);
half3   clamp(half3 x, half3 a, half3 b);
half4   clamp(half4 x, half4 a, half4 b);

fixed   clamp(fixed x, fixed a, fixed b);
fixed1  clamp(fixed2 x, fixed1 a, fixed1 b);
fixed2  clamp(fixed2 x, fixed2 a, fixed2 b);
fixed3  clamp(fixed3 x, fixed3 a, fixed3 b);
fixed4  clamp(fixed4 x, fixed4 a, fixed4 b);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**x**        Vector or scalar to clamp.  
**a**        Vector or scalar for bottom of clamp range.  
**b**        Vector or scalar for top of clamp range.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns  $x$  clamped to the range  $[a,b]$  as follows:

- 1) Returns  $a$  if  $x$  is less than  $a$ ; else
- 2) Returns  $b$  if  $x$  is greater than  $b$ ; else
- 3) Returns  $x$  otherwise.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the clamped result of each element of the vector  $x$  clamped using the respective element of vectors  $a$  and  $b$ .

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**clamp** for **float** scalars could be implemented like this.

```
float clamp(float x, float a, float b)
{
    return max(a, min(b, x));
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**clamp** is supported in all profiles except fp20.

**SEE ALSO**

the max manpage, the min manpage, the saturate manpage



**NAME**

**cos** – returns cosine of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   cos(float a);
float1  cos(float2 a);
float2  cos(float2 a);
float3  cos(float3 a);
float4  cos(float4 a);
```

```
half    cos(half a);
half1   cos(half2 a);
half2   cos(half2 a);
half3   cos(half3 a);
half4   cos(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   cos(fixed a);
fixed1  cos(fixed2 a);
fixed2  cos(fixed2 a);
fixed3  cos(fixed3 a);
fixed4  cos(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**a**            Vector or scalar of which to determine the cosine.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the cosine of *a* in radians. The return value is in the range  $[-1,+1]$ .

For vectors, the returned vector contains the cosine of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**cos** is best implemented as a native cosine instruction, however **cos** for a **float** scalar could be implemented by an approximation like this.

```
cos(float a)
{
    /* C simulation gives a max absolute error of less than 1.8e-7 */
    const float4 c0 = float4( 0.0,          0.5,          1.0,          0.0
                             0.25,         -9.0,          0.75,          0.15915
                             24.9808039603, -24.9808039603, -60.1458091736, 60.1458
                             85.4537887573, -85.4537887573, -64.9393539429, 64.9393
                             19.7392082214, -19.7392082214, -1.0,          1.0);

    /* r0.x = cos(a) */
    float3 r0, r1, r2;
```

```

r1.x = c1.w * a; // normalize input
r1.y = frac( r1.x ); // and extract fraction
r2.x = (float) ( r1.y < c1.x ); // range check: 0.0 to 0.25
r2.yz = (float2) ( r1.yy >= c1.yz ); // range check: 0.75 to 1.0
r2.y = dot( r2, c4.zwz ); // range check: 0.25 to 0.75
r0 = c0.xyz - r1.yyy; // range centering
r0 = r0 * r0;
r1 = c2.xyx * r0 + c2.zwz; // start power series
r1 = r1 * r0 + c3.xyx;
r1 = r1 * r0 + c3.zwz;
r1 = r1 * r0 + c4.xyx;
r1 = r1 * r0 + c4.zwz;
r0.x = dot( r1, -r2 ); // range extract

return r0.x;

```

## PROFILE SUPPORT

**cos** is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

**cos** is supported via an approximation (shown above) in the vs\_1, vp20, and arbvp1 profiles.

**cos** is unsupported in the fp20 and ps\_1 profiles.

## SEE ALSO

the acos manpage, the dot manpage, the frac manpage, the sin manpage, the tan manpage

**NAME**

**cosh** – returns hyperbolic cosine of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   cosh(float a);  
float1  cosh(float2 a);  
float2  cosh(float2 a);  
float3  cosh(float3 a);  
float4  cosh(float4 a);
```

```
half    cosh(half a);  
half1   cosh(half2 a);  
half2   cosh(half2 a);  
half3   cosh(half3 a);  
half4   cosh(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   cosh(fixed a);  
fixed1  cosh(fixed2 a);  
fixed2  cosh(fixed2 a);  
fixed3  cosh(fixed3 a);  
fixed4  cosh(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

*a*            Vector or scalar of which to determine the hyperbolic cosine.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the hyperbolic cosine of *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the hyperbolic cosine of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**cosh** for a scalar **float** could be implemented like this.

```
float cosh(float x)  
{  
    return 0.5 * (exp(x)+exp(-x));  
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**cosh** is supported in all profiles except fp20.

**SEE ALSO**

the acos manpage, the cos manpage, the exp manpage, the sinh manpage, the tanh manpage

**NAME**

**cross** – returns the cross product of two three-component vectors

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float3 cross(float3 a, float3 b);
```

```
half3 cross(half3 a, half3 b);
```

```
fixed3 cross(fixed3 a, fixed3 b);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**a** Three-component vector.

**b** Three-component vector.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the cross product of three-component vectors *a* and *b*. The result is a three-component vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**cross** for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 cross(float3 a, float3 b)
{
    return a.yzx * b.zxy - a.zxy * b.yzx;
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**cross** is supported in all profiles.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

**SEE ALSO**

the dot manpage

**NAME**

**degrees** – converts values of scalars and vectors from radians to degrees

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float  degrees(float  a);
float1 degrees(float1 a);
float2 degrees(float2 a);
float3 degrees(float3 a);
float4 degrees(float4 a);

half   degrees(half   a);
half1  degrees(half1  a);
half2  degrees(half2  a);
half3  degrees(half3  a);
half4  degrees(half4  a);

fixed  degrees(fixed  a);
fixed1 degrees(fixed1 a);
fixed2 degrees(fixed2 a);
fixed3 degrees(fixed3 a);
fixed4 degrees(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**a**           Vector or scalar of which to convert from radians to degrees.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the scalar or vector converted from radians to degrees.

For vectors, the returned vector contains each element of the input vector converted from radians to degrees.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**degrees** for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float degrees(float a)
{
    return 57.29577951 * a;
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**degrees** is supported in all profiles except fp20.

**SEE ALSO**

the cos manpage, the radians manpage, the sin manpage, the tan manpage

**NAME**

**determinant** – returns the scalar determinant of a square matrix

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float determinant(float1x1 A);
float determinant(float2x2 A);
float determinant(float3x3 A);
float determinant(float4x4 A);
```

**PARAMETERS**

A        Square matrix of which to compute the determinant.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the determinant of the square matrix A.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

The various **determinant** functions can be implemented like this:

```
float determinant(float1x1 A)
{
    return A._m00;
}

float determinant(float2x2 A)
{
    return A._m00*A._m11 - A._m01*A._m10;
}

float determinant(float3x3 A)
{
    return dot(A._m00_m01_m02,
               A._m11_m12_m10 * A._m22_m20_m21
               - A._m12_m10_m11 * A._m21_m22_m20);
}

float determinant(float4x4 A) {
    return dot(float4(1,-1,1,-1) * A._m00_m01_m02_m03,
               A._m11_m12_m13_m10*( A._m22_m23_m20_m21*A._m33_m30_m31_m32
                                     - A._m23_m20_m21_m22*A._m32_m33_m30_m31)
               + A._m12_m13_m10_m11*( A._m23_m20_m21_m22*A._m31_m32_m33_m30
                                     - A._m21_m22_m23_m20*A._m33_m30_m31_m32)
               + A._m13_m10_m11_m12*( A._m21_m22_m23_m20*A._m32_m33_m30_m31
                                     - A._m22_m23_m20_m21*A._m31_m32_m33_m30) );
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**determinant** is supported in all profiles. However profiles such as fp20 and the ps\_2 manpage without native floating-point will have problems computing the larger determinants and may have ranges issues computing even small determinants.

**SEE ALSO**

the mul manpage, the transpose manpage

**NAME**

**dot** – returns the scalar dot product of two vectors

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float dot(float a, float b);
float1 dot(float1 a, float1 b);
float2 dot(float2 a, float2 b);
float3 dot(float3 a, float3 b);
float4 dot(float4 a, float4 b);

half dot(half a, half b);
half1 dot(half1 a, half1 b);
half2 dot(half2 a, half2 b);
half3 dot(half3 a, half3 b);
half4 dot(half4 a, half4 b);

fixed dot(fixed a, fixed b);
fixed1 dot(fixed1 a, fixed1 b);
fixed2 dot(fixed2 a, fixed2 b);
fixed3 dot(fixed3 a, fixed3 b);
fixed4 dot(fixed4 a, fixed4 b);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**a** First vector.  
**b** Second vector.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the scalar dot product of two same-typed vectors *a* and *b*.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**dot** for **float4** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float dot(float4 a, float4 b)
{
    return a.x*b.x + a.y*b.y + a.z*b.z + a.w*b.w;
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**dot** is supported in all profiles.

The **fixed3** dot product is very efficient in the fp20 and fp30 profiles.

The **float3** and **float4** dot products are very efficient in the vp20, vp30, vp40, arbvpl, fp30, fp40, and arbfpl profiles.

The **float2** dot product is very efficient in the fp40 profile. In optimal circumstances, two two-component dot products can sometimes be performed at the four-component and three-component dot product rate.

**SEE ALSO**

the cross manpage, the mul manpage

**NAME**

**length** – return scalar Euclidean length of a vector

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float length(float v);  
float length(float1 v);  
float length(float2 v);  
float length(float3 v);  
float length(float4 v);
```

```
half length(half v);  
half length(half1 v);  
half length(half2 v);  
half length(half3 v);  
half length(half4 v);
```

```
fixed length(fixed v);  
fixed length(fixed1 v);  
fixed length(fixed2 v);  
fixed length(fixed3 v);  
fixed length(fixed4 v);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**v**            Vector of which to determine the length.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the Euclidean length of a vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**length** for a **float3** vector could be implemented like this.

```
float length(float3 v)  
{  
    return sqrt(dot(v,v));  
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**length** is supported in all profiles.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

**SEE ALSO**

the max manpage, the normalize manpage, the sqrt manpage, the dot manpage



**NAME**

**max** – returns the maximum of two scalars or each respective component of two vectors

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float  max(float  a, float  b);
float1 max(float1 a, float1 b);
float2 max(float2 a, float2 b);
float3 max(float3 a, float3 b);
float4 max(float4 a, float4 b);

half   max(half   a, half   b);
half1  max(half1  a, half1  b);
half2  max(half2  a, half2  b);
half3  max(half3  a, half3  b);
half4  max(half4  a, half4  b);

fixed  max(fixed  a, fixed  b);
fixed1 max(fixed1 a, fixed1 b);
fixed2 max(fixed2 a, fixed2 b);
fixed3 max(fixed3 a, fixed3 b);
fixed4 max(fixed4 a, fixed4 b);
```

**PARAMETERS**

*a*        Scalar or vector.  
*b*        Scalar or vector.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the maximum of two same-typed scalars *a* and *b* or the respective components of two same-typed vectors *a* and *b*. The result is a three-component vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**max** for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 max(float3 a, float3 b)
{
    return float3(a.x > b.x ? a.x : b.x,
                  a.y > b.y ? a.y : b.y,
                  a.z > b.z ? a.z : b.z);
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**max** is supported in all profiles. **max** is implemented as a compiler built-in.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

**SEE ALSO**

the clamp manpage, the min manpage

**NAME**

**min** – returns the minimum of two scalars or each respective component of two vectors

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float  min(float  a, float  b);
float1 min(float1 a, float1 b);
float2 min(float2 a, float2 b);
float3 min(float3 a, float3 b);
float4 min(float4 a, float4 b);

half   min(half   a, half   b);
half1  min(half1  a, half1  b);
half2  min(half2  a, half2  b);
half3  min(half3  a, half3  b);
half4  min(half4  a, half4  b);

fixed  min(fixed  a, fixed  b);
fixed1 min(fixed1 a, fixed1 b);
fixed2 min(fixed2 a, fixed2 b);
fixed3 min(fixed3 a, fixed3 b);
fixed4 min(fixed4 a, fixed4 b);
```

**PARAMETERS**

*a*        Scalar or vector.  
*b*        Scalar or vector.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the minimum of two same-typed scalars *a* and *b* or the respective components of two same-typed vectors *a* and *b*. The result is a three-component vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**min** for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 min(float3 a, float3 b)
{
    return float3(a.x < b.x ? a.x : b.x,
                  a.y < b.y ? a.y : b.y,
                  a.z < b.z ? a.z : b.z);
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**min** is supported in all profiles. **min** is implemented as a compiler built-in.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

**SEE ALSO**

the clamp manpage, the max manpage

**NAME**

**radians** – converts values of scalars and vectors from degrees to radians

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float  radians(float  a);
float1 radians(float1 a);
float2 radians(float2 a);
float3 radians(float3 a);
float4 radians(float4 a);
```

```
half   radians(half   a);
half1  radians(half1  a);
half2  radians(half2  a);
half3  radians(half3  a);
half4  radians(half4  a);
```

```
fixed  radians(fixed  a);
fixed1 radians(fixed1 a);
fixed2 radians(fixed2 a);
fixed3 radians(fixed3 a);
fixed4 radians(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**a**            Vector or scalar of which to convert from degrees to radians.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the scalar or vector converted from degrees to radians.

For vectors, the returned vector contains each element of the input vector converted from degrees to radians.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**radians** for a **float** scalar could be implemented like this.

```
float radians(float a)
{
    return 0.017453292 * a;
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**radians** is supported in all profiles except fp20.

**SEE ALSO**

the cos manpage, the degrees manpage, the sin manpage, the tan manpage

**NAME**

**reflect** – returns the reflectiton vector given an incidence vector and a normal vector.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float  reflect(float  i, float  n);  
float2 reflect(float2 i, float2 n);  
float3 reflect(float3 i, float3 n);  
float4 reflect(float4 i, float4 n);
```

**PARAMETERS**

*i*           Incidence vector.  
*n*           Normal vector.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the reflectiton vector given an incidence vector *i* and a normal vector *n*. The resulting vector is the identical number of components as the two input vectors.

The normal vector *n* should be normalized. If *n* is normalized, the output vector will have the same length as the input incidence vector *i*.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**reflect** for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 reflect( float3 i, float3 n )  
{  
    return i - 2.0 * n * dot(n,i);  
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**reflect** is supported in all profiles.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

**SEE ALSO**

the dot manpage, the length manpage, the refract manpage

## NAME

**refract** – computes a refraction vector.

## SYNOPSIS

```
fixed3 refract(fixed3 i, fixed3 n, fixed eta);
half3  refract(half3 i, half3 n, half eta);
float3 refract(float3 i, float3 n, float eta);
```

## PARAMETERS

*i*           Incidence vector.  
*n*           Normal vector.  
*eta*         Ratio of indices of refraction at the surface interface.

## DESCRIPTION

Returns a refraction vector given an incidence vector, a normal vector for a surface, and a ratio of indices of refraction at the surface's interface.

The incidence vector *i* and normal vector *n* should be normalized.

## REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

**reflect** for **float3** vectors could be implemented this way:

```
float3 refract( float3 i, float3 n, float eta )
{
    float cosi = dot(-i, n);
    float cost2 = 1.0f - eta * eta * (1.0f - cosi*cosi);
    float3 t = eta*i + ((eta*cosi - sqrt(abs(cost2))) * n);
    return t * (float3)(cost2 > 0);
}
```

## PROFILE SUPPORT

**refract** is supported in all profiles.

Support in the fp20 is limited.

## SEE ALSO

the abs manpage, the cos manpage, the dot manpage, the reflect manpage, the sqrt manpage

**NAME**

**round** – returns the rounded value of scalars or vectors

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float  round(float  a);
float1 round(float1 a);
float2 round(float2 a);
float3 round(float3 a);
float4 round(float4 a);
```

```
half   round(half   a);
half1  round(half1  a);
half2  round(half2  a);
half3  round(half3  a);
half4  round(half4  a);
```

```
fixed  round(fixed  a);
fixed1 round(fixed1 a);
fixed2 round(fixed2 a);
fixed3 round(fixed3 a);
fixed4 round(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

*a*            Scalar or vector.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the rounded value of a scalar or vector.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the rounded value of each element of the input vector.

The round operation returns the nearest integer to the operand. The value returned by *round()* if the fractional portion of the operand is 0.5 is profile dependent. On older profiles without built-in *round()* support, round-to-nearest up rounding is used. On profiles newer than fp40/vp40, round-to-nearest even is used.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**round** for **float** could be implemented this way:

```
// round-to-nearest even profiles
float round(float a)
{
    float x = a + 0.5;
    float f = floor(x);
    if (x == f) {
        if (a > 0)
            r = f - fmod(f, 2);
        else
            r = f + fmod(f, 2);
    }
}

// round-to-nearest up profiles
float round(float a)
{
    return floor(x + 0.5);
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**round** is supported in all profiles except fp20.

**SEE ALSO**

the ceil manpage, the floor manpage, the fmod manpage

## NAME

**saturate** – returns smallest integer not less than a scalar or each vector component.

## SYNOPSIS

```
float   saturate(float x);
float1  saturate(float2 x);
float2  saturate(float2 x);
float3  saturate(float3 x);
float4  saturate(float4 x);
```

```
half    saturate(half x);
half1   saturate(half2 x);
half2   saturate(half2 x);
half3   saturate(half3 x);
half4   saturate(half4 x);
```

```
fixed   saturate(fixed x);
fixed1  saturate(fixed2 x);
fixed2  saturate(fixed2 x);
fixed3  saturate(fixed3 x);
fixed4  saturate(fixed4 x);
```

## PARAMETERS

*x*            Vector or scalar to saturate.

## DESCRIPTION

Returns *x* saturated to the range [0,1] as follows:

- 1) Returns 0 if *x* is less than 0; else
- 2) Returns 1 if *x* is greater than 1; else
- 3) Returns *x* otherwise.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the saturated result of each element of the vector *x* saturated to [0,1].

## REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION

**saturate** for **float** scalars could be implemented like this.

```
float saturate(float x)
{
    return max(0, min(1, x));
}
```

## PROFILE SUPPORT

**saturate** is supported in all profiles.

**saturate** is very efficient in the fp20, fp30, and fp40 profiles.

## SEE ALSO

the clamp manpage, the max manpage, the min manpage



**NAME**

**sin** – returns sine of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   sin(float a);
float1  sin(float2 a);
float2  sin(float2 a);
float3  sin(float3 a);
float4  sin(float4 a);

half    sin(half a);
half1   sin(half2 a);
half2   sin(half2 a);
half3   sin(half3 a);
half4   sin(half4 a);

fixed   sin(fixed a);
fixed1  sin(fixed2 a);
fixed2  sin(fixed2 a);
fixed3  sin(fixed3 a);
fixed4  sin(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

**a**            Vector or scalar of which to determine the sine.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the sine of *a* in radians. The return value is in the range  $[-1,+1]$ .

For vectors, the returned vector contains the sine of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**sin** is best implemented as a native sine instruction, however **sin** for a **float** scalar could be implemented by an approximation like this.

```
float sin(float a)
{
    /* C simulation gives a max absolute error of less than 1.8e-7 */
    float4 c0 = float4( 0.0,          0.5,          1.0,          0.0
    float4 c1 = float4( 0.25,         -9.0,          0.75,          0.15915494309
    float4 c2 = float4( 24.9808039603, -24.9808039603, -60.1458091736, 60.1458091736
    float4 c3 = float4( 85.4537887573, -85.4537887573, -64.9393539429, 64.9393539429
    float4 c4 = float4( 19.7392082214, -19.7392082214, -1.0,          1.0

    /* r0.x = sin(a) */
    float3 r0, r1, r2;
```

```

    r1.x = c1.w * a - c1.x;           // only difference from cos!
    r1.y = frac( r1.x );              // and extract fraction
    r2.x = (float) ( r1.y < c1.x );    // range check: 0.0 to 0.25
    r2.yz = (float2) ( r1.yy >= c1.yz ); // range check: 0.75 to 1.0
    r2.y = dot( r2, c4.zwz );          // range check: 0.25 to 0.75
    r0 = c0.xyz - r1.yyy;              // range centering
    r0 = r0 * r0;
    r1 = c2.xyx * r0 + c2.zwz;          // start power series
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c3.xyx;
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c3.zwz;
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c4.xyx;
    r1 = r1 * r0 + c4.zwz;
    r0.x = dot( r1, -r2 );             // range extract

    return r0.x;
}

```

## PROFILE SUPPORT

**sin** is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

**sin** is supported via an approximation (shown above) in the vs\_1, vp20, and arbvpl profiles.

**sin** is unsupported in the fp20 and ps\_1 profiles.

## SEE ALSO

the asin manpage, the cos manpage, the dot manpage, the frac manpage, the tan manpage

**NAME**

**sinh** – returns hyperbolic sine of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   sinh(float a);  
float1  sinh(float2 a);  
float2  sinh(float2 a);  
float3  sinh(float3 a);  
float4  sinh(float4 a);
```

```
half    sinh(half a);  
half1   sinh(half2 a);  
half2   sinh(half2 a);  
half3   sinh(half3 a);  
half4   sinh(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   sinh(fixed a);  
fixed1  sinh(fixed2 a);  
fixed2  sinh(fixed2 a);  
fixed3  sinh(fixed3 a);  
fixed4  sinh(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

*a*            Vector or scalar of which to determine the hyperbolic sine.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the hyperbolic sine of *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the hyperbolic sine of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**sinh** for a scalar **float** could be implemented like this.

```
float sinh(float x)  
{  
    return 0.5 * (exp(x)-exp(-x));  
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**sinh** is supported in all profiles except fp20.

**SEE ALSO**

the acos manpage, the cos manpage, the cosh manpage, the exp manpage, the tanh manpage

**NAME**

**tan** – returns tangent of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   tan(float a);
float1  tan(float2 a);
float2  tan(float2 a);
float3  tan(float3 a);
float4  tan(float4 a);
```

```
half    tan(half a);
half1   tan(half2 a);
half2   tan(half2 a);
half3   tan(half3 a);
half4   tan(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   tan(fixed a);
fixed1  tan(fixed2 a);
fixed2  tan(fixed2 a);
fixed3  tan(fixed3 a);
fixed4  tan(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

*a*            Vector or scalar of which to determine the tangent.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the tangent of *a* in radians.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the tangent of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**tan** can be implemented in terms of the **sin** and **cos** functions like this:

```
float tan(float a) {
    float s, c;
    sincos(a, s, c);
    return s / c;
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**tan** is fully supported in all profiles unless otherwise specified.

**tan** is supported via approximations of **sin** and **cos** functions (see the respective sin and cos manual pages for details) in the vs\_1, vp20, and arbvpl profiles.

**tan** is unsupported in the fp20 and ps\_1 profiles.

**SEE ALSO**

the atan manpage, the atan2 manpage, the cos manpage, the dot manpage, the frac manpage, the sin manpage, the sincos manpage

**NAME**

**tanh** – returns hyperbolic tangent of scalars and vectors.

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float   tanh(float a);
float1  tanh(float2 a);
float2  tanh(float2 a);
float3  tanh(float3 a);
float4  tanh(float4 a);
```

```
half    tanh(half a);
half1   tanh(half2 a);
half2   tanh(half2 a);
half3   tanh(half3 a);
half4   tanh(half4 a);
```

```
fixed   tanh(fixed a);
fixed1  tanh(fixed2 a);
fixed2  tanh(fixed2 a);
fixed3  tanh(fixed3 a);
fixed4  tanh(fixed4 a);
```

**PARAMETERS**

*a*            Vector or scalar of which to determine the hyperbolic tangent.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the hyperbolic tangent of *a*.

For vectors, the returned vector contains the hyperbolic tangent of each element of the input vector.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**tanh** for a scalar **float** could be implemented like this.

```
float tanh(float x)
{
    float exp2x = exp(2*x);
    return (exp2x - 1) / (exp2x + 1);
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**tanh** is supported in all profiles except fp20.

**SEE ALSO**

the atan manpage, the atan2 manpage, the cosh manpage, the exp manpage, the sinh manpage, the tan manpage

**NAME**

**transpose** – returns transpose matrix of a matrix

**SYNOPSIS**

```
float4x4 transpose(float4x4 A)
float3x4 transpose(float4x3 A)
float2x4 transpose(float4x2 A)
float1x4 transpose(float4x1 A)

float4x3 transpose(float3x4 A)
float3x3 transpose(float3x3 A)
float2x3 transpose(float3x2 A)
float1x3 transpose(float3x1 A)

float4x2 transpose(float2x4 A)
float3x2 transpose(float2x3 A)
float2x2 transpose(float2x2 A)
float1x2 transpose(float2x1 A)

float4x1 transpose(float1x4 A)
float3x1 transpose(float1x3 A)
float2x1 transpose(float1x2 A)
float1x1 transpose(float1x1 A)
```

**PARAMETERS**

A        Matrix to tranpose.

**DESCRIPTION**

Returns the transpose of the matrix A.

**REFERENCE IMPLEMENTATION**

**transpose** for a **float4x3** matrix can be implemented like this:

```
float4x3 transpose(float3x4 A)
{
    float4x3 C;

    C[0] = A._m00_m10_m20;
    C[1] = A._m01_m11_m21;
    C[2] = A._m02_m12_m22;
    C[3] = A._m03_m13_m23;

    return C;
}
```

**PROFILE SUPPORT**

**transpose** is supported in all profiles.

**SEE ALSO**

the determinant manpage, the mul manpage